Weather
Overcast. The maximum temperature yesterday was 57.9 and the minimum 43.3, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 60.1 and 48.0.

The China Press
大陸報

The Mail Box
MAILS for America-Europe, Str. Ecuador, Dec. 4.
FOR Europe and way ports, Str. Somali, Dec. 3.
FROM America and Europe, Str. Empress of Russia, Dec. 4.
FROM Europe and way ports, Str. Amazone, Dec. 2.

NO. 2856 VOL IX. Registered at the Chinese P. O. for transmission "with special marks privileges in China" 庚申年十月十九日 SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1920 大正四年 第三種郵便物認可 20 CENTS

R.V.F. AGENCIES AGAIN IN CLASH AS SHIP ARRIVES

Old Office Makes Attempt To Obtain Steamer Astrakhan's Papers

CAPTAIN REMAINS FIRM

Recognises Only New Agents; Will Report To Foreign Bureau Monday

The controversy between the old and new managements of the Russian Volunteer Fleet blazed up again yesterday with the arrival from Vladivostok and Chefoo of the Fleet's steamer Astrakhan.

The ship, in charge of Captain Sowak, arrived here shortly after noon and was visited immediately by representatives of the old and the new agencies. Mr. W. S. Goddard of the old office approached the Captain and asked for the ship's papers. Captain Sowak declined to deliver them, stating that he was under orders from the Vladivostok Administration to report only to the offices of the China Commercial Development Company, which has been constituted the local agency by the directorate in Vladivostok. The ship was also visited, on arrival, by Mr. L. Fred Patstone, of the China Commercial Development Company.

COMES WITH WARRANT

Early in the afternoon Mr. Goddard returned to the vessel, accompanied by one of the former Russian vice-consuls and representatives of the Municipal and Harbor police. Armed with a warrant they boarded the ship and the representative of the old agency demanded that the papers be turned over to him.

While nothing definite could be learned last night of the character of the warrant, it is believed that it was issued by the local Russian authorities and sent to the Senior Consul for endorsement. It is said that the claims of a local shipyard in connection with repairs done to some of the Fleet's ships—ships seized by the Feodoroff faction—were urged in connection with the issuance of the order.

TURNS DOWN OLD AGENTS

Captain Sowak explained that his orders would not permit so doing, whereupon Mr. Goddard called upon the police to witness that the captain was acting in defiance of local orders. Captain Sowak entered the contention that as it was Saturday afternoon and all offices were closed it would be better to wait until Monday, when he could take the matter up with the Chinese Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, to whom the new administration has been submitting the problem on its occurrence previously—as in the instance of the Stavropol's arrival several weeks ago.

With this the backers of the old regime had to be content and thus the matter rests until tomorrow, when the ship's documents will be delivered to the Bureau of Foreign Affairs. This was done by the new agency on the arrival of the Stavropol, the vessel thereupon being allowed to discharge cargo—on the putting up of a bond of Tls. 10,000 with the Customs—and to clear port.

NO TROUBLE AT CHEFOO

Both the Stavropol and the Astrakhan called at Chefoo, handled cargo there and cleared without difficulty, the new agency and the Foreign Commissioner handling the papers. It is stated that before the ships left Vladivostok the matter of their entrance and clearance of Chinese ports was taken up with Peking by the new Vladivostok Administration, of which Capt. D. A. Lukhmanoff is head, and assurances were given that the ships of the Fleet should encounter no difficulties in China ports.

No further word has reached here concerning the Simbirsk, which was seized when it sailed from Nagasaki early this month by the agents of the old regime, headed by Nicholas Feodoroff, former Russian Consul and Fleet representative at Tsuruga. The ship, with a crew composed largely of Japanese, was intended to be sailed to Constantinople, where the old administration aims to establish headquarters. The Simbirsk, so far as is known here, is still in Kobe.

Six Million Part Cost Of U.S. Shave

(Reuter's Service)

New York, Nov. 26.—Mr. Richard Colgate head of the Colgate shaving soap concern disposed in his will of an estate of nearly $6,000,000.

Famous Driver, Killed In Race, Planned To Quit

Gaston Chevrolet

GASTON Chevrolet, winner of the 1920 automobile racing championship, who was killed at Los Angeles on Thanksgiving Day, is the second of his family to meet death while driving in a speedway classic. A year ago last May, Albert Chevrolet, his brother was killed at the Indianaoplis speedway when the car in which he was driving turned turtle, burying him beneath the wreckage.

The Chevrolet family was probably the most famous in American automobile racing history. Of French-Swiss descent, they came to the United States many years ago. The eldest brother, Louis, soon gained fame as a member of the great Buick racing team which included Bob Burman, who was killed at Corona, California, in 1916; Cliff Durant, son of the President of the General Motors Corporation, and Barney Oldfield. Louis quit the racing game three years ago

The three Chevrolet brothers designed the first Chevrolet automobile, subsequently selling out their holdings to the General Motors Corporation, which manufactures the cars at present.

After selling the Chevrolet company to the General Motors Albert and Gaston Chevrolet took up racing and soon became as famous as their elder brother.

Gaston gained the greater honors. For two years he traveled with Earl Cooper and Louis Disbrow, competing in many cities under the management of Messrs. Max and Leon Friedman, who are now in business in Shanghai. Ruth Law, the aviatrix, was also under the management of the Friedman Brothers at the time and races between an airplane and a racing automobile featured the programs.

Gaston Chevrolet's last great victory was on May 30 last when he drove a Frontenac car to world's record time at the Memorial Day races held at the Indianapolis Speedway. He specialised in speedway racing but when the war came it saw the passing of all speedways except the ones at Uniontown, Pa., Los Angeles and Indianapolis. On the dirt track he broke every world's record from one mile to fifty.

He won the championship for 1920 at the 50-mile speedway in Uniontown and the Memorial Day race at Indianapolis.

This was to be his last year of racing, he declared after his victory at Indianapolis.

"I only want to win the Thanksgiving Day event at Los Angeles and then I will retire as the champion," he said on May 31.

AGENTS HERE DENY REPORTED WRECK

Cable From Amoy Tells Of Kwangtah's Safety; Rumors Scouted

Rumors current here yesterday that the China Merchants' steamer Kwangtah, bound from Shanghai for Hongkong, was wrecked are denied by the agents at Shanghai. A cable received by the agents said that she arrived in Amoy Thursday evening and sailed for Hongkong on Friday noon.

Woman Is To Be Given Position By New Administration

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, Nov. 23.—It is stated that, in recognition of the part played by women in the recent elections, president-elect Harding intends to ask Congress to create a new portfolio of Education, and appoint a woman as head of the department. It is possible that Mrs. Harriet Tupton, of Ohio, will be offered the post.

CHITA RULED BY REDS, REPORT IS TO VLADIVOSTOK

Searches, Terror And Hunger Prevail Under Present Regime, Say Envoys

PLAN ELECTION

Peking To Be Asked Right To Take Ballot Along Railway

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Vladivostok, Nov. 26.—Interesting details of the situation at Chita are furnished in the statement of the Vladivostok delegates who have returned here.

"Krasnoschekoff," they assert, "is ruling despotically with a Government which he had formed before our arrival at Chita. During our sojourn we were closely watched, and were not allowed to communicate with Vladivostok.

"Bolshevik methods are dominating Chita including searches, terror and hunger. Tradesmen have closed their places of business rather than accept the currency which has been issued.

PEOPLE DISSATISFIELD

"Requisitioning has been adopted, and is carried out by special columns of Hungarians and Chinese."

The delegates add that the population and the army are dissatisfied as only the commanding positions are held by Communists, the rank and file being non-Bolshevists.

Their statement is causing consternation here as the impression is gaining ground that it will be necessary to maintain the independence of Priamur pending a general election.

TROOPS DISARMED

Harbin, Nov. 26.—General Semenoff is proceeding to Hailar direct from Grodekovo. His troops have been disarmed save for a portion who have declined, but who, it is understood, will be disarmed at Hailar.

The Chita Government intends to apply to Peking for permission to organise the election to the Constituent Assembly among the Russians along the Chinese-Eastern Railway.

It is understood that the organisation of the local elections will be deputed to a Workmen's Conference.

BOMB OUTRAGES

The bombing of the newspaper Zaria's offices here was closely followed by an attempt to bomb the building of the United

(Continued on Page 4)

HARDING PLANS CONFERENCE ON NATIONS' LEAGUE

President-elect To Ask Veteran Senators For Their Views

BAR ESPERANTO

Japanese Deny Intention To Attempt Proposal Of Hybrid Tongue

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, Nov. 26.—When President-elect Harding, who is now visiting the Panama Canal zone, returns from his southern trip, he proposes to confer with Senators Reed, Pomerene, Shields, Borah, Lodge, Knox, Poindexter and Johnson and possibly with Mr. Hoover regarding the League of Nations. The conference will probably begin at Marion about December 10.

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 26.—According to a statement published in the Eclair the Japanese delegation to the League of Nations Assembly denies that it ever thought of suggesting Esperanto as the official language of the League.

(Reuter's Service)

OFFICIAL REPORT

Bordeaux, November 26 (by Wireless to Koukaza).—The following is the text of an official French report of today's proceedings of the Assembly of the League of Nations at Geneva:

"The Council of the League of Nations met this morning, and discussed the constitution of the permanent Mandates Commission which will be charged with the duty of receiving and examining the annual reports of the mandatory Powers, and advising the Council on all matters concerning the exercise of the mandates.

"The Council decided that the Commission should comprise nine members, five of whom should be representatives of non-mandatory Powers, and the other four of mandatory Powers. Ways questions regarding the exercise of the mandate of any particular Power are discussed by the Commission, a representative of that Power will attend the sitting in a consultative capacity.

LABOR PROBLEMS

"In all matters affecting labor organisation in mandated territories, the Commission will consult a duly accredited representa-

(Continued on Page 7)

A REMARKABLE picture showing Yen Jui-sung, principal in the murder of Lien Yin, noted sing song girl, on his way to execution for the crime last Wednesday. Yen is seen sitting in a ricsha with the cross on his forehead.

Yen murdered the sing song entertainer, on May 18, in order to rob her of her jewelry, which was valued at $6,000. Under the pretext that he wanted Lien Yin to sing, he drove her out into the Hungjao Road district and killed her with the assistance of two accomplices. One of the accomplices was executed on the same day.

Japanese Kill Korean Non-Combatants On Chinese Soil, Charge

Victims Trapped And Executed By Troops Equipped With Machine Guns, Says Foreign Correspondent In Article

(Reuter's Service)

Shanghai, Nov. 27.—Reuter's has received the following communication from a foreign correspondent of high standing in Manchuria. He states that he can personally vouch for its accuracy:

"On October 23 a force of 500 Japanese infantry, equipped with machine guns and field guns, left Mukden to proceed to the prefectures east of Mukden. They detrained at Fushun whence they marched east and reached the prefectural center of Hingking on Friday, October 29.

"From there they sent invitations to Koreans in the place, and surrounding district to repair to Hingking for Sunday, October 31, to keep the Japanese dynastic festival. Among those who responded in good faith to the invitation were nine Korean Christian Church leaders and others from Wangsingmen. These went as far as Tungchangtai, 25 li east of Hingking where they were arrested by Japanese soldiers and incarcerated.

USE FIELD PHONES

"Meanwhile the bulk of the Japanese soldiery remained at Hingking, the Chinese prefect of which place was absent on business at Mukden.

"The whole place was wired with field telephones which radiated from the Prefectural Yamen.

The festival on October 31 was celebrated with sports and oration and a feast, which one member of each Japanese and each Korean family was expected to attend.

"On Monday November 1, the force left Hingking early in the morning.

"Later in the day the prisoners left at Tungchangtai were taken some miles to the east where they were put to death without any pretence of trial. They were killed by sword or bayonet thrust through neck or breast or abdomen. The killed included three Korean Church elders and two school-teachers.

CHURCHES BURNED

"The same day one of the Korean churches in the district was burned down with everything it contained. Two days later another church nearby was smashed to bits. The Japanese soldiers had proposed to burn it, but desisted on the representations of Chinese, who pointed out that fire would endanger the whole village, the population of which is preponderatingly Chinese.

"The following day, November 4, another church was burned down. Bibles and hymn-books were sought out and burned and also the local Korean pastor's books and note-books. Eight were arrested at the place just mentioned six of whom were done to death near the next considerable place along the road in much the same manner as has been described above. Of the six, two were elders of the Korean Church and one was a school-teacher.

"Some of the Korean Christian leaders killed, so far from being implicated in the Korean independence movement, had notoriously no strong political proposessions. The names of the places referred to are known to your correspondent along with other details of the circumstances described above.

"It only remains to add that the deeds were done on what is undoubtedly Chinese territory, in entire disregard of China's sovereignty. It is scarcely necessary to indicate what the feelings of the Chinese are in regard to the matters."

CLEVER ATTEMPT AT BANK FRAUDS COMES TO LIGHT

Checks Presented Against Falsely Chopped Clearing Orders Of Local Banks

An ingenious attempt to defraud a number of local banks of considerable sums of money was disclosed Friday following the arrest of a Chinese who tried to cash a check at the Ningpo Bank on Ningpo Road. The man was haled into the Mixed Court on the charge of trying to obtain money on a falsely chopped check.

According to evidence adduced, the arrested man appears to have been only the tool of a wiser head, or of a clique of defraudders. It developed that on the morning of the man's arrest a Chinese had gone around to the Ningpo Bank, the Bank of China, the Bank of Communications and the Yokohama Specie Bank and deposited native bank clearing orders for amounts which were respectively Tls. 1,500, Tls. 2,500, Tls. 2,500 and Tls. 3,100. The orders were chopped with false chops of banks in the Ningpo Road district.

In the afternoon men appeared at all of the banks to draw against the deposits. At the Yokohama Specie Bank a draft for Yen 5,000 was secured on Osaka. At the Bank of China and Bank of Communications the man presenting the check was told that the orders had not yet been cleared and he was asked to return later. He did not return. At the Ningpo Bank a man—the defendant in the Mixed Court action—presented a check for $760. The bank employes here were suspicious and had him arrested.

When questioned by the police the man stated that he had been asked to present the check by one Tsang Kwei-ling. It is this man whom the police believe to have been the original depositor of the clearing orders and search is being made for him.

The only chance for loss in the matter is in connection with the Japanese draft and notification has been made to all branch agencies by the Yokohama Specie Bank.

The Mixed Court action was remanded until next Friday.

New England Lines Are Threatened By Financial Crisis

(Reuter's Service)

Washington, Nov. 26.—Counsel for four new England railways has informed the Inter-State Commerce Commission that, failing immediate financial relief, a receiver must shortly be appointed for most if not all of the companies in question.

MINISTER CRANE TOURING SHANSI WITH BIG PARTY

(Staff Wire To THE CHINA PRESS)

Peking, Nov. 27.—Mr. Charles R. Crane, the United States Minister, accompanied by his Chinese secretary, Mr. Peck; his private secretary, Captain Brodie; his son, John; Captain Stanley Hornbeck and Mr. Galley, the Y.M.C.A. secretary left last night for Shansi in a private car. They will spend a fortnight in that province to investigate the social, economic and famine conditions.

The Diplomatic Corps today addressed a note to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, rejecting the request of China to release the customs surplus apportioned to the Southwest for the purpose of paying the interest on the first year domestic bonds payable on December 1.

The American Legation, however, is disposed to accept China's proposal subject to the proper supervision of the payment of the interest.

It is understood that China has drafted a third note regarding the Southern customs surplus, requesting a loan equivalent to the amount of the surplus pending the final settlement of the entire issue. The notes state that many foreigners hold first year bonds.

RUSSIANS CUT OFF PEACE NEGOTIATIONS WITH POLISH FORCES

(Reuter's Service)

Moscow, Nov. 25.—The Soviet has suspended the peace negotiations with Poland at Riga, alleging that the Poles have not withdrawn their troops to the Pripet delimitation line as fixed in the peace preliminaries.

It is stated that the Soviet representative at Kovno has informed the Lithuanian Government that the Bolsheviks will be obliged to reoccupy Vilna.

Greek Queen Will Address Parliament

(Reuter's Service)

Athens, Nov. 25.—The new Premier, M. Rhallys, announces that the Greek Parliament will meet on December 8. It will be opened with a speech by Queen Mother Olga.

New Yorker Is To Design Louvain 'U'

(Reuter's Service)

New York, Nov. 25.—Mr. Whitney Warren, a well known new York architect, has been appointed to rebuild the University of Louvain.

SCANDAL DRIVES MAYOR OF TOKIO OUT OF OFFICE

Viscount Takiri Declares His Administration Program Has Been Upset

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, November 26.—The Mayor of Tokio has tendered his resignation on the score of age and of responsibility in connection with the recently disclosed municipal scandal.

Mr. Kato, the chairman of the Municipal Council, and the two Assistant Mayors have also resigned.

Viscount Takiri in a statement to the press, said that his plans for the administration of the city had been frustrated, and that the resultant deadlock rendered his position as Mayor untenable.

Deposed Tuchun Of Hunan At Hankow

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Hankow, November 26.—Ten Yen-kai, the Tuchun of Hunan, has arrived at the foreign settlement here.

EDITORS PUT ON TRIAL BY ARMY COURT IN DUBLIN

First Military Prosecutions Of Newspapers Are Begun

DEPLORE MURDER

Compromise Measure Is Urged By Curzon In Upper House

(Reuter's Service)

London, Nov. 24.—The first military prosecution of an Irish newspaper was begun today in Dublin, when two directors, Messrs. Fitzgerald and Edwards, and the editor, Mr. Hooper, of the Freeman's Journal, were court-martialled on a charge of publishing false reports, calculated to cause disaffection.

The charge arose from the publication on September 16 of a story that two policemen who were shot at Tullow had been murdered by the "Black and Tans," police auxiliaries, for having resigned from the force. The trial is proceeding.

London, Nov. 25.—On the resumption of the second-reading debate on the Home Rule Bill in the House of Lords today, Lord Midleton emphasised the universal condemnation of the bill in the south of Ireland.

TO SAFEGUARD SOUTH

The Government was pledged to safeguard the South as well as Ulster, and the bill, he contended, did not contain a vestige of vindication of these pledges. He considered that the Government would meet with certain defeat in the South and West at present, and he therefore moved the adjournment of the debate for a fortnight, in order that the Government should negotiate further with those who represented these regions.

Lord Dunraven and Lord Crewe supported the motion for the adjournment.

Lord Curzon declared that if fiscal autonomy were given the Sinn Fein would not accept it. He believed that Ulster would work the bill, and show that Irishmen could govern themselves. If a real proposal for fiscal autonomy for a united Ireland and a single Parliament were forthcoming from a body competent to speak for the majority of Ireland, they would go a long way to meet it.

NATIONAL COUNCIL

In this connection, Lord Curzon pointed out that machinery was provided in the bill whereby such a request could be made, in the shape of a National Council.

Lord Midleton's motion was rejected by 177 votes to 91, and Lord Dunraven's motion for the

(Continued on Page 2)

Christmas Money!

An Interesting Contest For Children

THE CHINA PRESS wants some short stories for its forthcoming Christmas numbers, December 17 and 19 and it wants them from children between the ages of 10 and 16. Here are the details:

The children are to be separated into two classes, Junior and Senior.

Junior: Children 10, 11 and 12 years old.

Senior: Children 13, 14, 15 and 16 years old.

In the Junior Class the stories must run from 500 to 1,000 words.

In the Senior Class the stories must run from 700 to 1,500 words.

The prizes in each class will be the same:

First Prize $25: Second Prize $15: Third Prize $10.

All the stories must be in THE CHINA PRESS office by noon, Wednesday, December 8.

Contestants, therefore, are not given very much time and those intending to compete are urged to get busy at once.

The stories must be written on one side of the paper, must be in ink and must be legible. Of course if any of the contestants have typewriters they may use them.

The stories must have something to do with Christmas, and the scene must be laid in China. Anecdotes are not wanted. This is a short story contest, a fiction contest. Each story must have characters and a plot.

In addition to the prizes offered, a total of $100, THE CHINA PRESS will pay $5 each for all other stories used.

A WORD TO PARENTS: If your children have shown any inclination towards literature, try them out in this contest. It is not only a Christmas Money Contest. It is of distinct educational value.

$100 In Prizes

River Steamer Kiang-An Launched At Pootung Yards

Vessel Built By Shanghai Dock And Engineering Company To Fly China Merchants' Flag

As a salvo of cheers rose from a massed gathering of Chinese and from the group of foreign guests at the Pootung shipyard of the Shanghai Dock and Engineering Company yesterday afternoon the new river steamer Kiang-An sped down the ways and ploughed its way out upon the waters of the Whangpoo. The new vessel, built for service under the flag of the China Merchants Steam Navigation Company, was christened by Mrs. T. W. Stedman, daughter of Captain W. H. Lunt, Marine Superintendent of the China Merchants company, who helped supervise the construction work.

Following the launching Mr. John Prentice, managing director of shipyard company, presided at the brief ceremony of celebration that was held in a meeting room of one of the company's buildings. He gave the first toast, telling something of the building of the new steamer and of others for the China Merchants and proposing good fortune for the boat and her owners. In expressing thanks to Mrs. Stedman he made the presentation to her of a handsome gold bag.

Captain Lunt responded to Mr. Prentice's address and he was followed by Mr. Foo Siao-en. Both proposed the continued success of the Shanghai Dock and Engineering Company. Mr. W. S. Burns then spoke briefly in reply.

THE NEW STEAMER

The Kiang-An was designed as a passenger and cargo steamer for service on the Yangtsze and, in many respects, is like the Kiang Hsin built by the Dock Company some years ago for the same owners. She is fitted with special ports and cargo facilities for the rapid loading and discharging of cargo and her passenger accommodation is large and luxuriously finished. She measures 340 feet long by 47 feet moulded breadth and 24 feet 6 inches moulded to upper deck and carries 2,150 tons deadweight cargo on a draft of 12 feet 6 inches mean.

The Chinese saloons and passenger accommodation are placed on the upper deck and consist of large first class saloons and state rooms for 28 first class and 40 second class passengers forward and 24 second class and 164 third class aft. The petty officers and crew are comfortably placed in the forecastle and the compradores staff and other supernumeries are placed amidships.

OTHER DETAILS

On the deck above the upper deck is placed the first class European accommodation consisting of a large and luxuriously appointed saloon forward and state rooms for 16 passengers, the officers and engineers are comfortably placed amidships and the after end of the deck, is occupied by a saloon and state rooms for 56 second class passengers.

The deck above the European accommodation is arranged for navigating purposes with large wheel house and spacious rooms for the captains and pilots

The propelling machinery of about 3,000 indicated horse power, built in the Dock Company's workshops, consists of two independent sets of triple expansion surface condensing engines each fitted with the usual pumps and direct acting steam and oil reversing gear, while steam is generated in two large cylindrical multitubular boilers fitted with Howden's forced draft and designed for a working pressure of 180 lbs. per square inch and an auxiliary boiler of the same working pressure for general service.

FITTINGS OF VESSEL

The auxiliary machinery includes independent centrifugal circulating pumps, Weir's type feed and general service pumps and feed heater, Weir's two large steam driven dynamos, ballast pumps, sanitary pumps, two large steam driven dynamos for lighting and fans, steam steering gear, steam windlass, steam capstan aft and other fittings as usual in a steamer of this class.

The construction of the vessel has been superintended by Captain W. H. Lunt, and Dr. Gavin Wallace the owner's superintendent.

After the launch the Kiang-An was towed to the Dock Company's International Dock sheerlegs to have her boilers and engines placed on board and will return in a few days to the Pootung Works for completion.

The vacated building berth will be immediately occupied for the construction of a large steel 3,000 ton cargo hulk building to the order of the Indo-China Steam Navigation Co. for service on the Yangtsze while two of the building berths alongside are presently to be occupied by steel twin-screw steamers much the same size as the Kiang-An and for the same owners.

EDITORS ARE PUT ON TRIAL

rejection of the bill defeated by 164 votes to 75. The second reading was then adopted.

London, Nov. 25.—The mutiny in the Connaught Rangers, the punishments in connection with which have just been announced occurred at Jullundur in June. Certain men refused to go on duty, on the ground of the alleged wrongs inflicted on Ireland, and Sinn Fein flags were hoisted at the barracks. The Court of Inquiry found that the outbreak had been prearranged.

MURDERS REPORTED

The War Office announces that during October seven officers and six soldiers were murdered in Ireland, while seven officers and Ireland, while seven officers and 20 soldiers were wounded. This makes a total of 32 killed and 88 wounded up to the end of last month.

The chief engineer of the Manchester Corporation has declared that it has been discovered that the passes used by Sinn Fein spies for the purposes of planning the destruction of the power-station were obtained and used in October through an innocent employe, at the request of two women, who are known to the police. Last week-end was an anxious time for all the station. All possible defensive precautions have now been taken.

ROCKEFELLER MEMORIAL

(*Reuter's Service*)

New York, Nov. 25.—Mr. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., announces that his father has provided nearly $64,000,000 towards the Laura Rockefeller Memorial, established in memory of his wife, who died in 1915. Mr. Rockefeller's total benefactions amount to nearly half a billion dollars.

THE BARGAIN STORE

288-290 North Szechuen Road, (Near Boone Road)

and

105 Szechuen Road, (Near Jinkee Road)

We offer you greatly reduced prices on the following goods at either of our stores:

Ladies' woollen slip-overs
Silk and cotton sweaters
Children's Sweaters

Quilts, blankets, underwear for gents, ladies and children.

Gentlemen's shirts, caps, gloves, stockings, socks.

These are all such good lines which have just been received, and a call will convince you that we are really marking all goods at rock-bottom prices.

33914

Will Head China Silk Delegation To N. Y. Exposition

MR. TING JU-LING

Below are the four associate delegates to the exposition, Messrs. Chang Au-ching, Pih Kan-hiu, Mei Chung-chu and Wu Sun-pah.

Mr. Ting Ju-ling, who will head the Chinese delegation to the International Silk Exposition to be held in New York in February, is a native of Changchow, Kiangsu, and is 53 years old. He has been in the silk business for over 30 years.

He is owner of the Yung Yue Silk Filature, Ting Yue Silk Hong and the Tseng Yi Silk Filature and is acting as compradore for two foreign silk firms. He has been serving as committeeman of the Shanghai Silk and Cocoon Merchants' Guild and is one of the most active members of the International Society for the Improvement of Sericulture.

He speaks English and French.

FRENCH PRIZES AWARDED

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, November 26.—The Academie Francaise, at its annual public meeting, distributed 90 prizes of 25,000 francs each, from the Cognacq Endowment, M. Poincare presided, and delivered the customary address.

Smiles from the Mixed Court

In ye ancient days, when knights were bold, and all that sort of thing, it was considered not only fashionable but highly prudent to go about with a Bessemer knit undershirt, or a waistcoat of four-ply boilerplate concealed beneath one's ordinary costume. Nowadays, however, the practice has gone entirely out of the mode and persons reverting to it are regarded askance by folks who keep abreast of the fashions.

Thus it came about that Detective Siau Dien bent his notice upon Wong Hung-foh and Tsang Tsosung as they were coming along the Yangtzepoo Road at a late hour a night or so ago. Tsang and Wong were all right so far as outward appearances went, but as they walked they sounded like a couple of active members of the late King Arthur's athletic association starting out for a hard day's grailing. The detective decided that the matter called for investigation. He ordered the two to divest themselves of their long gowns, whereupon they stood forth resplendent in shimmering swathings of sheet tin. Tsang and Wong collectively totaled 29 sheets of the stuff which was later found to have vanished from the B. A. T. godown in Pootung.

The defendants swore in Court that they had purchased the tin legitimately from a stranger, but had no remarks to offer regarding their novel method for carrying it home. The court issued an order for four weeks' jailing, to be divided evenly between them.

COLD WEATHER NOTE

Some day some erudite party will write a thesis demonstrating the effect of the seasons upon human morality, if it hasn't already been done. At any rate anyone partial to the theory that the advent of cool weather is conducive to a general weakening of the stanchions of rectitude can get a corroborative testimonial from Zung Kung-pau.

Several days ago, on a particularly snappy morning, Zung called at the shop of Ts Ts-min, who sells stoves on Shanse Road. Zung had all the appearances of a prosperous gentleman taking thought of an impending hard winter and carried out the illusion by selecting three of the best metal heaters in stock. These he ordered sent to an address on Tiendong Road. When the coolies arrived Zung asked them to trundle the stoves inside and, afterward, to wait just outside the door for a moment while he went to his locker and withdrew the money to pay the bill. The coolies waited so long that the policeman on the beat began to eye them suspiciously and then entered the place and found that Zung and the stoves had effectually disappeared. Nor did the neighbors know anything of either.

A couple of days later Zung dropped into the shop of Ng Yien-tsoong, on Haining Road, and delighted that worthy merchant by selecting two expensive stoves from his stock. A coolie transported them to an address on the Chinese Bund, where he also did a lot of waiting and eventually made the discovery that the customer and heating plant had ebbed away through some obscure channel.

And just when it looked as though Zung were all set to say pooh-pooh to the icy blast through the succeeding months, one of the coolies who had helped deliver the first batch of stoves met the purchaser on the street—and hastily introduced him to a policeman.

Zung admitted his mania for collecting stoves when questioned in court and the Court arranged to save him a lot of money on fuel this winter—and next. It will be balmy May of 1922 when Zung finds himself exposed to the elements again and at that time it will be suggested to him that the climate outside of Shanghai is a good deal more salubrious and suitable to his health.

ANOTHER BAD INVESTMENT

Kiung Lao-san was clambering aboard a tramcar on Seward Road when a gust of wind took a sudden fancy for his hat and clutched it from his head. Kiung descended from the car and looked about but could see nothing of the missing headgear. Noting Wong Siau-iz, who was standing in the shafts of his idle ricsha nearby, the roofless one inquired if the coolie had seen anything of a soft, brown felt fedora, size No. 7.

"Give me 20 cents," said Wong," and you can have your hat."

Kiung in a spirit of compromise counted ten coppers into Wong's extended palm. At which Wong burst into a raucus laugh and turned to go. So Kiung called a cop and had Wong arrested.

"I didn't have the hat," Wong explained to the Magistrate. "Another man picked it up and ran away with it. I was only joshing when I said I'd return it for 20 cents and didn't think for a minute that he would bite."

The Court seemed to appreciate the funny side of it too and turned Wong loose.

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Build Oil Tankers In San Francisco

Great activity is shown in all the San Francisco Bay shipbuilding plants and frequent launchings are in order until the early part of next year. At the Alameda plant of the Bethlehem Company, the tanker W. S. Miller for the Standard Oil Company of California, the tanker Crampton Anderson for the Pan-American Petroleum Company, and the tanker Yorba Linda for General Petroleum Company will take to the water this month. Other oil carriers building there are the Hambro, Hamer, Hammac, Franklin K. Lane, Algonquin, K. R. Kingsbury. Several tankers and freighters are nearing completion at the Moore Shipbuilding Company and at the Hanlon Shipbuilding plant.

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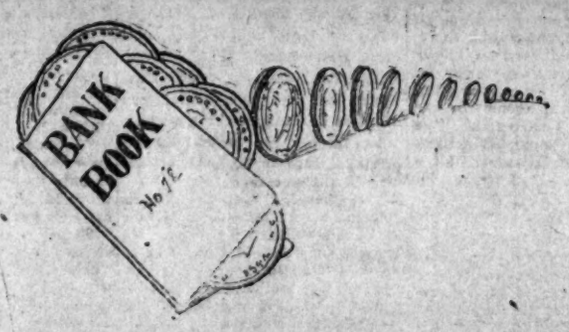

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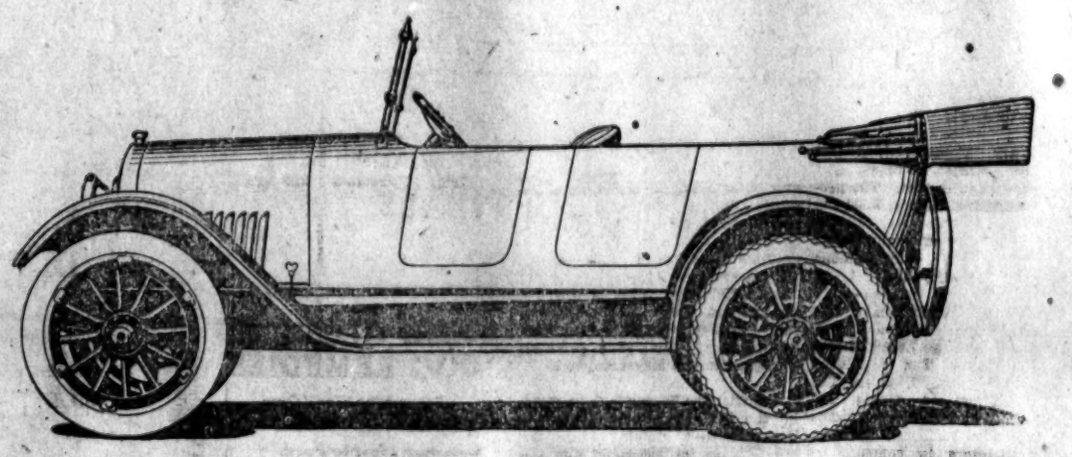

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CHITA RULED BY REDS, REPORT IS TO VLADIVOSTOK

(Continued from Page 1)

Workmen's Conference. The bomb exploded in the corridor, slightly wounding a watchman.

If the Zaria case resulted in a storm of accusation against the extreme Left elements, the last case provoked a still fiercer assault upon the reactionaries.

Public opinion is bewildered and fears provocation in both cases on the part of elements interested in creating trouble in North Manchuria.

On the Onon front, the Reds, after failing to surround Semenoff's and Kappel's troops, changed their tactics and decided to crush their enemy by sheer force in a frontal attack.

The anti-Reds were gradually forced back and successively evacuated Berzia, Matsievskaya and Dauria.

The fact that munitions were extremely scarce rendered effective opposition impossible, and the men gradually lost heart.

By the evening of November 21, part of Semenoff's third corps surrendered to the Reds, and the main forces crossed the Chinese frontier, having delivered their arms to the Chinese Command.

CHINESE BLOCK LINE

The Chinese troops have occupied positions at a small distance from the frontier on the Russian side, and are taking all measures to prevent armed men from crossing the frontier.

Besides Colonel Isome's mission, another Japanese military mission has arrived at Manchuria Station, accompanied by a strong Japanese guard. It is believed that the remains of the anti-Red army will be allowed to pass through Manchuria to Grodekovo, where the Usuri Cossacks are willing to look after them.

The atmosphere in Harbin in connection with these events is nervous, and evil elements are doing their utmost to create a panic. Rumors of all kinds are being circulated as to the likelihood of Bolshevik action in Manchuria. The prevailing opinion, however, is that no disorders will be allowed in this territory, although it is a fact that certain well-known Bolsheviks from Habarovsk and Blagoveschensk have recently arrived here and have been seen in the streets. It is known that the local workmen are opposed to taking any rash steps, well understanding the possible consequence of a political adventure on foreign territory.

MONARCHIST ARRESTED

The Chinese police yesterday arrested M. Chelokoff, a prominent local Monarchist, who had assumed responsibility for M. Sazonoff, suspected by the Chinese of supplying arms to the Hunghutzes. M. Sazonoff has disappeared, and the result had been the arrest of M. Chelokoff. It has caused a great sensation, as public opinion, not knowing the details, associated it with political events.

According to latest reports from Chita, Krasnochekoff has announced that the elections to the Constituent Assembly shall be based on the law promulgated by Kerensky's Government on the principle of universal suffrage and direct voting. In a conversation by direct wire, Krasnochekoff has made a appeal to Vladivostok, asserting that the latter's uncompromising attitude is due to the propaganda of the reactionaries who are endeavoring, he alleges, to sow discontent, and thereby maintain their last stronghold.

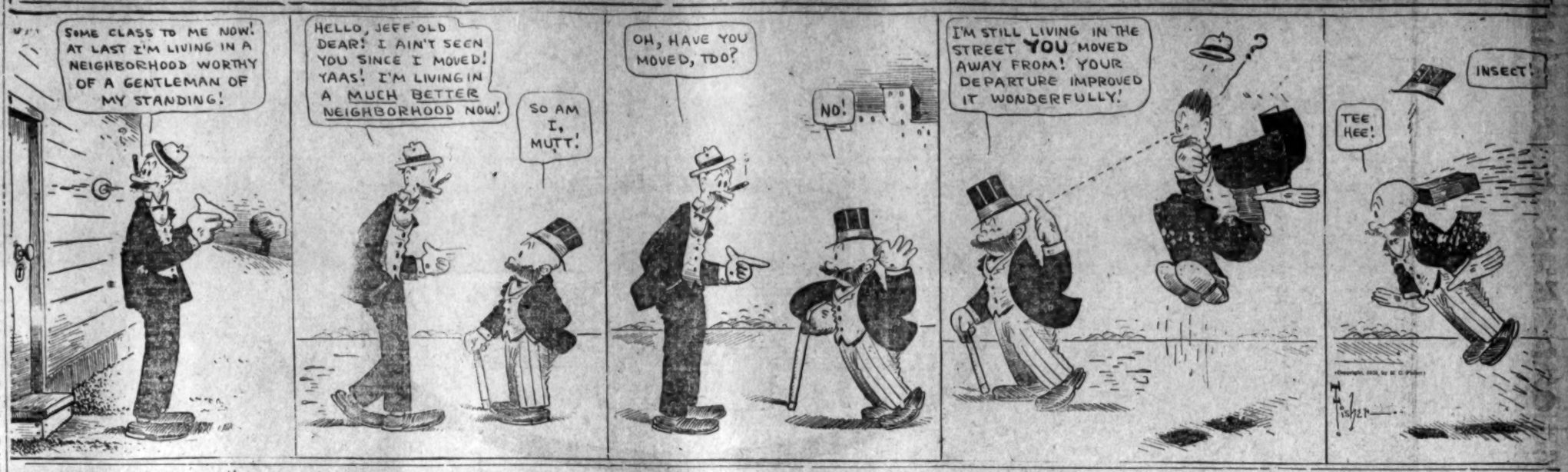
Premiers Will Debate Near East Problem

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 26.—The French Premier, M. Leygues, and his party arrived in London last evening. Mrs. Lloyd George and Lord Derby, late British Ambassador at Paris, awaited them on the platform at Victoria Station.

Rome, November 26.—The British Government has invited Signor Giolitti, the Italian Premier, or failing him Count Sforza, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, to come to London to attend the Near East Conference between M. Leygues and Mr. Lloyd George. It is now announced that Count Sforza will go to England, where he is expected to arrive tomorrow or on Sunday.

MUTT & JEFF — Really, You Couldn't Blame Mutt, Old Dear, For Soaking Jeff — By Bud Fisher


SOME CLASS TO ME NOW! AT LAST I'M LIVING IN A NEIGHBORHOOD WORTHY OF A GENTLEMAN OF MY STANDING!
HELLO, JEFF OLD DEAR! I AIN'T SEEN YOU SINCE I MOVED! YAAS! I'M LIVING IN A MUCH BETTER NEIGHBORHOOD NOW!
SO AM I, MUTT!
OH, HAVE YOU MOVED, TOO?
NO!
I'M STILL LIVING IN THE STREET YOU MOVED AWAY FROM! YOUR DEPARTURE IMPROVED IT WONDERFULLY!
TEE HEE!
INSECT!

HOPE OF UNITY IN CHINA SEEN BY FOREIGNERS

Minister Is Confident That Unsettled Conditions In China Are Near End

(Reuter's Service)

London, November 23.—A farewell banquet given at the Lyceum Club to the Chinese Minister Mr. Sao-ke Alfred Sze, and Madame Sze, was attended by a number of distinguished personages, including Sir John Jordan, Sir Charles Addis, and Sir John Tilley, Chief Clerk of the Foreign Office.

Sir John Jordan, in proposing Mr. Sze's health, expressed the conviction that the President of the Chinese Republic, would, through his personality, soon unite North and South China.

Mr. Sze, in reply, after thanking the company for the kind sentiments which they had expressed, emphasised the adaptability of the Chinese race, which, he said, had enabled China not only to survive through the ages as a nation, but to adopt the most advanced form of Parliamentary Government, namely, Republicanism.

The present difficulties of China, he continued, were not due to racial incapacity or faults of character, but merely marked a transititonal period. They were signs of vitality, and not of decay. In this connection, Mr. Sze quoted the statement of M. Painleve, on his departure from China, in which he expressed great confidence in China's future, and also the declaration of Dr. Reinsch to the same effect. Mr. Sze, in conclusion, stated that the peaceful development of China was an absolute certainty, unless it were deflected by some foreign agency into militaristic channels.

The development of China by the Chinese must make for peace, if only because the whole fabric of Chinese culture rested on the power and appeal of moral force.

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News Brevities

Mrs. M. B. Tcherkassky, the noted singer of the Marinsky Imperial Opera in Petrograd, will sing at a benefit concert in aid of the Russian School in Shanghai to be held in the Olympic Theater Thursday night at 9.15 o'clock. The Municipal Band will play under the conductorship of Maestro M. Paci.

* * *

The Oriental Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd., will meet tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

* * *

This morning the Navy 'Y' will hold service on board U. S. S. New Orleans. It is expected that the speaker will be Mr. E. J. Couper of New York City who is a member of the Y. M. C. A. National War Work, Council. Mrs. C. W. Pettit will sing and Miss Lamond will be at the piano. In the evening at the 'Y' building there will be a song service and Dr. W. G. Hiltner will speak.

* * *

The Navy 'Y' entertained last night, for British, French and American sailors in port. The program consisted of games, music, a cinema show, "tun's" and refreshments. A number of young ladies assisted in the entertainment which was very enjoyable.

* * *

Articles of incorporation of the Hutchinson Bell Company were filed yesterday in the United States Court for China. The new company, which is capitalised for Tls. 25,000, will act as agents and brokers in the shipping insurance and commission business. The first board of directors is composed of Messrs. Charles V. Hutchinson, Charles H. Williams and George Bell.

* * *

At a recent meeting of the Chinese and Foreign Famine Relief Committee a letter from the Y. M. C. A. was read in which the Junior members offered their services to go to any address and collect old clothing. The Committee gladly accepted the offer. Any one who has a bundle of clothing ready to give to famine sufferers and is unable to deliver it to the Committee's headquarters may notify the secretary of the Junior Division of the local "Y," Mr. J. C. Clark, and he will send one of the boys for it and deliver it at the famine Committees' headquarters without charge.

* * *

The Junior Division of the Shanghai Y. M. C. A. has developed a very fine group of amateur actors who last night closed a series of three very good plays pointing out needed reforms in Chinese society. They were held in the "Y" hall. The proceeds of over $300 will go for the support of their social service program.

* * *

Shanghai movie fans will be interested to learn that the great Universal film—"The Dragon's Net," way be expected to arrive here towards the end of next month, according to a cable just received by Mr. T. D. Cochrane. The film contains 18 episodes (36 parts), and features the Universal favorite, Marie Walcamp, who, it will, be remembered, toured Japan, China and the Philippines during the early part of this year, visiting Shanghai in the May race week.

* * *

A Christmas Bazaar is to be given by the Girl's Friendly Society for the purpose of raising funds for the Chinese famine relief and the Girl's Friendly Society hotel fund at No. 22, The Bund on December 11.

Donations for the bazaar are to be sent to Messrs. Maitland and Company, No 33 Szechuen Road. A list of the articles sent should be forwarded to Mrs. F. J. Norbury, No. 1 The Bund.

* * *

Mr. E. J. Couper, until recently chairman of the Chamber of Commerce of Minneapolis, Minn, will address the Sunday Service League this afternoon at 5 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. He will speak on "A Business Man's Religion."

Chinese Directors Must Qualify For Council Positions

Qualifications of the directors recently elected to the Chinese Ratepayers' Association will be studied according to an announcement made by Dr. C. T. Wang who headed the list of directors elected.

Since the directors are to be responsible of the election of the Chinese advisory board to the Municipal Council, the qualifications which are to confirm to those of the foreign ratepayers are demanded.

NEW POSTAL RATE

Madrid, November 25.—The Universal Postal Congress has approved a proposal for a foreign postage rate equivalent to five pence for two ounces.

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Japanese Confirm Plot To Poison Anfu Chiefs

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, Nov. 27.—The Japanese Legation is replying this afternoon to the Waichiaopu's demand for the handing over of the remaining Anfuites, and the three Notes on the subject which have passed between the Chinese and Japanese authorities will be published simultaneously in Tokio and Peking on Monday.

Although it confirms the report of a recent alleged attempt to poison the Anfuites, the Japanese Legation did not report the incident to the Chinese authorities at the time.

A report has been forwarded to Tokio whence instructions will be received. Meanwhile the Chinese authorities have learned of the matter solely through the press.

There is a strong feeling in Peking that the Chinese authorities should have been notified at the earliest opportunity.

According to Japanese reports, a Japanese soldier purchased for the Anfu refugees some Chinese cakes which were subsequently proved to contain strychnine. The cake-maker is alleged to have said that he had been induced to put in "a white power" by a military officer.

Reports to the above effect had been current for some days prior to the publication of this story. No confirmation was however, forthcoming from the Japanese Legation, and the gradual oozing out of the details had created an atmosphere of scepticism which the later confirmations from the Legation have dispelled.

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SOCIAL SERVICE WORK IS DONE BY McTYEIRE GIRLS

Classes And Clinic Are Conducted By Students For Nearly Villagers

Students of McTyeire School, No. 1 Edinburgh Road, have opened a half-day school for poor children in the village near the school which they are financing by personal contributions.

A Chinese instructor has been employed and the students assist him by voluntary teaching. Once a week the McTyeire School nurse accompanies a group of students to the school where a clinic is held and the children are treated.

Miss M. Clarke who has joined the McTyeire faculty recently, is directing the social service work of the students. Accompanied by Miss Clarke groups of the girls are visiting in the homes of two of the neighboring villages while work is to be opened in a third village shortly.

VISIT THE HOMES

The students visit the homes, talk to the women about the need of cleanliness in their homes, of hygiene and offer to help them in every way possible. On Sunday afternoons the girls are conducting a Sunday School.

The social service work is a new venture for the Chinese girls and the teaching and visiting in the homes is creating much interest. The work was begun last year on a small scale but this term it has grown until the students are giving practical help to the women and children in three neighboring villages.

A survey of the family visited is made and a report written of the condition and needs in the various homes.

Japan Cuts Military And Increases Navy In Annual Budget

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Tokio, November 26.—The military estimates for the next fiscal year, as prepared by the War Department, total Yen 230,000,000, representing a decrease of Yen 10,000,000 on those for the current period. An expansion of the aerial service is provided for, but otherwise there is a general scaling down.

The Jiji states that the naval estimates will total a little over Yen. 500,000,000, or an increase of approximately Yen. 150,000,000.

This is due to additional estimates for each item of expenditure in the national defence scheme, in consequence of the appreciation of prices in general.

Italy Denies Any Pact With Germany On Upper Silesia

Inter-Allied Commission Orders Preparations For Plebiscite

(French Wireless Service)

Rome, November 26.—The Italian Government has just issued a categorical official denial on the subject of the statements published in a German paper regarding a supposed secret understanding between Italy and Germany regarding Upper Silesia on the one hand, and the Tyrol on the other.

Paris, November 26.—The Inter-Allied Commission has just ordered the appointment within five days of plebiscite commissions in all the parishes of Upper Silesia.

They are to consist of four Polish and four German inhabitants of the province.

Officials and clergy are excluded from them.

MINISTERS NAMED

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, November 26.—A Mandate will shortly be issued, appointing Tan Tsai-fou as Minister to Rome, and Wang Kuang-chi as Minister to the Hague.

WIDLER'S MUSK
(Minus Pods)

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77 ROUTE VALLON

Bandman Company Returns Wednesday

Miss Niqua Lewis, the little lady who has shown herself so talented an actress, and especially in "The Naughty Wife" in which playgoers will have a chance of seeing her on Wednesday next at the Lyceum Theater.

Miss Beryl Barraclough (seated) who has become so popular here with her clever portrayals. She is to appear in the lead of the famous play "Romance" next Saturday.

American Woman's Club Notes

MUSIC DEPARTMENT

The Music Department of the American Woman's Club will meet at the Astor House, Tuesday afternoon, November 30 at 5 o'clock in Mrs. W. S. Bardarson's apartment.

Mrs. Max Cavanagh will read a paper on "Primative Music" which is the subject for study. Mr. L. C. Parry will sing a group of American Indian songs.

SOCIAL SERVICE DEPT.

A Christmas shower is to be given for the Foreign Woman's Home No. 18 Baikal Road, December 15 by the Social Service Department of the American Woman's Club. Gifts of linen, china, especially cups and saucers, cooking utensils and provisions are needed.

Mrs. R. I. Herrick and Mrs. F. W. Van Buskirk will be at home during the afternoon to receive members of the club and any gifts they may bring.

The Foreign Woman's Home is in need of many articles and the women of the club are urged to make their donations as generous as possible.

TO HOLD CHRISTMAS SALE

Because of the constant demand upon the Social Service department of the American Woman's Club for contributions, a Christmas sale is being given by the members to raise money to carry on the social service work.

The sale will be held at the Carlton Cafe, December 14 from 1 until 7 o'clock and everything needed for Christmas will be displayed. Dolls, cakes, candies, plum puddings, mincemeat, fancy work and curios will be among the articles sold.

All members of the American Woman's Club who have purchased tickets for the bridge party to be held at the Columbia Country Club tomorrow afternoon and who will be unable to be present are requested to notify Mrs. James Macbeth, Mrs. Chester M. Wentworth, Mrs. J. P. Hammond, or Mrs. J. D. Gaines.

The request is made in order that accommodations can be made for the members attending.

MOTHERS DEPARTMENT

On Wednesday morning at 10:30 o'clock the Mothers Department of the American Woman's Club will hold its regular meeting. The members will study R. C. Berry's "System of Practical Training." Mrs. R. T. Bryan will present his treatment of "Obedience and Self Control" and Mrs. G. T. Robson is to review Hillyer's "Child Training." Mrs. Cole will discuss Stower's "Natural Education."

KING'S DAUGHTERS WILL HOLD SALE

The King's Daughters Society will hold a Christmas sale, Thursday, December 2, in the headquarters, 5 North Soochow Road for the purpose of raising funds to establish a convalescent home for poor foreign children.

Attractively dressed dolls, home made candies, cakes, plum puddings, and mincemeat will be among the articles sold. A meeting to complete arrangements for the sale will be held tomorrow night.

The first attempt to raise money for the convalescent home will be the Christmas sale.

Famine Fund Is Aided By Dancers

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Peking, November 26.—The great ball which was held last night in the Peking Hotel in aid of the Famine Relief Fund was highly successful. The attendance numbered over 1,000, and the receipts are estimated at between $18,000 and $20,000.

The ball was organised by a committee of American ladies, presided over by Mrs. Gulick.

Social Calendar

Nov. 29.—American Woman's Club bridge party at Columbia Country Club, 2:30 o'clock.

30.—Music Department, American Woman's Club at 4:30, at Mrs. W. S. Bardarson's apartment, Astor House.

Dec. 2.—Christmas sale by King's Daughters Society, 5 North Soochow Road.

4.—Union Church Ladies' Society Sale of work at 3 o'clock.

7.—American Woman's Club meeting at Carlton Cafe. Program by music department.

11.—Girl's Friendly Society Bazaar, No. 22 The Bund.

14.—American Woman's Club Christmas sale Carlton Cafe from 1 until 7 o'clock.

Dec. 15.—Donation party at the Foreign Woman's Home by Social Service Department, American Woman's Club.

VENIZELOS AT NICE

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, November 26.—M. Venizelos, the Greek ex-Premier, arrived at Nice yesterday. The French press publishes statements by him in connection with the extended duration of mobilisation in Greece. "There is not a people in the world," he is quoted as saying, "which would have submitted to being kept mobilised two years after the war."

LARGE CREDITS FRANCE'S NEED

Commerce Day Celebration In Paris Proves To Be Big Success

(French Wireless Service)

Paris, November 26.—Commerce Day in Paris proved a great success. Paris business houses all responded to the appeal which had been made to them and many establishments were decorated with flags. In the main thoroughfares of the city, streamers stretched across the street reminded the public that the day's receipts in the shops would be applied to the new loan. There were enormous crowds in the shops during the entire day.

As a fitting conclusion of the day, the Paris Chamber of Commerce gave a banquet in the evening at which the Minister of Finance, M. Marsal, was present, and made a speech

"One of the elements which are essential to an adjustment of the situation," said M. Marsal, "is the maintenance of large credits to industry and commerce." The Minister attached significance to the fact that the merchants of France had been able to find a means of restoring the elasticity of their credits.

M. Marsal asserted that it was in a progressive return to liberty and in the development of an individual initiative that France must seek the amelioration of her economic situation.

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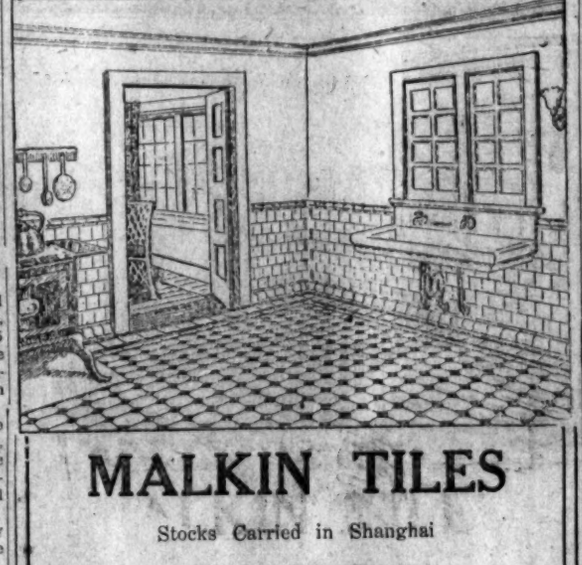

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HARDING PLANS CONFERENCE ON NATION'S LEAGUE

(Continued from Page 1)

tive of the International Labor Bureau.

"The Council then discussed the organization of the plebiscite in the Vilna territory, and it was proposed to entrust this task to civil commissioners appointed for the purpose.

"The Armaments Commission of the League Assembly, which is dealing with the questions of the traffic in arms, the exchange of information between the Powers, the private manufacture of arms and munitions, and other cognate questions of disarmament, held its first sitting this afternoon.

COMMISSION NAMED

"The members of this Sub-Commission—styled by the President "The Sixth Commission"—are Mr. H. A. L. Fisher (British Empire) M. Lange (Norway), Dr. Wellington Koo (China), M. Leon Bourgeois (France), Dr. C. Schanzer (Italy), M. Fock (Holland) M. Usteri (Switzerland), Senhor da Cunha (Brazil) and M. C. T. Zahle (Denmark)."

"Sir Cecil Hurst, Legal Adviser to the British Foreign Office, presented a verbal report on the measures taken since the Brussels Convention of 1899 to control the traffic in arms, and the actual results of the similar Convention held in 1919.

"It was decided to ask Sir Cecil Hurst to present a written report, adding his views as to the measures which ought to be adopted to ensure effective control by the League over this traffic. It was also decided to request the permanent Military, Naval and Aerial Commission to submit a report, to be communicated to the League Council, as to the measures to be taken for the thorough putting into effect of the decisions of the 1919 Convention on the Traffic in Arms."

Geneva, Nov. 25.—A ballot of the First Commission of the League of Nations on the amendments to the League Covenant proposed by the Scandinavian Governments resulted in twenty states, including Great Britain, France, Italy, Belgium, Japan China, South Africa, Australia, Canada and India voting against the amendments, while eight states, including the Netherlands and Siam, voted for them.

VILNA FIGHTING

Geneva, Nov. 25.—Col. Chardigny, the head of the League's Commission which is investigating the Vilna affair, telegraphs that fighting between Gen. Zeligowski's force and Lithuanian troops is still going on at various parts of the front.

Chinese Flour Is Approved In London

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, Nov. 23.—Replying to a question in the House of Commons, the Food Minister Mr. McCurdy, stated that 36,600 tons of Chinese flour was held for the account of the Royal Commission on Wheat Supplies. A further 48,400 tons was due to arrive.

The flour had been expertly examined on its arrival and the result had proved satisfactory.

An insignificant quantity had arrived in a damaged condition but none of it was allocated for human consumption.

New Game Is 'Find The Bear'

Lonely Bruin Hidden In Stockade At Hongkew Park

Animal Was Gift To Council

BY EDNA LEE BOOKER

(The above photo was given the reporter to aid in the search. But this bear is nothing like the black, shaggy, lonesome, hidden affair at Hongkew Park. And this one looks as if it might be happy).

Have you ever played "Find the Bear" in Hongkew Park?

Well, it is a great little game and good for all afternoon.

It has "Find the Thimble," and "Button, Button Who Has the Button" knocked silly. If you want a stimulating, jazzy, peppy afternoon take the children, ride to Hongkew Park and try to find the bear.

If you don't solve the riddle the first afternoon—try it the next. If you are a golfer, you'll like the game, for it requires hours and hours of walking over the green, around bunkers, over bridges and the chief qualification is patience.

But—don't be discouraged. There is a bear in the park, placed there, according to local authorities, "for the amusement of the public."—if the public can find it.

IN A BEAR OF A PLACE

Master Bruin is carefully hidden, camouflaged, concealed, behind a young bamboo grove in one corner on the edge of the park. Which corner and which edge cannot be disclosed—but it is the fartherest one from any given point.

And as for furnishing amusement—the authorities are all wrong. He doesn't. He fills one with sorrow, sadness and woe for Master Bruin is the personification of "Those Left All Alone Again Blues."

He is the only little bear in Hongkew Park or in fact in any park in the city. He hasn't anyone to play with and he is so lonesome walking around and around his round bamboo cage that it takes all the joy out of life just thinking about him.

He can't even look out and see the boys playing ball in the park for the bamboo posts are set too closely together. You won't be able to really see the bear, you can't feed him peanuts or carry on a bearologue with him.

NO!—NOT A ZOO

All you can do is to stand on the outside of the big cage which is built after the style of a stockade and trust to your imagination.

The bottom of the cage is all wet and muddy—there isn't any steamheat, or smoking fireplace, even the little salamander is missing—but then, according to the authorities. "bears really don't go in for that sort of thing."

Some kind friend donated the bear to the Municipal Council—he isn't for sale—and emphatically, he is not a zoo or even a beginning of one.

He is just a poor forlorn, friendless, lonely plantigrade carnivore far from home who is held in the clutches of the Far East.

PREMIER GIVEN BONUS

(*Reuter's Service*)

Sydney, Nov. 25.—At an enthusiastic meeting here, Mr. W. M. Hughes, the Federal Prime Minister, was presented with a check for £25,000 in recognition of his great services to the country.

The Premier, in the course of his reply, said there was at present a world-wide conspiracy against the British Empire, which must be fought with bare hands.

Correspondence

CHINESE FOREIGN FAMINE RELIEF COMMITTEE

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Dear Sir,—May I express through your valuable columns, the warmest appreciation of this Committee for the generous offer of the Y.M.C.A. boys, who have kindly offered to collect any clothing donated to this Committee from any address in Shanghai.

The Committee is receiving thousands of such garments every day from contributors and the question of collecting those various lots from widely scattered districts is always a difficult one.

I also like to take this opportunity to thank Mr. P. H. Newbourg of the China Garage for the free use of his trucks last time. Thanking you in anticipation.

I am,

Yours truly,

Chinese Foreign Famine Relief Committee

S. Y. Yeh,

Hon. Secretary.

Shanghai, November 27, 1920.

Peking Prepares For Reconstruction Conference

Since the mandate for reunification was issued by President Hsu Shih-chang some two weeks ago, a bureau, which is to devote its time to the preparation of nation's reconstruction conference, has been established at Yin-tai, the famous place where the late emperor Kwang-Hsu was imprisoned for some three years.

It is understood that steps are being taken by the bureau to arrange for a similar conference as the North and South had before, to settle various national questions. The nature of the conference will be more or less the same as they had before at the so-called Shanghai peace conference. The new conference will, in view of the fact that North and South had never been fighting in a true sense of a civil war with each other, be called reconstruction conference and both North and South will appoint their chief representatives to meet here in Shanghai. The name of peace conference is considered unfit by many men of responsibility and of knowledge of the present situation in China, as such a name often misleads both foreigners and Chinese in general to think that North and South had a real civil war, which as a matter of fact had never occurred.

The bureau consists of two distinct executive bodies. The first executive body consists of one director, four associate directors, one resident director and six secretaries in charge of their respective duties in the bureau.

In main the work is divided into four departments, i.e. general, financial, military and political affairs. The second executive body consists of men influential in various political or military fields. These men will submit their suggestions or opinions in writing for consideration of the bureau. The first body of the executive members of the bureau is really responsible for all the preparations of the united reconstruction conference.

LAVOLHO New Discovery for the Cure of Sick Eyes

It takes away the redness, it clears discharging eyes, cures scaly, sore, swollen lids; makes the eyes healthy and beautiful. A pure, colorless fluid. A wonderful tonic with refreshing qualities. Absolutely harmless to the delicate structure of the eye. The discovery of one of the foremost specialists of the United States.

You can use LAVOLHO daily for a lifetime and your eyes will be strong and beautiful. LAVOLHO quicks aching eyes, stops all itching, makes tired old eyes look young again.

For sale, complete with dropper, at all chemists' shops, druggists', etc.

D. D. D. Company, 38 Kiangse Road, Shanghai

AS HOT AS HOT CAN BE!

I JUST hate to think about last winter. There was never enough hot water in the kitchen boiler to make a real hot bath—Ugh! I had to sit and shiver in a few inches of luke-warm water.

NOW, amah has just to give one turn of the handle, one swing of the tube, and my bath fills with hot, hot water, just as I like it. At any time of the day, too, I can get as much hot water as I want.

Use the Aqua Instantaneous Electric Water Heater, now being demonstrated at the Shanghai Electric Showroom, 26 Nanking Road, or write for descriptive literature.

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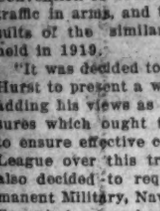

Hints about Baby

EACH meal for Baby should be freshly prepared and given at a temperature of about 100°F. Use a feeder that can be easily and efficiently cleansed. Never give Baby a "Comforter" which infects the mouth with germs, and spoils its shape.

The Food must be conveyed into Baby's mouth without fear of germ contamination and at a proper rate of flow.

The Allenburys Foods

are easy to prepare, free from germs, and provide complete nourishment; the 'Allenburys' Feeder the simplest and best.

MILK FOOD No. 1 From birth to 3 months
MILK FOOD No. 2 From 3 to 6 months
MALTED FOOD No. 3 From 6 months upwards

Allen & Hanburys Ltd., London.

"King George IV" Whisky

THE "TOP NOTCH" OF SCOTCH

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DARKE MURDER TRIAL STARTS

Testimony Indicates Chinese At Hankow Was Victim Of Sailor's Prank

Chang Tsu-tsao, Chinese cobbler at Hankow, who drowned in the Yangtsze after he had been thrown overboard from the American gunboat Elcano, was the victim of a sailor's prank, according to testimony given yesterday in the United States Court for China at the opening of the trial of Homer Darke who is charged with murdering the cobbler.

Four witnesses testified at yesterday's hearing for the prosecution, which is being conducted by Major C. P. Holcomb United States District Attorney and the trial probably will be resumed tomorrow morning.

Chief Petty Officer J. Phenix who was first called told of having seen the Chinese thrown overboard after he had had some discussion with Darke over a sum of money the cobbler was seeking to collect. According to another witness, William Thomas gunner's mate, Darke was quoted as having said laughingly that "for twenty cents I would throw the Chinese overboard."

This remark is said to have brought forth from another of the group that was gathered on the forecastle grating of the vessel an offer to $2 to Darke if he would throw the cobbler into the river, and jokingly acting on this he is said to have picked up the Chinese and dropped him over the gunwale into the stream.

Two other witnesses who testified concerning the tragedy were Stanley Markowitz, a fireman and J. Woolsey, gunner's mate.

Wedding

REEVES—MURRAY-KIDD

The wedding took place at St Joseph's Church, Shanghai, yesterday afternoon of Mr. William Meddar Reeves, only son of Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Reeves of Acton, London, and Miss Lucy E. Murray-Kidd, second daughter of Mr. G. Murray-Kidd, late of Shanghai. The Reverend Father Croke, S. J., officiated.

The bride, who was given away by her brother, Mr. L. G. Murray-Kidd, wore a beautiful gown of white charmeuse with seed pearl trimming. The court train was of silk shadow lace and net with a lover's knot of orange blossom. Her silk tulle veil was held in place by a dainty and novel crown of seed pearls and orange blossom. She carried a white satin prayer book, from which fell streamers of white ribbon with knots of orange blossom and lilies of the valley. Two dear little pages, Masters Colin MacDonald and Pierre Fano, carried the bride's train; they were dressed in white satin with ruffles of white Georgette crepe. Misses Catherine and Barbara MacDonald made lovely flower girls. Their dainty dresses were of rose pink taffeta trimmed with silver ribbon; they carried gypsy baskets, the handles of which were ornamented with pink and white sweet peas; the baskets contained petals which they scattered before the bride as she left the church. Mrs. J. F. Seely, the bride's sister, was matron of honor. She wore a charming frock of rust-colored crepe satin and carried tea roses.

Messrs. A. M. Wilkie, A. V. Monk, A. L. Dawson, and L. Andrews acted as ushers.

After the church ceremony, the civil service having taken place at the British Consulate during the forenoon, a reception was held at 559 Great Western Road, the residence of Mr. and Mrs. D. MacDonald, which had been kindly lent for the occasion. The reception was attended by a host of friends. Mr. Donald MacDonald proposed the health of the bride and other toasts were honored, and Mr. E. C. Hagen, who was best man, replied for the bridesmaids. The happy couple received numerous congratulations. The presents, which were on view, were very beautiful. Mr. and Mrs. Reeves will spend their honeymoon at the Tahu Lake.

COLLEGE WOMEN TO MEET TUESDAY

Will Hear Request For Affiliation With United States Organisation

The American Woman's College Club will meet Tuesday afternoon, November 29 at the home of Mrs. M. Benjamin, 52 Avenue du Roi Albert, at 2:30 o'clock for the purpose of sewing for the famine sufferers in North China. Members are asked to bring any old clothing they may desire to donate.

During the business session of the meeting, Miss Mary Markham of the United States Consulate will read a request made by the American Collegiate Alumnae for the American College Club of Shanghai to affiliate.

If such an affiliation is brought about, the Shanghai members will be kept in close touch with educational affairs in America.

Another matter for consideration will be the appointment of an International Relationship Committee who will advise Chinese girls going to America for study as to the various schools and colleges.

Harvey's Annual

Harvey's Christmas Annual for 1920, attractive and cleverly edited and replete with features and bright stories, has made its appearance. Well-written short stories with Christmas themes make the annual one of the best that the publishers have issued.

French Deputies In Discussion As To Envoy For Vatican

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, November 26.—The Chamber of Deputies heard three speakers yesterday on the question of resuming diplomatic relations with the Holy See.

M. Guibal replied to those who had criticised the attitude of the Pope during the war. M. Varenne stated that he saw in the re-establishment of the Embassy to the Vatican, a menace to lay law. M. Colrat reported details of the negotiations which were entered into at Rome.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.M. s.s. Kiangteen from Ningpo: Messrs. Gaunt, Wallace, Lee.

Per T.K.K. Shinyo Maru from Hongkong: Mr. M. Asahina, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Broughton, Mrs. Lam Sze, Messrs. Chi Yik-un, R. C. Canavarro, Chan Tien-yeun, I. Cohen, G. Caffarena, T. Crothwaite, Lieut. Thos. B. Dunn, Messrs. M. Gerstenkorn, Hsu Jinchun, C. E. Kochler, Mrs. F. G. Mills, Messrs. R. M. McDonald, G. A. Nelson, L. Price, S. Sokobin, Tong Yuen-shing, Mrs. Tong Manfong, Messrs. V. W. Victol, C. F. Wong, M. S. J. Walsh, Miss M. Woods.

Passengers Departed

Per C.N. s.s. Hsin Peking for Ningpo: Dr. and Mrs. J. E. Murray, Mr. H. P. Wadman, Miss Jewell.

Per C.N. s.s. Ngankin for Wuhu: Mr. A. V. Pettitt; for Kiugiang: Messrs. W. Alexander, W. C. Fowler, R. B. Nichols; for Hankow: Messrs. W. M. Foley, Bothwell, T. H. R. Shaw, L. B. Caldwell, N. W. Peach, Ripley, G. Moule, Scott, Misses Shaw, D. Brown, Mrs. Giles and child.

Per C.N. s.s. Chenan for Swatow: Messrs. H. Jergensen, Chew Huk-chor, Compton; for Hongkong: Messrs. A. E. Wright, J. Waterman D. M. Goodall, R. Leary, Mrs. Lu Chung; for Canton: Mrs. J. P. Anderson and 2 children.

Per C.N. s.s. Tean for Tsingtao: Mr. P. Reilly.

Per C.N. s.s. Fengtien for Chefoo: Mrs. Crestroughoff, Mrs. Malcolm; for Tientsin: Mr. W. Gray, Mstr. C. Morton.

Per I-C. s.s. Kwongsang for Hongkong: Capt. Steinbeerg, Mr. Austin.

Per S.M.R. s.s. Sakaki Maru for Dairen: Mr. and Mrs. Klemantaski and child, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Revill, Mrs. Nylander, Mrs. Bartnovski, Mr. and Mrs. Labulin T. Gudanez Feldman, and child, Messrs. C. Dichter, A. Spector, T. Gudanetz, Feldman, I. Cros, B. Thomton.

HAD ALARMING ECZEMA ON LEGS AND FEET

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills The World Renowned Blood and Nerve Tonic, Work a Permanent Cure in Ceylon.

It is but a waste of time and money to try to cure Eczema by external means alone. These things may give temporary relief, but the trouble is in the blood, and only by purifying and enriching the blood can it be permanently eradicated. Such was the experience of Mr. V. W. Van Rooyen when dealing with the case of his son, and he found, as so many other people have done during the past thirty years, that tonic blood treatment by means of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills works wonders where other treatments totally fail.

Mr. Van Rooyen, whose address is 37 Lighthouse Street, Galle, Ceylon, says:—"My son Alfred, aged 14, suffered badly for six years from Eczema on both his legs and feet. It started by a redness of the skin and a most irritating itching. Afterwards small sores formed which we had great difficulty in keeping him from scratching. The Eczema spread in an alarming manner, being especially severe between the toes.

"Ointments and other medicines were prescribed but seemed to give no relief at all. The irritation prevented the poor boy from getting proper rest at night and he got exceedingly weak and rundown. Medical men said that his blood was in most impoverished condition.

"Reading of a similar case having been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I bought a supply of these Pills for my son. From the first we found they were very efficient, as almost at once the irritation began to subside. And as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills purified and built up his blood so the sores dried up until they disappeared altogether. He was able to sleep properly at night and regained his health and strength. I attribute my son's cure entirely to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He has had no return of the skin eruptions since."

Sold by medicine vendors everywhere, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are also obtainable, post free, 1 bottle for $1.50, 6 bottles for $8/—, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai.

Poor Old Plod's first introduction to an Ediphone Dictating Machine was as big a surprise to him as the Calculating Machine. We explained it to him—how to dictate your letters right off as soon as you open your mail, or alone in the quiet after office hours without keeping a stenographer overtime, the simple trick of getting the work of two stenographers out of one. He never realized the real use of an Ediphone before. He always thought of it as some new-fangled Gramaphone.

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ALSACE IN RUST AND GOLD
by O'Shaughnessy $3.00
A story full of heart throbs if there ever was one—a story to dream over and never forget.

THE TEMPERING
by C. N. Buck $2.25
Out of the lives of three striking personalities, in the tradition-haunted hills of Kentucky—the author produces a strong, steel-true story.

THE SHEPARD OF THE SEA
by Leverage $2.65
A way-up-north story—with a strange love story—with a dramatic climax.

YELLOW SOAP
by K. H. Taylor $2.65
A story of a boy who grows up out of an atmosphere of yellow laundry soap and through strength and experience gains social position.

POTASH AND PERLMUTTER
by Glass $2.85
Abe and Mauruss had to go to the Peace Conference and you can imagine what happened—never funnier.

THE WIND BETWEEN THE WORLDS by Alice Brown... $3.00
The question of life after death and communications with the dead—universally and vitally interesting.

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No need to look to London or Paris for the Newest in Correct Corsetry for the Style-Setters in every style centre are *Royal Worcester Corsets*. A full Line of the most Popular Models for all figures are now on display in our Drapery department. Model Fitting Room, First Floor, Two Lifts.

Model 320
Ideal corset for all sport. Semi-Rubber, top pink coutil.
Sizes 22 to 28
Price $5.25
per pair

Model 560
Average figure. Long Skirt. Semi-Free Hip. White coutil
Size 20 to 29
Price $7.50
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Model 1030
Average figure. Semi-Rubber top, higher back, perfected front, lace protecting tongue. Longskirt Pink coutil. Bon-ton.
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Bon-ton Model 871
Average figure, long skirt, low bust. Rubber hip gores. Broche. Pink
Size 24 to 29
Price $16.50
per pair

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WITH property values greater than ever before, it is your duty, and every man's, to have at hand the means of killing a small fire at its start. The loss of a minute may mean a conflagration which will involve a total property loss. It may be your home, your factory, business office, your garage, motor car.

The JOHNS MANVILLE FIRE EXTINGUISHER is the only extinguisher that is discharged accurately and continously in either of two ways. If the fire is accessible, pump it as with ordinary extinguishers, but if hard to get at or if the operator is in cramped quarters, the stream can be discharged by air pressure, allowing the extinguisher to be aimed as easily as the nozzle of a garden hose.

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BLEACHED SHEETS

made up from heavy twill sheeting, pure soft finished.

Size	63 x 90 inch	Price $	8.50 pair
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,,	80 x 99 ,,	,,	12.50 ,,
,,	90 x 106 ,,	,,	14.50 ,,

All hemmed ready for use

LINEN SHEETS, HEMSTITCHED

Size	70 x 106 in.	Price	$59.00 pair
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Size	70 x 108 in.	Price	$18.50 pair
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"MCLINTOCKS"

Down Quilts

Gold Medal Make. Covered best printed sateen with panels self colour to tone, filled down and well ventilated in full range of colours.

Size 4 x 5 feet	$14.50	each
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,, 5 x 6 ,,	21.50	,,
,, 6 x 7 ,,	29.50	,,

BLEACHED SHEETS

Made up from stout plain sheeting, nice linen finish, well give endless wear

Size 63 x 90 "	$12.75	each
,, 70 x 90 "	13.50	,,
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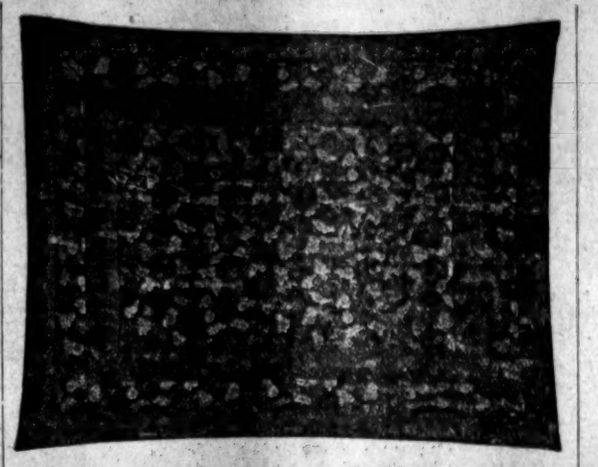
,, 70 x 108"	15.75	,,
,, 90 x 108"	18.50	,,
,, 100 x 108"	22.50	,,



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Down Quilts.

Superior quality Quilts made from the best materials, by skilled workmen and famed the world over. Warmth—without weight in Silk or Cotton coverings for single or double beds. All quilts in pairs to match. Single bed size from **$37.50** each

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Bleached Turkish Towels

Made from finest quality Egyptian yarns specially soft and absorbent.

Size	15 x 31	each	Size	$4.90	Down
,,	18 x 35	,,	,,	6 50	,,
,,	18 x 42	,,	,,	8.50	,,
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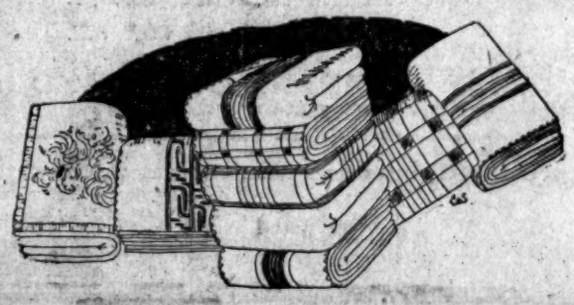
Fancy stripe Turkish Towels. Splendid range of superior quality Turkish Bedroom Towels.



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Camel hair wool blanketing in rich fawn shade, will not irritate the most tender skins, ends strongly braided.

Size	63 x 81 inches	$	27.50 each
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Real Witney Blankets

The "Arctic" Quality

Heavy Union Blanket. A popular blanket at a popular price for large establishments just the thing.

Size	Price
54 x 72 inches	$13.50 pair
62 x 84 ,,	18.50 ,,
70 x 90 ,,	25.50 ,,
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The "Belmont" Rug

heavy dark ground, assorted colourings, fringed ends.

Size 60 x 70" Price 10.50 each

Dr. Jaeger Sleeping Bags

In 3 ply wool. Camel hair blanketing 3 button fastening at top. Size 74 x 36

Price **$55.00** each

Real Witney Blankets

The "Nansen" Quality. Superior all wool blanket, will give endless wear and tear, specially soft finish, stocked in four sizes.

Size	62 x 90 in.	Price	$28.50 pair
,,	72 x 90 ,,	,,	35.50
,,	80 x 100 ,,	,,	44.50
,,	96 x 108 ,,	,,	52.50

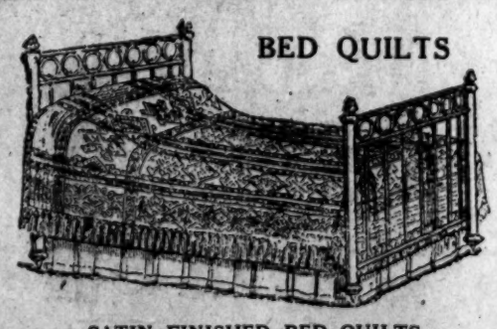
The "Bentley" Rug, self grey grounds with fringed ends heading of dark brown bar. Size about 64 x 76 inches.

Price **$18 00** each

THE "OXFORD" QUALITY CRIB BLANKETS

Soft finished, Union make, ends neatly bound, each whipped singly.

Size	31 x 43 inch	Price $	5.50	per pair
,,	38 x 52 ,,	,,	7.50 ,,	,,
,,	43 x 60 ,,	,,	10.50 ,,	,,
,,	50 x 68 ,,	,,	14.50 ,,	,,



BED QUILTS

SATIN FINISHED BED QUILTS

A handsome quilt similar in appearance to the old Marcella make but much lighter in weight.

Size	68 x 86 inch	Price	$ 8.50 each
,,	86 x 100 ,,	,,	12.50 ,,
,,	94 x 106 ,,	,,	15.75 ,,

For the Crib	33 x 44 inch	Price	$3.75 each
,,	42 x 54 ,,	,,	4.75 ,,
,,	54 x 63 ,,	,,	6.75 ,,

200 only Real Witney BLANKETS

64 x 84 inch

$8.50 each

Hemstitched and scalloped edge Pillow Cases.

Size about *19x29* inch.

Price *85* cts. each

Frilled Pillow Cases, strong calico make, size about *19x28* inch

Price *85* cts. each

worth double

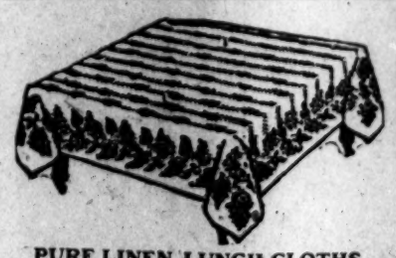
Bleached Serviettes

150 Dozen Strong damask serviettes size abt. 19 x 19 each

Price **$4.50** Dozen

23 x 23 in **6.75** ,,

Lunch Cloths bleached Damask 50 x 50 in. Price **$2.00** each.



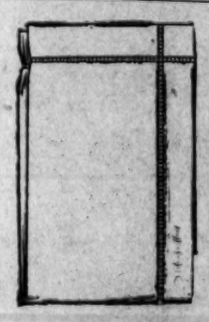
PURE LINEN LUNCH CLOTHS

in attractive designs

Size 36 x 36 inch Price *$4 50* each

,, 50 x 50 ,, ,, *9.50* ,,

All British manufacture.



For Square

shape Pillows we have large stocks, size 27 x 27 in. Plain, Hemstitched from **$1.75** each

For the Ex. large Pillows we can supply you size 22 x 32 in. from **$2.00** each

100 only "Irisheen" Cloths

Superior highly mercerised table cloth 58 x 78 in. $4.75 each.

TRAVELLING RUGS

The "Hanshee" Rug made from best quality Cashmere yarns with special silky finish size **60 x 70**

Price **$85.00** each

THE "STRANRAER"

Superior quality all wool rug in assorted colourings, diced fringed ends size about **60 x 80** each

Price **$75.00** each

100 Doz. **Turknit Towells**

Size 18 x 27in.

Price $4.50 Dz.

100 Doz. **Turknit Face Cloths**

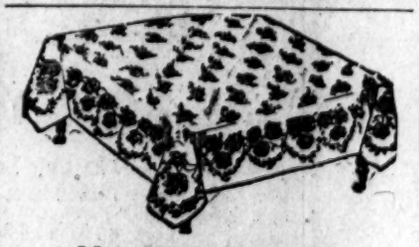
12 x 12 in.

Price $1.75 Dz.

150 Doz. **Serviettes** in assorted designs all hemmed ready for use about 20 x 20 inch

Price $5.50 Dozen

Red Bordered Lunch Cloth in strong damask. Size abt. 63 x 68 inch Price $5.75 each



Mercerised Damask

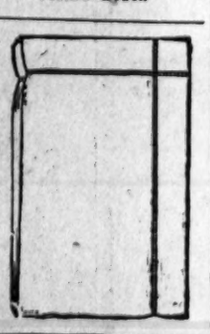
in good assortment of designs

Size	63 x 80	*$6.50* each
,,	70 x 88	*9.50* ,,
,,	70 x 106	*13.50* ,,
Napkins to Match		*$11.50* Dozen

Pillow Tubing

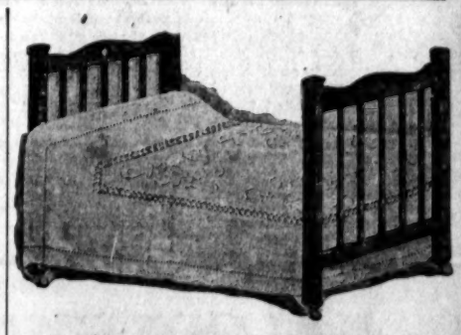
large shipment to hand in two qualities

40 inch wide **$1.00, 95 cts.** yard



Pillow Linen

40 inch **$3.00** yard



EMBROIDERED BEDSPREADS

Hemstitched and Embroidered Bedspreads in strong quality sheeting, assorted designs.

68 x 90 inch	Price		$9.75 each
86 x 100 ,,	,,		13.50 ,,
For the Crib 36 x 48 inches			3.75 ,,

2000 yds. of New Printed Sateens for recovering down quilts in large range of colourings 31 inch wide.

Price **$1.25 yd.**

designs of Rose lovers knot Chrysanthemums.

100 only Turkish Bath Mats 21x34 in.

Price **$2.75 each**

Cork Bath-mats 19x19 in.

Price **$3.50 each**

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & COMPANY, LIMITED, SHANGHAI

Hours of Business 8.30 a.m. to 5.30 p.m.

TERMS CASH

"WAYLOO CORNER"

NANKING ROAD —— SZECHUEN ROAD

NO CREDIT

Hours of Business 8.30 a.m. to 5.30 p.m.

The California Alien Land Law

Text Of Initiative Measure

The following is the full official text of the initiative measure amending the California Alien Land Law which was passed by the people of the State at the California State election held on November 2:

An act relating to the rights, powers and disabilities of aliens and of certain companies, associations and corporations with respect to property in this State, providing for escheats in certain cases, prescribing the procedure therein, requiring reports of certain property holdings to facilitate the enforcement of this act, prescribing penalties for violation of the provisions hereof, and repealing all acts, or parts of acts inconsistent or in conflict herewith.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:—

Sec. 1. All aliens eligible to citizenship under the laws of the United States may acquire, possess, enjoy, transmit and inherit real property, or any interest therein, in this State, in the same manner and to the same extent as citizens of the United States, except as otherwise provided in the laws of this State.

Sec. 2. All aliens other than those mentioned in section one of this act may acquire, possess, enjoy and transfer real property, or and interest therein, in this State, in the manner and to the extent and for the purpose prescribed by any treaty now existing between the Government of the United States and the nation or country of which such alien is a citizen or subject, and not otherwise.

Sec. 3. Any company, association or corporation organised under the laws of this or any other State or nation, of which a majority of the members are aliens other than those specified in section one of this act, or in which a majority of the issued capital stock is owned by such aliens, may acquire, possess, enjoy and convey real property, or any interest therein, in this State, in the manner and to the extent and for the purposes prescribed by any treaty now existing between the Government of the United States and the nation or country of which such members or stockholders are citizens or subjects, and not otherwise. Hereafter all aliens other than those specified in section one hereof may become members of or acquire shares of stock in any company, association or corporation that is or may be authorised to acquire, possess, enjoy or convey agricultural land, in the manner and to the extent and for the purposes prescribed by any treaty now existing between the Government of the United States and the nation or country of which such alien is a citizen or subject, and not otherwise.

Sec. 4. Hereafter no alien mentioned in section two hereof and no company, association or corporation mentioned in section three hereof, may be appointed guardian of that portion of the estate of a minor which consists of property which such alien or such company, association or corporation is inhibited from acquiring, possessing, enjoying or transferring by reason of the provisions of this act. The public administrator of the proper county, or any other competent person or corporation, may be appointed guardian of the estate of a minor citizen whose parents are ineligible to appointment under the provisions of this section.

On such notice to the guardian as the court may require, the superior court may remove the guardian of such an estate whenever it appears to the satisfaction of the court.

(a) That the guardian has failed to file the report required by the provisions of section five hereof; or

(b) That the property of the ward has not been or is not being administered with due regard to the primary interest of the ward; or

(d) That facts establishing any other legal ground for removal exist.

Sec. 5. (a) The term "trustee" as used in this section means any person, company, association or corporation that as guardian, trustee, attorney-in-fact or agent, or in any other capacity has the title, custody or control of property, or some interest therein, belonging to an alien mentioned in section two hereof, or to the minor child of such an alien if the property is of such a character that such alien is inhibited from acquiring, possessing enjoying or transferring it.

(b) Annually on or before the thirty-first day of January every such trustee must file in the office of the Secretary of State of California and in the office of the county clerk of each county in which any of the property is situated, a verified written report showing:

(1) The property, real or personal, held by him for or on behalf of such an alien or minor;

(2) A statement showing the date when each item of such property came into his possession or control;

(3) An itemised account of all expenditures, investments, rents, issues and profits in respect to the administration and control of such property with particular reference to holdings of corporate stock and leases, cropping contracts and other agreements in respect to land and the handling or sale of products thereof.

(c) Any person, company, association or corporation that violates any provision of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

(a) The provisions of this section are cumulative and are not intended to change the jurisdiction or the rules of practice of courts of justice.

Sec. 6. Whenever it appears to the court in any probate proceeding that by reason of the provisions of this act any heir or devisee can not take real property in this state or membership or shares of stock in a company, association or corporation which, but for said provisions, said heir or devisee would take as such, the court, instead of ordering a distribution of such property to such heir or devisee, shall order a sale of said property to be made in the manner provided by law for probate sales of property and the proceeds of such sale shall be distributed to such heir or devisee in lieu of such property.

Sec. 7. Any real property hereafter acquired in fee in violation of the provisions of this act by any alien mentioned in section two of this act, or by any company, association or corporation mentioned in section three of this act, shall escheat to, and became and remain the property of the State of California. The attorney general or district attorney of the proper county shall institute proceedings to have the escheat of such real property adjudged and enforced in the manner provided by section four hundred and seventy-four of the Political Code and title eight, part three of the Code of Civil Procedure. Upon the entry of final judgment in such proceedings, the title to such real property shall pass to the State of California. The provisions of sections two and three of this act shall not apply to any real property hereafter acquired in the enforcement or in satisfaction of any lien now existing upon, or interest in such property, so long as such real property so acquired shall remain the property of the alien, company, association or corporation acquiring the same in such manner. No alien, company, association or corporation mentioned in section two or section three hereof shall hold for a longer period than two years the possession of any agricultural land acquired in the enforcement of or in satisfaction of a mortgage or other lien hereafter made or acquired in good faith to secure a debt.

Sec. 8. Any leasehold or other interest in real property less than the fee, hereafter acquired in violation of the provisions of this act by any alien mentioned in section two of this act, or by any company, association or corporation mentioned in section three of this act, shall escheat to the State of California. The attorney general or district attorney of the proper county shall institute proceedings to have such escheat adjudged and enforced as provided in section seven of this act. In such proceedings the court shall determine and adjudge the value of such leasehold or other interest in such real property, and enter judgment for the State for the amount hereof. Judgment rendered for the State shall order a sale of the real property covered by such leasehold, or other interest, in the manner provided by section twelve hundred seventy-one of the Code of Civil Procedure. Out of the proceeds arising from such sale, the amount of the judgment rendered for the state shall be paid into the State treasury and the balance shall be deposited with and distributed by the court in accordance with the interest of the parties therein, and share of stock or the interest of any member in a company, association or corporation hereafter acquired in violation of the provisions of section three of this act shall escheat to the State of California. Such escheat shall be adjudged and enforced in the same manner as provided in this section for the escheat of a leasehold or other interest in real property less than the fee.

Sec. 9. Every transfer of real property, or of an interest therein, though colorable in form, shall be void as to the State and the interest thereby conveyed or sought to be conveyed shall escheat to the State if the property interest involved is of such a character that an alien mentioned in section two hereof is inhibited from acquiring, possessing, enjoying or transferring it, and if the conveyance is made with intent to prevent, evade or avoid escheat as provided for herein.

A *Prima facie* presumption that the conveyance is made with such intent shall arise upon proof of any of the following groups of facts:

(a) The taking of the property in the name of a person other than the persons mentioned in section two hereof if the consideration is paid or agreed or understood to be paid by an alien mentioned in section two hereof;

(b) The taking of the property in the name of a company, association or corporation, if the memberships or shares of stock therein held by aliens mentioned in section two hereof, together with the memberships or shares of stock held by others, but paid for or agreed or understood to be paid for by such aliens, would amount to a majority of the memberships or the issued capital stock of such company, association or corporation:

(c) The execution of a mortgage in favor of an alien mentioned in section two hereof if said mortgage is given possession, control or management of the property.

The enumeration in this section of certain presumptions shall not be so construed as to preclude other presumptions or inference that reasonably may be made as to the existence of intent to prevent, evade or avoid escheat as provided for herein.

Sec. 10. If two or more persons conspire to effect a transfer of real property, or of an interest therein, in violation of the provisions hereof, they are punishable by imprisonment in the country jail or state penitentiary not exceeding two years, or by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or both.

Sec. 11. Nothing in this act shall be construed as a limitation upon the power of the State to enact laws with respect to the acquisition, holding or disposal by aliens of real property in this State.

Sec. 12. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent or in conflict with the provisions hereof are hereby repealed; provided, that—

(a) This act shall not affect pending actions or proceedings, but the same may be prosecuted and defended with the effect as if this act had not been adopted;

(b) No cause of action arising under any law of this State shall be affected by reason of the adoption of this act whether an action or proceeding has been instituted thereon at the time of the taking effect of this act or not and actions may be brought upon such causes in the same manner, under the same terms and conditions, and with the same effect as if this act had not been adopted.

(c) This act in so far as it does not take from or alter an existing law, shall be construed as a continuation thereof.

Sec. 13. The legislature may amend this act in furtherance of its purpose and to facilitate its operation.

Sec. 14. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause or phrase of this act is for any reason held to be unconstitutional, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this act. The people hereby declare that they would have passed this act, and each section, subsection, sentence, clause and phrase thereof, irrespective of the fact that any one or more other sections, sub sections, clauses or phrases b declared unconstitutional.

President Of Panama Nation's Guest At Washington

Dr. Don P. Belisario Porras President-elect of Panama, is at Washington as a guest of the United States. Upon his arrival Dr. Porras was greeted at the station by Secretary of State Colby and a host of diplomats. He was later the guest of honor at a lawn party at the residence of Secretary of War Baker.

DO THINGS PROPERLY

Someday or other you'll want Fox Skin. So why not do thing properly, why not prepare for the day. Why not buy a Fox Ski that is different from the ordinar China Fox Skin. Let an exper who knows all about Fox Skin select one for you, a real beaut with nice long fur, and oh, wha a bushy tail! Send a Chinese Pos Office money order for $25 to MI ELLY WIDLER, TA TSIENLU SZECHWAN PROVINCE, and h will at once mail you one of thes specially selected Tibetan Fo Skins.

Born 1915—Still Existing.

STANDARD VALUES.

To be perfectly FRANC(k) we are continuing to POUND away at the acknowledged STERLING value of Beecham's Pills, which have made their MARK as a remedy "worth a GUINEA a box", or, in China, "a DOLLAR a dose." To avoid (t)ROUBLE insist on having BEECHAM'S PILLS, (THE UNIVERSAL STANDARD OF VALUE).

USE ONLY DEVOE'S BRILLIANT OIL

THE PERFECTION OIL HEATER—

Is a beautiful little heater, well made and well proportioned. Small enough to be carried from room to room, economical in fuel consumption, yet large enough to do its work well.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF NEW YORK
26 SZECHUEN ROAD

KALODERMA PREPARATIONS

AGAIN ON THE MARKET

Kaloderma Soap box $2.00
Kaloderma-Creme $.50 per tube
Kaloderma Face Powder, three sizes, boxes of $.25, .50 and $1.00
Kaloderma Shaving Soap $0.90
Odonta Mouth Wash bottle $1.50
Extrait Phantasma Violet $3.00 bottle
Lilienmilch $1.20 per bottle
Extrait Divinia, four sizes $2.50, 6.00, 9.00 and 10.00
Divinia Face Powder $2.50 and 4.50 per box.
Divinia Sachets $0.75 and 1.50
Divinia Lotion $3.75 per bottle

American Drug Co.
PROPRIETORS OF
Maison de Parfumerie
40 NANKING ROAD, SHANGHAI

What Do Your Walls Say?

No one believes that "walls have ears," but it is a fact that they talk.

A wall can say "restfulness, sanitation, beauty, durability"—and it can say other things not so flattering!

Velumina
The Oil Flat Wall Paint

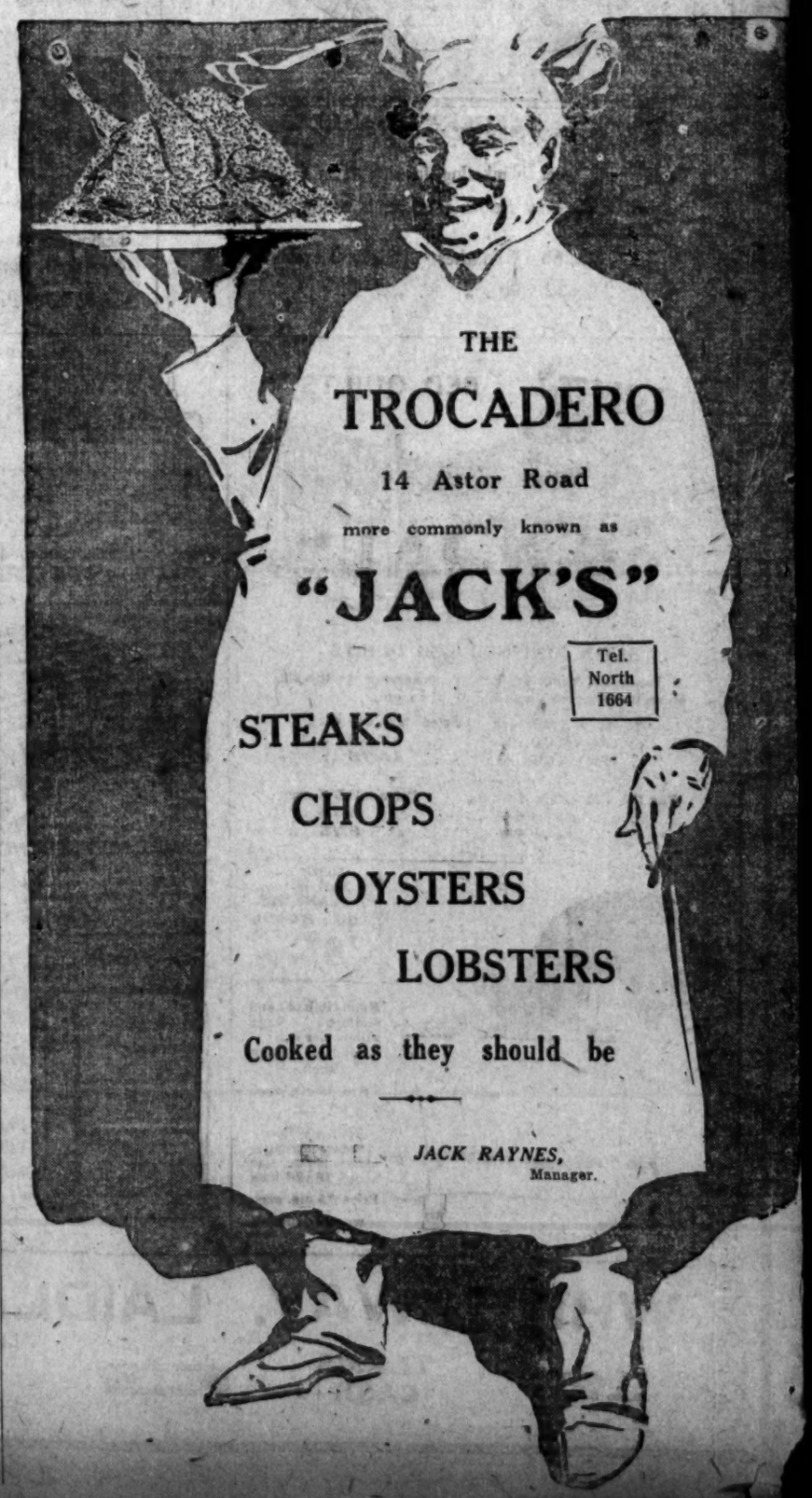
brings out the best points of wall decoration and would give your home an atmosphere you would appreciate—and so would your friends.

Velumina is a practical paint, made with an Oil Base, and this means permanence. A Velumina wall can be washed, so it is easily kept clean and sanitary.

Let us show you color schemes and post you on the latest developments in interior house decorations.

Telephone, C. 1953

FEARON, DANIEL & CO., Inc.
18-B, Kiangse Road



Serious Instances Of Discrimination Against American Shipping In Kobe

(Wireless from Cavite, picked up November 13 by Chinese Wireless)

An investigation of the Shipping Board's complaint of discrimination against American shipping at Kobe discloses surprising conditions, but admittedly none are actionable. In numerous instances of injury to American shipping interests through Japanese methods of interference it is impossible to prove intent, which Japanese naturally claim is due to the fact that no intent exists.

Mr. R. O. Baker, the United States Shipping Board Representative in Japan has been collecting evidence but neither he nor American shippers will permit the use of their names for quotation for business and official reasons.

While charges of discrimination at Kobe against foreign shipping have been the cause of irritation for ten years charges of particular discrimination against the United States started only last February. Two conditions are responsible: one being that the increased demand for landing and storage space of American cargo is injurious to the Kobe waterfront which is already congested; the other being alarm among Japanese ship-owners, trading companies, and business interests generally at the rapid increase in American tonnage since 1918. The following table shows the comparative imports and exports of Kobe in tons.

IMPORTS

Japanese Ships.		
1918	1,374,000	tons
1919	1,032,000	„
First half of 1920.	380,000	„
American Ships.		
1918	25,000	„
1919	127,000	„
1920, First half..	417,000	„

EXPORTS

Japanese Ships.		
1918	819,000	„
1919	585,000	„
First half 1920...	240,000	„
American Ships.		
1918	115,000	„
1919	38,000	„
First half 1920...	31,000	„

American shippers quote the following instances in support of the charges of Japanese discrimination against American shipping at Kobe: Practically all foreign ships are forced to discharge cargo outside the breakwater, often necessitating lightering in heavy seas, and frequently resulting in damaged cargoes. Japanese ships all lighter inside the breakwater and when they cannot get to the piers anchor at buoys which are reserved for them, while foreign ships are not able to make such reservation. The Empress of Asia complied with quarantine regulations for hours recently while a Japanese freighter discharged cargo at the pier, and on one occasion this vessel was forced to back off from the pier to make a place for a Japanese ship. Fresh water must be ordered from the Customs officials. An Admiral line boat recently ordered water but the supply was diverted by the Japanese port officials to a Japanese boat and the Admiral boat was forced to sail with 150 tons of water instead of 350. Ernest E. Johnson, Manager of the Admiral line says that foreign ships frequently leave Kobe with half water in boilers only, the excuse being: "Very bad port officer, Very sorry for you." American importers brought a shipment of American cheese into Kobe in bond for transhipment to China. The cheese was packed in salt to prevent shrinkage. Japanese Customs officers broke into the bonded consignment office and threw the salt into the harbor. Two weeks later the company learned the facts and found the cheese bubbling in the sun on the pier. They repacked the cheese and sent it on. The Japanese explanation was that salt is a Japanese government monopoly. The same Company shipped 350 tons of bar iron to China but it was unloaded at Kobe by attaching a hook to the middle of the bars and dragging them through the hatches, thereby twisting and bending them so that ships could not have carried them.

Seven months ago three American companies shipped a cargo of peanut oil to San Francisco worth twenty cents a pound. The loading was done by a Japanese stevedoring firm. On arrival at San Francisco there were only two carloads of cans intact, the others being crushed and the oil spilled in the holds under all five hatches. The bottoms of the cans were punctured by hooks premitting the weight above to crush the cans, complaint elicited the reply that the Japanese were not responsible for the hooks used by coolies.

The ship Spirit from Seattle broke her rudder between Yokohama and Kobe, becoming a menace to navigation. International Marine law gives a helpless ship the right to violate every rule save quarantine. The steamer had five tugs assisting her. The port official stopped the repairs and ordered the vessel as a punishment to be taken out and brought in again the master refused and the landing of cargo was resumed after a delay of five hours. The Andrew Jackson, an American ship, was in harbor thirty-two days before her cargo was discharged.

Japanese landing company acts as the government agent for bonding all cargo of American shippers and it is asserted that American cargoes are delayed while Japanese cargoes are expedited. Mr. Baker, representing the United States Shipping Board, is trying to induce the government to give fair treatment, not asking more than is given to Japanese in American ports. Foreigners have a club-house on the sea shore at Kobe with a women's building and bathing beach. Although the beach is five miles long a Japanese fertiliser station was recently built alongside the club.

The foregoing allegations of American shippers are being submitted to Japanese officials to give them an opportunity to reply.

Invalid Travels 500 Miles In Wheel Chair

B. E. Davis, a Los Angeles invalid, desired to see more of California than his immediate neighborhood so he started out alone in his wheel chair for a trip to San Francisco over the auto highway along the Pacific shore. The trip of 500 miles took Davis a month and he arrived in San Francisco in the best of shape. The photo shows Mr. Davis on his arrival in San Francisco after propelling himself the whole distance.

TO HUNT NEW DRUG IN AMAZON BASIN

American Scientists To Explore About 1,000 Miles In Eastern Ecuador And Peru

New York, October 15.—A party of American scientists will explore about 1,000 miles of the Amazon basin next year, beginning in January, in search of new drugs and narcotics, according to an announcement yesterday by Dr. Henry H. Rusby, dean of the Columbia School of Pharmacy. He is to be the leader of the party, and one of the members will be Dr. David Starr Jordan of Leland Stanford Junior University, who will study fishes and reptiles.

Dr. Rusby said that the expedition was to be called the Mulford Biological Exploration of the Amazon because the financial support was to come mainly from the H. K. Mulford Company of Philadelphia. He said the investigations of the party "would be on a purely scientific basis," and that the general aim would be to make "discoveries of an economic value." Insects and animals are to be studied, as well as medicinal plants, and photographers will make educational motion pictures.

The party will include experts from Harvard, Johns Hopkins and the college of Physicians and Surgeons, the Columbia Schools of Pharmacy and other institutions co-operating in investigation of the physical, chemical and clinical properties of drugs. Some of the members are to be Dr. Ed Kremers of the University of Wisconsin, an authority on volatile oils; Professor Gill of the Boston Institute of Technology, a specialist on fixed oil from seeds; Dr. Ruthven of the University of Michigan, who will study reptiles, and Dr. Eigenman of the University of Indiana, who will study fishes. Members of the staff of the American Museum of Natural History also will be in the party.

Dr. Rusby has already made four trips to South America. Before the war he went into southern Colombia to study quinine sources. In 1885 he started a two-year expedition to the Amazon in search of medicinal plants. He explored the Orinoco delta for a colonisation company in 1893, and on another expedition he sought new sources of rubber supplies.

"There remains this 1,000-mile tract along Eastern Ecuador and Peru from which no specimens of any kind have ever been procured." Dr. Rusby said.

Eaten up with Rheumatism But DeWitt's Cured him

Another splendid triumph for Famous "Proof Cure"

Do you suffer from rheumatic shooting pains in the limbs and stiff aching joints?

Few people know the real cause of these troubles and how they lead up to awful diseases that cause thousands of deaths every year.

Those who are inclined to kidney trouble should be on the look-out for symptoms which will prove to them whether their kidneys are weak or not, and these symptoms should not be overlooked or disregarded, because serious and incurable forms of kidney and bladder disorder start with very slight symptoms, and gradually get worse. How are you to recognise kidney and bladder trouble? Just ask yourself the question, "Have I any of the following symptoms?" Have I a nasty taste in the mouth first thing in the morning, puffiness under the eyes, general feeling of weakness and irritability, aches and pains in various parts of the body? Have I constipation, cloudy urine, or sharp stabbing or aching pains—a pain "as though my back will break"? These are the sure and certain symptoms of kidney trouble, and those who suffer from backache, rheumatism, gout, sciatica, gravel, stone, cystitis (inflammation of the bladder), or pains in the muscles and joints, are all suffering these pains through weak or diseased kidneys, for these are positively the symptoms of kidney trouble.

These signs of kidney or bladder trouble are caused by the poisonous acid in the blood which the kidneys should remove, but they do not, owing to their being in a weak state.

The kidneys are the filters of the body, and it is through them that the impurities from the blood pass out of the system. If the kidneys are out of order, these impurities, which take the form of tiny jagged crystals of uric acid, are held up in the body, causing those rheumatic twinges in the joints and muscles and stabbing pains in the back. Other ways in which kidney trouble shows itself are headaches, nervous debility, swollen feet, bad breath, constipation, and weakness of the bladder. You cannot have good health and spirits while this poison is in your system. Bright's Disease is one of the deadliest of modern complaints, and if you neglect any kind of kidney or bladder weakness, you are running a serious risk. It is dangerous to delay. It is no longer necessary to suffer. Here is the story of a man who was cured completely of kidney trouble.

Mr. THOMAS THOMAS, (from Photo).

Mr. Thomas Thomas, of Park Side, Tredegar, says:—"For four or five years I was eaten up with rheumatism. My arms and legs swelled so badly that I had to hobble out on crutches. Sometime I had to crawl up and down the stairs on hands and knees, the pain was so terrible. After I had tried many doctors and advertised remedies, without success, I was advised to try De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills. I was surprised and delighted at the relief I obtained after the first dose. I continued with them, and got rapidly better, and could soon get about without crutches. I have been able to walk and work in comfort ever since that time, and I feel I owe a complete and wonderful cure to De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills.

De Witt's Kidney and Bladder Pills go straight to the kidneys, instead of merely regulating the bowels, as most so-called "Kidney Pills" do. This is the secret of their marvellous efficacy.

They are so finely compounded that they pass from the stomach straight into the kidneys and into the bladder. This is positively proved to you when you see that blue-coloured urine. There cannot be any doubt—this very fact alone proves that De Witt's Pills have been just where you require them to go, the kidneys and the bladder. You see it for yourself.

If your kidneys are healthy you make a fair bid for general good health and spirits. Many people's lives are made a burden by those tiring, weakening, backache pains, those rheumatic twinges in the limbs, those burning bladder pains, and discomfort, and the irritability and depression that is always a sure sign of kidney and bladder weakness. These symptoms are the forerunners of rheumatism gout, lumbago, and bladder inflammation, that make life an incessant torture, or the terrible Bright's disease that causes so many death every year. A proper kidney remedy, properly administered, will remove from the system the poisons which cause all this pain and disease and promote normal good health and outlook.

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SEES LEAGUE'SFALL WITHOUT AMERICA

Australian Prime Minister Says We Must Help Great World Experiment

ADMITS IT HAS FAULTS

Blames Wilson For Not Calling In Lodge, Root And Taft—Is Not Anti-Japanese

Melbourne, Sept. 1.—Prime Minister William H. Hughes, in an exclusive interview today, declared that the League of Nations is worthless without America and that, while the League is at present ignorant, inexperienced and has many faults, still it presents the only hope for world peace. Hitting hard at Wilson with one hand he offered his palm to the American people with the other.

"The same Pacific Ocean, with the same questions and problems, washes both of our shores, giving America and Australia certain common interests," he said. "To foster these we are sending a diplomatic representative to Washington and trebling our trade representation. There we rejoice over the launching of each new American battleship; it is another brick in our citadel of safety."

Premier Hughes is certainly one of the most picturesque men among world statesmen. He trusts few and has not many personal friends, yet he completely dominates Australian politics.

LEAGUE NEEDS AMERICA

He hates well, and President Wilson is one of his principal aversions.

"There is no question that the League is practically worthless without America," he declared. "America must help out this great experiment. Of course it is imperfect, but it is a brave attempt to substitute the rule of law for the rule of force. It lacks experience and has much to learn. For example, it does not seem to know the difference between Federal and State Governments. Every communication from the League is addressed to one of our States instead of to the Commonwealth. That is as silly as addressing to the Governor of Illinois a communication intended for the President at Washington.

"We must all recognise that our several countries have certain fundamental principles which are vital to their existence. On these we can neither sacrifice nor compromise. Nor can we even profitably discuss them with another people. America considers the Monroe Doctrine as vital as Britain the freedom of the seas. The League must recognise these policies and it must recognise the right of nations to protect their vital interests.

"Quite naturally the League is crude and unfinished. President Wilson came to Paris with the germ of an idea and others contributed greatly toward it. When it came down to governing its birth in written covenant, he insisted on the inclusion of certain principles which he considered vital to America. In the interests of the world's peace it is most regrettable that he did not bring other American representatives with him, such as Lodge, Taft or Root. Then most of the difficulties that followed could have been easily avoided.

"The deliberations at the Peace Conference showed clearly the difficulties of world government by one body. Some of the best men of the world were there, but for the most part, they know little of conditions in any country but their own. As a matter of fact, many questions were settled on a basis of mutual concessions by the great powers. This meant that every country's interest was settled by people who knew nothing about its wants. This will also apply to the decisions of the League of Nations."

FIGHT FOR GREAT BRITAIN

Regarding the future form which the British Empire might take, Mr. Hughes said:

"Just what form they will take, no one is able to tell, but certain dominions will have a good deal of direct say about international affairs. The dominions' attitude toward the foreign policy of the empire outside of the League of Nations covenant, of course, must depend upon the circumstances in store for them. We claim the right to decide for ourselves whether or not we fight, but if Britain should be engaged in a life-or-death struggle there is no doubt whatever that the Dominions would support her to the end."

Mr. Hughes spent little time in finishing such talk as circulates about the possibility of Australia cutting its connections with Britain.

"Australia certainly recognises that her destiny and safety are bound up with the empire," he declared. "We would not give up the empire for any promise of the League of Nations."

Approaching the Japanese question warily, Mr. Hughes showed far less feeling regarding our Pacific neighbors than the ordinary Australian. "There is nothing unreasonable in white Australia's agreeing to a renewal of a modified Anglo-Japanese agreement," he explained. "Our white Australian policy applies equally as well to British Indians as it does to the Japanese. With a strong League of Nations the Anglo-Japanese agreement would probably end automatically."

Earthquake Destroys Italian Cities

This is one of the first photographs to reach this country of the recent earthquake which wrought destruction in Northern Italy. The picture shows ruined homes in the town of Fivizzano near Florence. It was reported that the quake caused the death of 500 persons and hundreds of thousands were made homeless.

SAYS HE KILLED COUGHLIN BABY

Pasquale Declares Child Was Smothered When He Hid Him Under His Coat

CONFESSES TO POLICE

Tells Where He Buried The Body—Search Near Egg Harbor Is Unsuccessful

Harrisburg Pa., October 11.—The mystery of Blakely Coughlin was solved today by Major Lynn G. Adams, Superintendent of the Pennsylvania Police, who said that August Pasquale, "the crank," had confessed that he had kidnapped the child from his Norristown home. The child is dead, and Pasquale has told the police where he buried his body. According to the confession, the kidnapper put the baby under his coat to hide him, and he was smothered.

The Coughlin child, aged 15 months, was stolen last Spring, and his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Coughlin, tried every method they could to discover his whereabouts. Pasquale was apprehended by the State police in New Jersey, August 2. He was caught while negotiating for more money from Coughlin, from whom he had obtained $12,000. According to Major Adams, Pasquale said he had buttoned the infant under his coat when he heard a noise while going down the ladder leading from the baby's room. Pasquale told the major that when he had gone some distance from the Coughlin house he found the child dead.

Pasquale sent for the head of the State police yesterday, and Major Adams saw him at Norristown, in the Montgomery County Jail.

"Pasquale told me that he had gone into the child's room and that it was asleep," said Major Adams today. "He said that while he was descending the ladder he heard voices. In order that he might not be seen with the child, he buttoned his coat close about the baby. He said that as soon as he touched the ground he ran away, and after he had gone some distance he opened his coat and found the baby smothered to death."

Pasquale told Major Adams where the baby was buried, but the latter said he would not make known the place until after his men had had an opportunity to search the locality.

Captain Samuel Gearhart of the State Police has been sent to Egg Harbor, N. J., where Pasquale lived, and, while Major Adams would not say that the body was buried in that vicinity, it is believed that that is the place.

Philadelphia, October 11.—"I do not believe Pasquale smothered my baby," said Mrs. Coughlin. "He has proved to be a liar so many times that I will not believe what he says until the child or his body is found."

The Coughlin baby was taken from his crib in a second floor room of the Coughlin home near Norristown, fifteen miles from Philadelphia, after midnight on June 2. No clue was found until George H. Coughlin, the father, received a letter signed "the crank," demanding $12,000 for the recovery of the child. He was directed to place the money under a trolley station near Norristown. This he did, and when he returned to get the child the money was gone.

Later another letter was received in which "the crank" demanded $10,000 more. It was agreed that Coughlin was to throw the money from an Atlantic City train when he saw a white sheet flying between trees along the railroad. The railroad from Camden, N. J., to Atlantic City was covered by State policemen. A box supposed to contain the money was thrown out of a car window as the train approached Egg Harbor, N. J., when the distressed father saw the sheet. A State policeman saw a man pick up the package, and his capture followed after a struggle.

The prisoner proved to be August Pasquale. He has been in the Montgomery County Jail since early in August awaiting his trial, which was to have been held this week.

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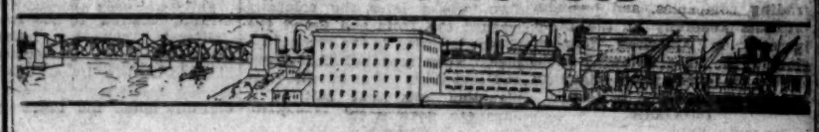
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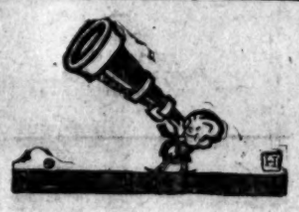
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WHEREUPON MR. KHOO BITES OFF SOMETHING

Mr. Khoo Boon Seow informs the Straits Echo that he recently resigned the post of Manager of the local branch of the Ho Hong Bank, Ltd., for the purpose of taking up a position with a financial concern in China, where he will be able to devote careful study to the fiscal affairs of the Republic.

He emphasises that the financial affairs of China are going from bad to worse and its chances of salvation from a sorry fate lie in the direction of the abolition of military domination and its replacement by civil administration. Secondly, reform of the complicated currency system and the adoption of a gold standard as in the Straits long ago, is a matter of the highest importance, while the cultivation of a healthy well-informed public opinion should count for much in the rehabilitation of the nation.

Further, he realises the need of a uniform system of accountancy throughout the country and the suppression of bribery, corruption and nepotism which is rampant throughout the land.

That Mr. Khoo has a very hard task before him will be generally conceded and that he will have deserved well at the hands of his countrymen if he can succeed in carrying through only a part of his program will also assuredly be freely admitted.

MANILA CARNIVAL ASKS FOR U. S. PACIFIC FLEET

The Pacific fleet of the United States may be in Manila during the carnival and take active part in the ceremonies to be held during the grand festival, according to a statement made by Director General Vargas.

Upon recommendation of Director Vargas, the governor general has sent a cablegram to the secretary of the navy of the United States, inviting the fleet to call at Manila in February on its return trip to America after cruising in the south Pacific. Mr. Vargas has learned that the fleet will start on this trip in December or January and the voyage offers an opportunity to the carnival association to extend the invitation, and if it is accepted Manila will be regaled with carnival water features.

GENERAL BOOTH IS COMING TO JAPAN

General W. Bramwell Booth, head of the Salvation Army, will visit Japan next spring, according to an announcement made by the Salvation Army headquarters in Tokio, which says that definite arrangements have been made for the trip. General W. Bramwell Booth is the eldest son of the late General Booth, founder of the Salvation Army.

The plan as it now stands includes certain public events in Tokio from March 25 to 30. After this the general proposes to visit Korea and China, returning to Japan just after the middle of April.

At that time he will probably visit Fukuoka, Kobe, Osaka, Kyoto, Nagoya, Maebashi, Fukushima and Sendai. In every case public meetings will be held. He will be in Tokio from May 2 until May 6 to hold private meetings for Officers and Soldiers of the Army, and for a final public farewell on May 6.

General Booth earlier this year made a tour in Australia and New Zealand and is at the present time visiting the United States and Canada. The members of the Army in Japan, many of whom remember the remarkable series of meetings and other events when the late General Booth visited Japan are expecting an equally successful campaign in connection with the present general's visit.

PROMINENT CHINESE IN PENANG SUICIDES

Considerable stir was caused in Penang Chinese business circles on Nov. 5 by the news that the well-known manager of a large firm of traders in Beach Street, Mr. Ng Tek Chee, had committed suicide. He left his shop on Tuesday giving a letter to the clerk for his wife purporting to say he had been losing heavily in speculation. The body was recovered from the harbor.

SOLDIER WHO 'COMMITTED SUICIDE' FOUND ALIVE

William H. Heidman, private in the 10th service company, signal corps, disappeared a few weeks ago, leaving his army blouse and a note saying he was "ending it all," on the bank of the Pasig river in Manila but it has not all ended yet, he was informed by the provost marshal when he was arrested and placed in the guard house.

The case looked like a fake suicide to the provost marshal from the first and when the man was arrested he bore no marks to indicate he had even been "dead." He was in civilian clothes.

It was reported at the time of his disappearance that the man had been led to "take his life," because of a trifling difficulty he had with the lieutenant in charge of his company. He informed the lieutenant in the "farewell" note, "You won't be bothered with me again."

BEGIN MOVE TO IMPROVE KOREA'S ARABLE LAND

The government-general of Chosen plans to start work from this year for the enlargement and improvement of arable land in Korea, to improve food production and encourage industries.

For this purpose, the offices dealing with agriculture, irrigation, cultivation, exploitation and others concerning land improvement, hitherto in the Agricultural Bureau of the Exploitation Department, have been organised into an independent Bureau, entitled the land improvement bureau.

The government-general intends to subsidise irrigation and land exploitation to the extent of 20 or 30 percent of the expenditure.

UNITED SERVICES MEN ORGANISE IN MALAYA

The first meeting of the General Committee of the United Service Great War Association of Malaya was held in Kuala Lumpur on October 31. The seven branches of the Association already formed were represented by the following delegates:

Kuala Lumpur: Capt. C. J. Foot, Messrs. R. W. Blair and W. D. Mavor; Klang: Lt. Col. C. E. Waite, M.C., Mr. G. F. Lahaye; Kuala Selangor: Capt. J. M. Ferguson, Messrs. C. W. S. and N. E. S. Gardner;; Tanjong Malim and Kuala Kubu; Majors C. H. A. Huxtable D.S.O., M.C. and C. Bathurst M. C. Ipoh: Lt. Col. Sir John Campbell, Majors H. F. Nutter and G. N. C. Stevens. Taiping: Major S. Paffles, O.B.E., Mr. R. G. C. Hill, Seremban: Majors W. L. Braddon and A. L. Harrison D.S.O. Hon. Secretary Mr. B.J.P. Joaquim.

Mr. P. de C. Morris was elected chairman of the Committee for the ensuing year, and Major H. F. Nutter vice-chairman.

TECHNICAL MAN GOES FROM CEYLON TO MALAY

The Times of Ceylon reports: Mr. W. J. Brindley, A.M.I.C.E., B.A., B.A.I., of Trinity College, Dublin, after serving seven years in the Irrigation Department, has now severed his connection with the Ceylon Government, having been offered an appointment in the P.W.D., Malay States, at nearly twice the salary he was drawing in Ceylon.

Mr. Brindley was not only one of the most brilliant of the younger officers in the Irrigation Department, but had made himself proficient in both the vernaculars, which enhances the loss to the Colony.

RETIRES AFTER 56 YEARS SERVICE IN HONGKONG

Mr. Eusebio Honorato d'Aquino I.S.O., who joined the Hongkong Civil Service on October 1, 1864, is going to make his last appearance, on December 31 this year, at the Stamp Office.

On account of his long service the Government has given him three months leave on full pay (up to March 31, 1921), before retiring on pension pay.

Mr. Jamsetjee Pestonjee, who joined the Service on February 1, 1894, as a clerk in the Treasury, is appointed to the place of Mr. d'Aquino. He has been attached to the Stamp Office since the beginning of this month in order that when the oldest corner stone is removed he will be able to take its place. Mr. Pestonjee is Hongkong born, a good English scholar, very energetic and obliging and also a sportsman, being a member of the Craigengower Club.

GRANDSON OF SAIGO DIES AT AGE OF 19

The death is announced of Marquis Takateru Saigo grandson of the great Takemori Saigo of Japanese history. The Marquis, who was but 19 years old, has been ill for five months. He died on Nov. 20 at the family home at Kagoshima, Kagoshima Prefecture.

The grandfather of the youth who has died won the position of commander-in-chief of the imperialist forces in the conflict between the Mikado and the shogun in restoration of 1868. After the victory of the emperor, however, he broke with the other leaders of the imperial side of the conflict and retired to Satsuma, of which clan he was a samurai, and founded a military school which nurtured the conflict between the old and new regimes in 1877. The great leader fell in the conflict.

COLORED SOLDIERS POPULAR IN PEKING

Peking recently enjoyed the unusual sight of negro troops, and the colored boys are enjoying Peking. Twenty-three members of the latest party of United States troops on tourist leave from the Philippines belong to a colored division. They arrived, together with 34 white soldiers and two officers, on the U.S.A. Transport Warren at Chinwangtao.

The colored troops stayed at the Y.M.C.A.—with the exception of one chap who brought his wife along, and who stopped at the Grand Hotel de Peking. The boys were on the streets from morning till night, seeing the sights of the old capital of China, and were extremely popular with the ricsha pullers. "Co slow, boy, I'se in no harry—" falls upon unaccustomed but welcoming ears.

AMERICANS TO KOREA ARE WATCHED BY POLICE

According to a Shimonoseki despatch to the Asahi, Americans crossing the Fusan-Shimonoseki Strait are the objects of the closest police attention, next to Koreans.

An American named W. Brady who arrived at Shimonoseki from Tokio, was object of uncommon police attention at the former place. When the police ascertained the fact that the American was leaving for Korea they despatched a telegram to the Fusan Police Station, stating that he was leaving for the Korean port by a ferry boat on the night of the 12th instant.

The Shimonoseki correspondent of the Osaka Journal is led to believe that Mr. Brady, whoever he may be, has for some time been under police suspicion, and that his present trip to Korea has excited the police attention all the more.

To this tender care when traveling foreigners are often indebted. It keeps them from losing themselves.

EXPENSIVE SINGAPORE HOTELS, TOO

Report has it that a man and his wife were asked $900 a month for board and lodging at one of the Singapore hotels. With so many passing travelers to cater for hotels naturally do not want permanent boarders, observes a F.M.S. paper.

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195,683,108 IN UNITED STATES, CENSUS SHOWS

Bureau Heads Pose For Moving Pictures, With Employes Looking On

FARMS HAVE A FALLING OFF

Great Decrease In Immigration Explains Lowering Rate Of Growth

Washington, October 7.—The population of continental United States is 105,683,108, it was announced at the Census Bureau today.

The figures are subject to correction, but any revision will leave them substantially the same, possibly a little higher, said Samuel L. Rogers, director of the bureau.

The occasion was marked with considerable ceremony. Director Rogers; William M. Steuart, assistant director; Thomas J. Fitzgerald, chief clerk, and William C. Hunt, chief statistician, posed for films in the act of announcing the figures. Hundreds of Census Bureau employes looked on.

Though it was generally believed several months ago that Uncle Sam boasted of 110,000,000 nieces and nephews, it became apparent early in the tabulation that this estimate was about 3,000,000 too high.

RATE OF INCREASE LOWER

During the last ten years the rate of increase has been 14.9 percent, as compared with 21 percent during the preceding decade.

The increase for the last decade fell 2,266,849 below that of the preceding ten years. The population of Continental United States was 91,972,266 ten years ago, and 75,994,575 twenty years ago. Mr. Rogers said:

"The large falling off in the rate of increase is due mainly to an almost complete cessation of immigration during the past five years In some degree it is due also to the influenza epidemic and casualties in the World War."

The substantial accuracy of the enumeration is borne out by comparison with vital statistics and immigration figures Mr. Rogers pointed out. The annual 1 percent excess of births over deaths alone would bring the figures to 101,700,000.

INCOMERS BEAT OUTGOERS

The excess of immigration over emigration was 3,733,000. Since the bulk of immigrants arrived during the first four years of the decade, it is estimated that the increase due to excess of births over deaths in their families was 10 percent.

Thus, Mr. Rogers said, the increase due to immigration would be about 4,100,000, bringing the total to 105,800,000 substantially the same as the figures arrived at by enumeration.

For the first time more than half the population of America—51.9 percent—lives in urban territory. The rural population is 50,866,899, or 48.1 percent.

The 1910 census showed 53.7 percent of the entire population was rural. This represents a loss of 5.6 percent in the proportion for the population living in rural territory.

These figures do not reveal, however, the real magnitude of the exodus from the farms, Mr. Rogers pointed out.

FARMERS SHOW LOSS

The rural population, he said, may be divided into two classes: those living in incorporated places of less than 2,500 persons and those in purely country districts.

In the former class the 1920 census shows 9,864,196, or 9.3 percent of the population, and in the other group, 41,002,703, or 38 percent. The respective percents shown in the 1910 census were 8.8 and 44.3 Mr. Rogers explains:

"Thus it appears that the portion living in incorporated places of less than 2,500 inhabitants shows an increase of 21.5 percent, whereas that portion living in purely country districts shows an actual decrease of six-tenths of one percent."

The Bureau made public the comparative rank of the States, based upon population as follows:

State	Population 1920.
New York	10,384,144
Pennsylvania	8,720,159
Illinois	6,485,098
Ohio	5,759,368
Texas	4,661,027
Massachusetts	3,852,356
Michigan	3,667,222
California	3,426,536
Missouri	3,403,547
New Jersey	3,155,374
Indiana	2,930,544
Georgia	2,894,683
Wisconsin	2,631,839
North Carolina	2,556,486
Kentucky	2,416,013
Iowa	2,403,630
Minnesota	2,386,371
Alabama	2,347,295
Tennessee	2,337,459
Virginia	2,306,361
Oklahoma	2,027,564
Louisiana	1,797,798
Mississippi	1,789,384
Kansas	1,769,257
Arkansas	1,750,995
South Carolina	1,683,662
West Virginia	1,463,610
Maryland	1,449,610
Connecticut	1,380,585
Washington	1,356,316
Nebraska	1,295,502
Florida	966,296
Colorado	939,376
Oregon	783,389
Maine	768,014
North Dakota	645,730
South Dakota	635,839
Rhode Island	604,397
Montana	547,593
Utah	449,446
New Hampshire	443,083
District of Columbia	437,571
Idaho	431,826
New Mexico	360,247
Vermont	352,421
Arizona	333,273
Delaware	223,003
Wyoming	194,402
Nevada	77,407

New York Boys Enroll For Military Training

Every youth in New York State between the ages of sixteen and nineteen years has been required by law to register for military training at the nearest public school. The rush to comply with the new State law became so great that many boards called for additional enrollment blanks. Thus far 125,000 youths have registered. The total is expected to reach 142,000.

St. John's University News Items

Members of the University Christian Association had an excursion to Siccawei Observatory on Saturday, November 20.

The preliminaries of the Interclass English Debate will take place on Friday, December 10. The subject for debate is "Resolved, that the principle of free choice in marriage should supercede the principle of decision by parents." Each class in the college will elect its own team, and the choice of sides will take place as soon as the leaders of the teams have been appointed.

An elaborate entertainment was given by the University Athletic Association on Wednesday, November 24, in view of the approaching football game with Nanyang. The team was wildly cheered when it entered the Alumni Hall, where the meeting was held. Speeches were delivered by Mr. W. P. Roberts, the acting president, Mr. Pott and Mr. Clifford, the football coaches, and Mr. Nichols. The exhibition of gymnastic exercises formed part of the program of the night.

A holiday was granted on Thanksgiving Day. The Thanksgiving Service was held at 7:45 a.m. in the Pro-Cathedral. After the serivce, the students were allowed to leave the University campus.

A society to discuss the political affairs of China has been formed. The society will conduct its meetings in the Mandarin dialect, the practice of which is one of its aims.

U.S. Consul Causes Criminal's Arrest

Official In Formosa Notifies Police When Man Offers To Sell Maps

The promptitude and presence of mind of Mr. C. C. Dooman, American Consul at Taihoku, Formosa, enabled the Japanese authorities of the island to arrest on October 12 a man who had been "wanted" since last April for the theft of valuable secret maps and plans of the fortifications. The matter became known in Tokio when the Yomiuri published a highly colored report according to which the man arrested had been in treaty with the American consul at Taihoku for the sale of the stolen maps and plans for the sum of Yen. 100,000.

The fact is that it was the action of the American Consul which directly caused the arrest of the suspected thief. The Japan Advertiser is informed by the American Charge d'Affaires that the facts are that last April a Japanese called on Mr. H. B. Hitchcock, then American Consul at Taihoku, and offered to sell him secret maps and plans. Mr. Hitchcock refused to discuss the matter or to have anything to do with the man.

TELEPHONE POLICE

In October Mr. Hitchcock returned to the United States and Mr. Dooman was appointed to the Consulate. He had been but a few weeks at the post when he was visited by a Japanese who made the same proposition. Mr. Dooman asked the man to wait and at once telephoned to the police to inform them that a man offering to sell maps of the fortifications was in his office. Gendarmes were dispatched and as the man left the Consulate he was arrested.

The report published in the Yomiuri as a despatch from Formosa states that last April "there was an affair in connection with the theft by somebody of important documents in connection with maps of fortifications and other military secrets which had been in the custody of the military command. This being a serious question in connection with the nation's defense, search was made for the criminal, and on November 12 a person by the name of Inochi Hasegawa, Sergeant Major of the Garrison Hospital, a native of Tamancura, Minami Matusura country, Nagasaki Prefecture, was arrested, and a dreadful scheme of treason was brought to light. He confessed that he stole them while working at the military headquarters and offered them to the American Consul, Mr. Hitchcock, who made an agreement to buy them for Yen. 100,000. He took the documents back home with him and awaited the sending of the money by the American government.

PRESS MAKES SUGGESTIONS

"Subsequently early in October Consul Hitchcock returned home, and as nothing further was heard, he got tired of waiting and visited the acting American Consul November 12, at which time he was apprehended by the gendarmes who had posted a cordon in advance."

References were made in the vernacular newspapers some time ago to a theft of maps in Formosa which was causing the military authorities considerable alarm owing, it was suggested, to the fact that no trace of the thief could be found. Apparently the mystery has now been cleared up by the arrest of Sergeant Major Hasegawa. It is unfortunately characteristic of the Japanese press that the story reaches their readers as a typical "scheme of treason" in which American officials are represented as having dealing with traitors. In reality, as the facts show, the Japanese military authorities are indebted to the American Consul for the prompt information which enable them to arrest the suspected culprit.

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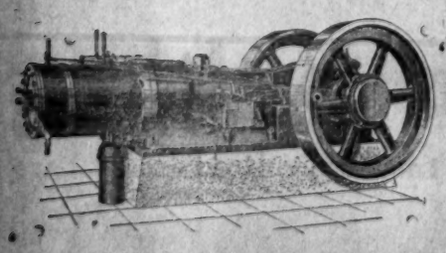

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SHANGHAI

In The U.S. Court For China

UNITED STATES
vs.
JACK L. WELCH.
Cause No. 1211
SENTENCE.
Filed, Shanghai, China,
November 26, 1920.
SYLLABUS

1. Manslaughter: Causing the death of a human being by discharging a deadly weapon, though in sport and forgetfulness that it was loaded, and without criminal intent, constitutes manslaughter.

2. Id.: Penalty of imprisonment and fine for two thirds and one half, respectively, of the maximum considered moderate and not more than is required by treaty obligations.

Chauncey P. Holcomb, Esq., U. S. Dist. Atty. for the prosecution.
Paul Myron Linebarger, Esq., for the defense.

LOBINGIER, J.

On November 12, 1920 the defendant in this cause was found guilty of involuntary manslaughter and sentenced to imprisonment for two years with a fine of $500. The information charged murder but at the close of the evidence, the District Attorney conceded that the averment of "malice aforethought" had not been proven. He did not however, offer or ask to amend the information and to the end of the trial, he urged the maximum imprisonment of three years. The cause now comes before us on a motion for a new trial.

The affair occurred in Shanghai on the morning of November 7, at a Chinese brothel of which the victim was one of the inmates. The accused states that the deceased playfully seized hold of his clothing and that he, "just for fun," drew from beneath the pillow of the bed which he had occupied during the night a pistol which he had carried with him since leaving his ship the night before and which he had loaded on coming ashore, pointed it at the girl and pulled the trigger. The shot took effect and the victim died shortly afterward. Defendant was convicted under the following provision:

"Manslaughter is the unlawful killing of a human being without malice. It is of two kinds:

(1): Voluntary—Upon a sudden quarrel or heat of passion.

(2): Involuntary—In the commission of an unlawful act not amounting to a felony, or in the commission of a lawful act which might produce death, in an unlawful manner, or without due caution and circumspection.

We found from defendant's own testimony (which we were obliged to accept because no other eye witness of the affair survived) all of the elements of involuntary manslaughter mentioned in the above paragraph. He was engaged in "an unlawful act" before he even pulled the trigger. The Municipal Regulations prohibit carrying firearms without a license, which it is admitted, the accused made no effort to procure. It is no answer to say that he was not aware of the regulation. Ignorantia legis hand excusat is a maxim as time honored as it is wise.

Again he was committing "an unlawful act" in merely pointing the weapon at his victim. It was loaded but the Court of Appeals has held that pointing an unloaded pistol at another constitutes an assault.

That the accused was thus engaged "in the commission of (more than one) unlawful act" was in itself sufficient to constitute involuntary manslaughter. But it is likewise clear from his own statements that he acted "without due caution and circumspection."

For, though he told the police inspector that the affair was "accidental" but his testimony shows that every step taken by him therein was voluntary and intentional. He designedly took the pistol with him when he left the ship, carefully inserted two cartridges between his first and second visit to the brothel, intentionally withdrew it from beneath the pillow where he had left it the night before, consciously pointed it at his victim and voluntarily pulled the trigger. In no proper sense can this crime be called an "accident."

Indeed the sole circumstance which enables it to be classified as "involuntary" is defendant's claim that he had forgotten his insertion of the cartridges. But as that occurred only about seven hours before the shooting, it would be idle to say that he was acting with "due caution and circumspection." Authorities are abundant to the effect that the infliction of death under circumstances even less culpable than these constitutes manslaughter.

The commission of the crime being thus clearly established there must be an adequate punishment. It will not do to encourage the repetition of such reckless conduct by merely nominal sentences. Human life would be extremely unsafe if those who take it under such circumstances could escape lightly. Besides we are under a special treaty obligation to punish "citizens of the United States who may commit any crime in China according to the laws of the United States. . . and. . . justice shall be equitably and impartially administered on both sides."

Now "the laws of the United States," provide for such an offense imprisonment for "not more than three years" or a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or both. We are asked to reduce this to nine months of imprisonment. But would that be adequate for deterrent purposes? Or would it be administering justice "equitably and impartially?" i.e. would it be such a sentence as we should reasonably expect to be imposed upon a Chinese for slaying one of our own nationals, under similar circumstances? For that is what the treaty evidently means.

In argument defendant's counsel stated that under Chinese law there would be no punishment for such an offense as this. We expressed the contrary opinion at the time and upon consulting the Chinese criminal code we find that

"Whoever by negligence caused the death of another, shall be punished with imprisonment for a period of not more than two years, or with detention, or with fine of not more than three thousand yuan.

"Whoever in the performance of his occupation commits the offence specified in the preceding paragraph by neglecting the degree of care required by his occupation, shall be punished with imprisonment for a period of not more than three years, or with detention, or with fine of not more than three thousand yuan."

That code is based on continental models which penalise involuntary homicide more lightly than does Anglo-American law but it will nevertheless be seen that the imprisonment imposed here does not exceed the limits fixed by the Chinese Code. Besides our duty is to "punish. . . according to the laws of the United States" and where, as here, there are no extenuating circumstances, not constituting ingredients of the crime, it is not usual to impose less than half or two thirds of the maximum penality. In a case where the facts found showed even less negligence than here our predecessor, the late Judge Thayer, sentenced the offender to the maximum penality of three years to be served in the prison at Shanghai. Here we have imposed a sentence nominally but two thirds as long and actually subject to considerable reduction under the "Good Time Act." And this sentence is to be served not in cramped quarters but in spacious enclosure open to light and air where the health of the prisoner (who is fortunately reported as in "good physical condition") will be safeguarded and he will be surrounded by reformatory influences.

Counsel also asks us to remit the fine in consideration of defendant's family which it is alleged consists of a wife and child. Of this we have only defendant's bare word. No correspondence from or with said family is produced and defendant does not even state that he is contributing to its maintenance. The prison physician's report shows that the accused suffered from a venereal disease in 1915 and again last year while his own testimony shows that the first place he sought on reaching Shanghai was a Chinese brothel. Consideration for the family seems, therefore, to have been somewhat belated.

However, the court is informed that the prisoner has turned all his funds over to his counsel and that defendant's shipmates have paid counsel a certain sum; and as said counsel was appointed by the court and styles himself *amicus curiae*, and as the best service he could have rendered his client was to have advised an offer to plead guilty to involuntary manslaughter, we are disposed, should the amount so received by him be paid into court, to authorise its acceptance in lieu of the fine.

Subject, nevertheless, to such conditional reduction the sentence of two years imprisonment and a fine of $500. U. S. currency and costs, is hereby confirmed but the term of imprisonment will be treated as beginning November 7, 1920, the date of incarceration, but to be completed in Bilibid Prison, Manila, territory of the Philippines as soon as the prisoner can be transferred there. The weapon with which the offense was committed is forfeited to the United States.

By the Court,
CHARLES S. LOBINGIER,
Judge.

ENORMOUS WASTE IN GERMAN MONEY

Carl Named To Check Extravagance That Created 68 Billion Marks Deficit

BY GEORGE RENWICK

Berlin, October 10.—The details of the German budget for 1920 tell a remarkable story of ever-increasing Governmental extravagance. No one, apparently, has the least power to check the astounding waste of money which is going on. The national debt is being piled up and digits multiply till one is almost driven to the belief that these things are allowed in order to demonstrate the "Germany cannot pay" theory. The Finance Minister himself has confessed his absolute inability to put a check on the vast expenditures and has bluntly referred to several of his colleagues as people mainly engaged in a scramble for money to finance stupid schemes which they hope will justify their existence.

The Cabinet has considered the matter at length and it has been discovered that nobody has any real power to cut down expenditures, although everybody appears to have unlimited rights to spend. So the Cabinet has decided to proceed on the maxim of "When in doubt set up a dictator." It has decided to appoint Privy Councillor Dr. Carl National Finance Commissioner. He will possess no powers to spend money but unlimited powers to prevent other people from doing so. The real fight should begin now. Dr. Carl a well known financial official, is 45 years of age and in the service of Prussia has successfully kept guard over that State's money bags for years.

The German Republic is leaving all ideas of democratic control behind it and is falling back more and more upon those permanent officials who directed and ran the Empire before the war. Then the country was at least efficiently administered by six Imperial Ministries; now it has twelve such departments.

"These Ministries," the Finance Minister asserts, "simply fall over one another in their scramble to obtain large sums of money to carry out scatterbrained projects to justify their existence."

This year the State will increase the number of its officials by nearly 25,000, which looks like a last desperate effort to solve the unemployment problem, as one paper sarcastically remarks. The Post Office Department, which is most extravagantly and inefficiently run, shows a deficit of 2,000,000,000 marks, and that despite an increase of at least 400 percent in postal rates. It is the same with the railways. Before the war the Prussian railways kept the country free of a national debt. Now Germany's railways are being run at a loss of 16,000,000,000 marks. The service is poor, and rates have increased 600 percent over those in force before the war. The deficit this year will be nearly 68,000,000,000 marks. In 1914 Germany's whole expenditure was less than 3,500,000,000 marks.

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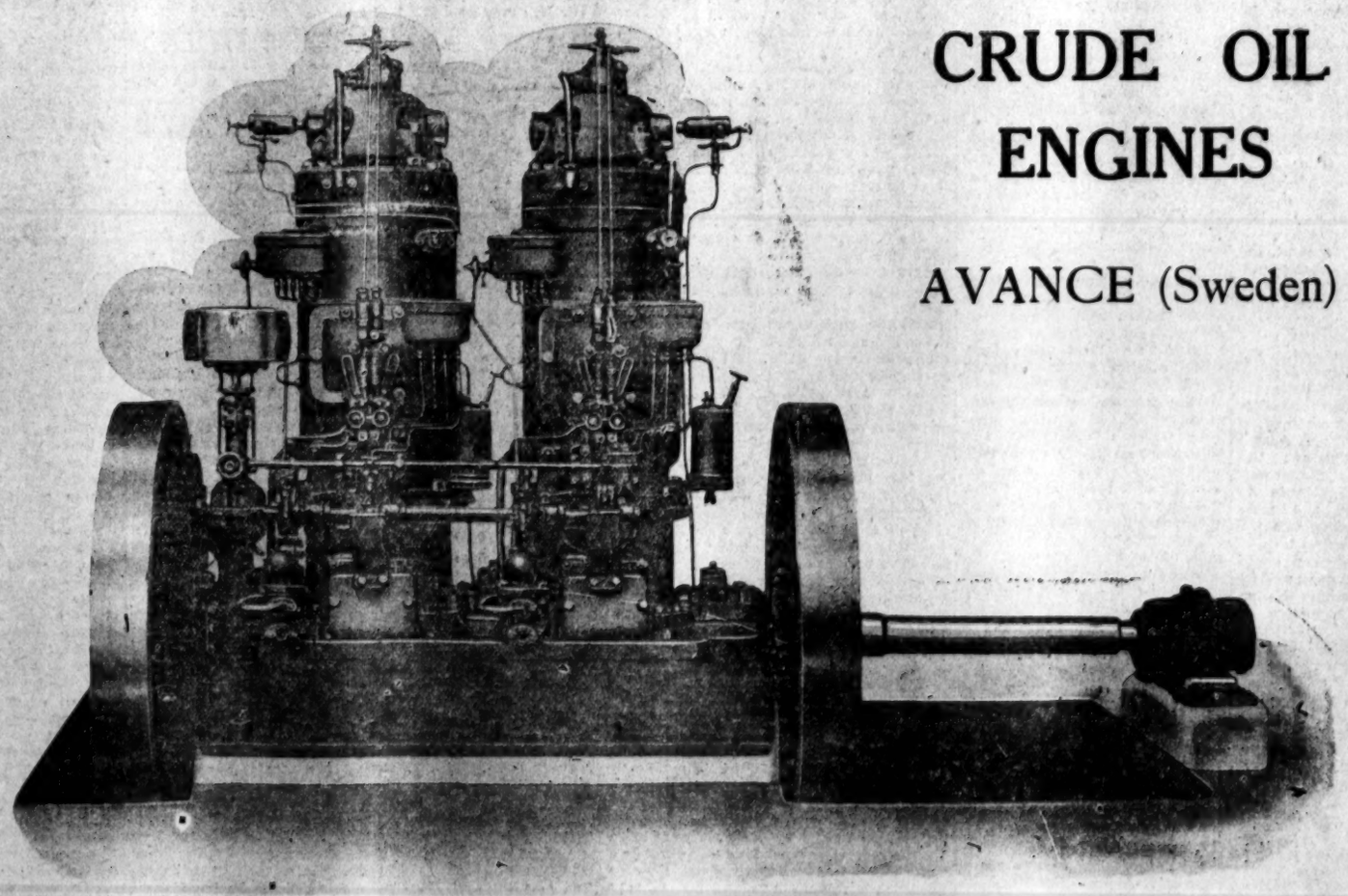
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WEATHER

Overcast weather with threats of rain. Moderate monsoon to the south of Shantung. Variable breezes in the north. Rough weather to the east of Japan.

MARRIAGE

REEVES—MURRAY-KIDD: On 27th November, 1920, at H. B. M. Consulate-General and afterwards at St. Joseph's Church, Shanghai, China, William Meddar Reeves, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Reeves, Acton, London, to Lucy E. Murray-Kidd, second daughter of Mr. G. Murray-Kidd, Dundee, Scotland, and late of Shanghai. 33910

Today's Church Services

Holy Trinity Cathedral.—1st Sunday in Advent. 8 a.m., Holy Communion (and at Bubbling Well Chapel). 10:30 a.m., Mattins and Sermon; Psalms 1 and 7; Lessons, Isaiah i, 1-20, 1 Thess. iv., 13-v., 11; Anthem "The Great Day of the Lord" (Martin); Hymns 362, 49, 51; Preacher, Rev. E. B. Backhouse. 3 p.m., Sunday School. 6 p.m., Evensong and Sermon; Psalms 46, 48; Lessons Isaiah ii., S. Matt. xxiv., 1-28; Anthem "Enter Not Into Judgment" (Attwood); Hymns 588, 47, 477; Preacher, Rev. W. Robbins, M.A.

St. Andrew's Church, Broadway.—10:30 a.m., Mattins; Psalms 1 and 7; Lessons Isaiah i., 1-20, 1 Thess. iv., 13-v., 11; Holy Communion and Sermon; Hymns 47, 49, 322, 51; Preacher, The Sub-Dean.

Union Church.—11 a.m., Preacher, Rev. Luther Freeman, D.D.; Subject "The Contribution of Puritanism to the English-Speaking Race"; Chant, 23; "Magnificat" (Bunnett in F.); Hymns 38, 409, 437. 6 p.m., Preacher, Rev. A. Norman Rowland, M.A.; Subject "The Happy Warrior." (III) "Preparedness"; Chant, 24; Anthem "The Heavens Are Telling" (Haydn); Hymns 5, 485, 395.

St. Joseph's Church.—Masses at 6, 7, 8:15 and 10 a.m. At 10 a.m. High mass. Sermon in French. At 4 p.m. Benediction of the Blessed Sacrement. Masses on week-days 6, 7:30 a.m.

New Thought Center.—No. 12 Nanking Road, (Kelly, Walsh Bldg., Top Floor).—Sunday Service 11 to 12 a.m. Subject, "Delusions and Their Treatments." Free Treatments and Teachings daily, from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. Public cordially invited. Free will offering.

Shanghai Free Christian Church, (Corner or Range and Chapoo Roads).—The services in the above will be conducted as follows: Morning 11 a.m. by Rev. H. Maxcy Smith; Evening 6 p.m. by Mr. George Howell.

Christian Science Society of Shanghai, Masonic Hall, The Bund.—Sunday Service 11 a.m. Subject, "Ancient and Modern Necromancy, alias Mesmerism and Hypnotism, Denounced." Sunday School 10 a.m. Testimony Meeting Wednesday Evening 6 o'clock. Reading Room open daily except Sunday 10:30 to 12:30 at No. 21 Nanking Road.

St. John's Pro-Cathedral, Jessfield.—Evening Prayer in English at six o'clock. Preacher, Rt. Rev. F. R. Graves, D.D.

The Artlessness Of Autobiographies

BY JAMES GIBBONS HUNEKER

OF the making of autobiographies there is no end. This might prove a useful text for a modern Ecclesiastes, but the Preacher would be compelled to criticise Leslie Stephen, who wrote that no self-confession is ever dull. Perhaps it may be to the public—but a relief to the confessor. Some one has said that the model autobiography should be written when a young man or a young woman was on the threshold of life, say at twenty, the period before the world spoils our enthusiasms by lifting the arras of existence and pointing to its seamy side. Marie Bashkirtseff confessed at an early age, although her memoirs were palpably "edited." It would be interesting to read the original, as it would be interesting to read the autobiography off Richard Wagner without the Bayreuth suppression. However, Nietzsche, to whom Wagner dictated his confessions, has given us the key to several enigmas in the composer's life. The frankest, the most extraordinary autobiography ever written is that of Chevalier Jacques de Seinsalt, better known as Casanova. After reading those six wonderful volumes, written in French by this Italian genius, the confessions of Jean Jacques Rousseau leave a bad taste in the mouth; at least Casanova was a man, not a morbid, sentimental whimperer. The sentimental romanticism of Rousseau has upset the world, for sentimentality in politics leads to the equality fallacy, and from that to social revolution is but a step. Even the confessions of that artistic bandit Benvenuto Cellini fade in the fierce sunlight of Casanova's sincerity. Nevertheless, I prefer St. Augustine or John Bunyan. The best fiction is autobiography disguised—and all autobiography is fiction.

* * *

Anecdotage is the very stuff of which autobiography is composed. To write artistically of one's petty affairs is a rare gift. John Morley proves it in his almost ideal self-biography. Yet I think that Popys and his diary, will outlive him. The chronicling of small beer interests mankind more than the most portentous political histories. Loose, luminous and discursive should be the aim of soul-spilling. Nor is precision a prized quality. Goethe in his "Truth and Poetry" wrote, "Herein nothing is exact; all is truthful." Casanova, Bunyan, Boswell—who used Sam Johnson as a peg upon which to hang a marvelous self-portrait—these are classic autobiographies. Secret memoirs do not come into our purviews they, however, have the additional merit of frankness on subjects not discussed in impolite society. Walt Whitmen [illegible] therefore is an awful warning to Puritans. The memoirs of Duc St. Simon are unimpeachable. Occasionally a woman tells of herself, and her soul is as naked as a cornet solo. She too is a rare apparition. As a rule, women consume their sex-smoke better than men. Recall the Duchess of Newcastle, so much admired by Charles Lamb.

* * *

I have longed for the autobiography of Bernard Shaw. Lo! it is soon to appear. Doubtless we shall learn much that is not to be found in the chaste biography of this Irish saint written about ten years ago by Prof. Archibald Henderson. I wish that Henderson would print the report of his own feelings when at his merry task. The story of Ignace Jan Paderewski by his wife is thinly masked autobiography, though written in English by a music critic of Boston. Let us hope that the poetic pianist and patriot may bare to an expectant world the truth about recent Polish politics.

* * *

A slender pamphlet entitled "H. L. Mencken" was sent to me on my return from England by the publisher Alfred A. Knopf. It contains a most satisfactory study of the young American critic by Burton Rascoe, until recently literary editor of the Chicago Tribune. Mr. Rascoe has never shown a better example of his craftsmanship. He uses as a motto the axiom of my dear old master Remy de Gourmont, "Pour etre un bon critique il faut avoir une forte personalite," and a strong personality is the chief asset of Henry L. Mencken. He is a destructive, not a constructive, critic; the constructive element will develop with the mellowing age. (The highest type of criticism is imagination, i.e., sympathy, and that is generally absent from militant criticism.) His essential quality is his power of detecting shams and smashing them. He seldom uses a rapier. The battle-axe is his favorite weapon. Sometimes he employs dynamite bombs. On page 9 of this brilliant monograph there are printed a few of his forthright views on America and Americans. He writes to Mr. Rascoe: "I am against all theologians, professors, editorial writers, right-thinkers and reformers. I am against patriotism because it demands the acceptance of propositions that are obviously imbecile, e.g., that an American Presbyterian is the equal of Anatole France, Brahms or Ludendorff. I am against democracy for the same reason; it is indistinguishable from lunacy. To me democracy seems wholly founded upon the inferior man's envy of his superior—of the man who is having a better time. That is also the origin of Puritanism.

(Continued on Page 18)

Britain's Internal War Front -:- By Col. Repington

(The first World War, 1914-1918 Personal experiences of Lieut. Col. C. a Court Repington C. M. G., Commander of the Order of Leopold, Officer of the Legion of Honor. Two Volumes. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company, $12.

The first point to be made in regard to these volumes of Colonel Repington's is that they have a distinct documentary value. They are contemporary records. Consisting as they do, mainly of Colonel Repington's diaries kept throughout the war, they are more than his recollections now of what took place months and years ago, more than his impressions at present of what this or that statesman or military commander said to him in 1915 or 1916, and are the fresh and vivid reports which he set down at the time. It is this fact which makes his work one of the most notable accounts of military operations and of Government decisions from the inside that have yet appeared.

There is a double or even triple interest in these volumes—military, political and social. Colonel Repington's prime concern was, of course, with the army and the great strategy of the war. He is a soldier and a military critic of high and deserved repute. He gave the most absorbed attention to every question bearing on the conduct of the war both in council and in the field. His position enabled him to have free intercourse with the leading men in the Government, both in England and in France, and to enjoy the frankest discussion with the army commanders. Throughout his point of view is that of the army. He was always thinking of problems of man power, restoration of the depleted armies, the technique of artillery and explosives, and had little patience with the blundering civilians as he thought of them who were all the time putting obstacles in the way of the military tacticians. His conception of the importance of the advice which he was continually giving both in his writings and in his confidential conversations with men of authority comes out more than once rather amusingly. In reference, for example, to the expedition in Mesopotamia, he quietly writes in his diary: "It is a pity they did not take my advice and stop at Kurna." Probably the greatest actual service which he personally rendered was the exposure in 1915 of the defective supply of ammunition for the British Army in France. It was on May 12 of that year that he sent to The London Times, as he says without consulting any one, a telegram which stated that "the want of an unlimited supply of high explosive shells was a fatal bar to our success." The sensation which this disclosure produced and the events which followed it are matters of history. Commenting upon these, Colonel Repington makes the following statement:

"Northcliffe, whom I had neither seen nor consulted on this matter from first to last, made things much worse by coming in late upon the scene five days after the publication of my telegram and publishing in The Daily Mail a most ill-judged personal attack on Lord K. This article had precisely the contrary effect of what was intended. The Mail was burned on the Stock Exchange on May 22, and for some time its circulation fell. The best of the joke was that The Daily Mail subsequently proclaimed itself to have been the organ that exposed the shell shortage. It had nothing to do with it, nor had Northcliffe, though the latter did the army some good turns later, as my diary will show. All that Northcliffe did by this particular attack was to get Lord K. the Garter and by causing a revulsion of feeling in Lord K.'s favor to confirm him in his office."

With Kitchener as Secretary for War Colonel Repington was deeply disappointed, although he had urged his appointment. Afterward, in his report of a conversation with Lord Derby, he says "we fully agreed that neither of us will ever again support the appointment of a soldier to be Secretary for War." In this connection may be quoted what Lloyd George said on March 23, 1916:

"We had a fascinating talk about the war. He said that even now he had not been able to get out of Lord K. the demands of the army for munitions between the outbreak of the war and the time when I began the row of May, 1915. He turned to Scott and said: "It is not extraordinary that the whole Cabinet only knew the truth from Colonel Repington and could not get it from any one else?" I told him that recruiting was as great a scandal as that of munitions, and he agreed. The whole trouble had come from Lord K.'s inability to understand the question and to foresee the future."

About a month later Colonel Repington had a talk with Mr. Balfour. Of this he says: "Balfour does not believe in a military success in France; he evidently thinks that by raising a large army we are pouring men into a sieve. Balfour is always charming and always interesting. He has more moral courage than any other statesman, and therefore he is a great asset to us." With this opinion of Balfour's may be compared that of Lloyd George himself in 1917. In December of that year Colonel Repington records "the Prime Minister is obsessed with the idea that it is a stalemate in France." This was never the belief, fortunately, of the French High Command. Colonel Repington had many interesting interviews with Petain, Nivelle and, above all, with General Foch. When discussing with the latter the true allied strategy in 1917, the French commander objected to those who "proposed to swallow the Germans at a gulp."

"The thing could not be done, he said. We must eat the wing, then the leg and so on; but if one attempted to swallow the whole chicken at a gulp one would be choked. He liked Nivelle and said he was well-intentioned, but did not think that he had the capacity to direct such a great operation as this. The British had done finely. The last time he had seen Lloyd George he told the latter that if he gave the British Army time it would do England credit, and so it had fallen out. Foch thought that France was headless politically and urged me to tell Lloyd George to take the lead and adopt a strong line after consulting Robertson and Haig. He is for the prudent, shortranging offensive like Petain. He thinks that the French and British troops are now superb."

On this same line Colonel Repington quotes General Foch even in September, 1918, as declaring that he had "no plan and is merely harrying the enemy." But Colonel Repington sagaciously added, "I suppose that this is only a pose, because Foch does not want to talk of his plans, and wisely." Apropos of Foch being given the supreme command, it is worth nothing that Colonel Repington himself long opposed placing the British Army under French command. Thus, in 1917, he records, when reporting a conversation with a French officer, "while I admit that the generalissimo was the logical consequence of an allied staff and that Petain was, to my mind, one of the greatest soldiers that the war had produced on the allied side, I did not favor the plan." This is but one instance of the way in which the diaries frankly disclose the fact that even this great military expert was not always consistent, certainly not infallible. To his credit, it must be said that he was throughout a "Westerner." All the "side shows" in the Balkans, at the Dardanelles, and even in Mesopotamia and Palestine, had no stronger or more consistent opponent. Yet at the very end, when the blows at the Germans and their allies from the south and from the east had a crushing effect, Colonel Repington frankly conceded that this great encirclement was necessary for the complete destruction of German hopes and military power, though, of course, he was able to maintain that all this was, in reality and strategically, only an extension of the vital western front.

Colonel Repington's absorption in army interests left him somewhat unappreciative of the work of the navy. He quotes with approval the saying of Winston Churchill that "sailors had no initiative and understood very little about war and movement and were so hopeless in the higher branches of strategy that unless he moved nobody did anything." Lloyd George himself was apparently sometimes of the same mind. In 1917 Colonel Repington quotes him as follows:

"He thought that the apathy and incompetence of the naval authorities were terrible. I asked him why he didn't hang somebody. He said that at the time of the French Revolution the heads of the incompetents would certainly have fallen. I reminded him that he and his friends had always given everything that the navy had asked for whereas the army had always been starved. Yet, now, the army was winning the war while the navy was loosing it."

It is fair to say this feeling of dissatisfaction between the navy and the Government was mutual. Colonel Repington tells of a conversation he had with Admiral Seymour. "I mentioned to Seymour the rumor about Carson leaving the Admiralty, and Seymour said it didn't matter a hang who was First Lord so long as he did nothing." On the other hand may be cited the account which Admiral Tyrwhitt gave to Colonel Repington of "an amusing council of war held by Winston early in the war."

"All the Admirals were present and asked to make suggestions for offensive operations. One wished to attack Wilhelmshaven and to send in the destroyers first. Another was for the attack of Heligoland but had no practical suggestion to make how it should be accomplished. A third wished to attack Kiel and was for sending the light cruisers and destroyers in first through the Belts. Tyrwhitt was then consulted about the latter project, and said that he would certainly carry out any operation ordered, but in this case would not expect to bring any of his ships back."

These diaries make constant revelation of the distrust which Colonel Repington and military men in general had of the conduct of those at the head of the civil Government. The Colonel smacks his lips over such an entry as this: "An amusing luck; Carson full of stories. Carson on the Cabinet at the Coalition very humorous. He said that he told him that they were twenty-three blind mice. Robertson after his first Cabinet walked off with Carson and asked whether he had been attending a Cabinet or a committee of lunatics." On another occasion, one of Lloyd George's speeches on the military situation was commented upon by Repington and compared with the Prime Minister's previous utterances. "They are absolutely contradictory. . . . What a game of hanky-panky politics are." As a striking instance of lack of co-operation between the army and the navy, Colonel Repington wrote in 1917: "I told Maurice the whole story of the North Sea mine field of which he had never heard. What a country! The Director of Operations is not informed of the principal factor in the North Sea!" Perhaps the most noteworthy instance which Colonel Repington gives of the small amount of wisdom with which the world is governed relates to the agreement in 1916 to cede Constantinople to Russia. His informant was Berthelot.

"He said that this affair had begun, as I knew, in England. The project was made known to the French, who were informed that the attack was to be purely naval, and so they desired to take part in it. Up to this point Russia had been told nothing of the attack, had not asked us to intervene, nor had there been any question of any promise to Russia, which seemed content with the idea that the straits should remain in Turkish hands, unfortified and free after the war. But one day Isvolsky, the Russian Ambassador, had happened to be with Delcasse—at that time French Foreign Minister—and had mentioned incidentally a rumor that had reached him about a coming allied attack on Constantinople. He said to Delcasse that he supposed there was nothing in it. Delcasse replied: "Why, surely, you know all about it, don't you?" Isvolsky expressed complete ignorance, and did not conceal his astonishment. He then cabled off to Petrograd, thinking, no doubt, that we and the French intended to make our coup behind Russia's back and were playing a trick on her. The samo point of view must have been taken at Petrograd, and very naturally. In any case, there came a wire back in almost harsh terms exacting the concession of Constantinople to Russia after the war, and there was nothing for Delcasse to do but agree."

Colonel Repington makes a great many extracts from his diaries bearing on social events. Some of these have been regarded in England as highly indiscreet. One writer has compared them to turning over a stone in the garden under which all sorts of disagreeable insects were lying and were unpleasantly exposed in the operation. This seems a harsh judgment. To an American reader the chief criticism to be made of all these accounts of luncheons, dinners and concerts in the company of the rich and fashionable is that they are intolerably wearisome. Colonel Repington continually speaks of the play of wit in these high circles, but gives very few examples of it; and these are seldom convincing. Among the best specimens is the following:

"Many great Irish stories. One of an old woman who was found stealing potatoes out of her neighbor's garden. She was caught and asked the reason. She said, "Shure, we have got martial law and can do as we plaze."

"There was another good story from the Galway coast. Some one tried to get a boat for fishing and was told by Timothy O'Hara that he could not lend him a boat for fishing, as he was getting £3 a day from the Germans for dropping mines. "Oh," says the man who wanted the boat, "then I will try Michael Flaherty." "He is no good," says Tim. "He is getting £10 a week from the Government for fishing the mines up."

It ought not to be concealed that large parts of these volumes of Colonel Repington are rather hard reading, filled up as they are with technical and military details and minute records of unimportant occurrences. But by one who passes rapidly over these arid sections and limits attention to the personal, political and military revelations, which his pages contain, a great deal will be found of almost fascinating interest.

A Futurist Politician On American Schemes In China

How the situation in China looks to the mind of a militarist "intellectual" may be guessed from the following translation of an article in the Taiwan (Outlook) by Professor "Kunzan" Onaba, of the Military Academy. He writes:

"The position now occupied by the United States in political circles in China as a result of their far-reaching propaganda is worth notice. At present America is a newcomer to China and has the advantage of liberality of action and speech. American propaganda penetrates into the minds of the people. France, Britain, and Japan, though they are trying eagerly to win over the minds of Chinese, are regarded by them as offenders against their peace and welfare, while the United States is innocent of any past war with China or any aggressive attitude towards her. It was on the contrary the Americans who proclaimed the open-door policy in China when other Powers were extending their influence there and who proposed to submit the railways in Manchuria, which were constructed by Japan and Russia, to the control of international guardianship. The role played by the Americans undoubtedly flatters the advocates of 'China for Chinese.'

"The Americans gained their footing in China by means of religion and education. They aimed at modelling of the minds of the people after the American style; the history of American education in China covers a century beginning with the establishment of the Morrison Educational Association in 1830. There were two circumstances by which the Americans came to undertake the education of Chinese. First, to invite Chinese students to their country when the Manchus regime sent their students to Europe and America to study constitutional government shortly after the close of the Russo-Japanese war. Second, when in 1909 anti-Chinese legislation was presented to Congress, the American Government declined the payment of the Boxer indemnity amounting to $24,400,000 (which was afterward found to have been overestimated by $10,744,508) and to spend it in the education of younger generations. An enormous number of Chinese students crossed the Pacific to study in America and various institutions have been established in China with the fund returned by the United States. The local schools supported by American funds was 345 a few years ago, while the number of English schools was 19 and that of Japanese 51, including schools for Japanese children in Manchuria.

"American propaganda in China so far is surely a success, but when compared with that of Soviet Russia, it is an interesting subject for guessing which will finally win. Plainly speaking, the present method of American propaganda in China seems too superficial to offset that of the Soviet Government and too shallow to gain any permanent position in the minds of the people. America's celebrated attempt to decline the Boxer indemnity has contributed more to extend her own sphere of influence in Chinese politics than to the promotion of civilisation in China, while the recent proposal of the Soviet Government offers the cancellation of all the liabilities on the part of China and the abandonment of all the right hitherto enjoyed by the Russians, added to the announcement of the Verkhne-Udinsk Government that it would release the Chinese Eastern Railway. The Americans, far from being content with what they have already got possession of, are planning to have the lion's share of the gains of other Powers interested in the development of China by the organisation of the new Consortium. The calculating Chinese mind has no difficulty in finding what these measures carried out by the Americans aim at. There is another circumstance which hinders the future development of American domination of China; the failure of the Chinese masses to become capitalists is apt to drive them into communism. That America is an undoubtedly capitalistic nation is well known among the Chinese. The Chinese at present seem to have given up their reliance on the United States, their confidence having been betrayed by the issue of the Shantung question. They are not satisfied with the new Consortium of Mr. Lamont which acknowledges the exception of Manchuria and Mongolia and aims at the monopolisation of political as well as economic power, while on the other hand the advocates of communism are daily increasing as the Russo-Chinese relations develop intimacy. The extension of Soviet influence to the Far East must be a menace to the Eastern policy of the United States.

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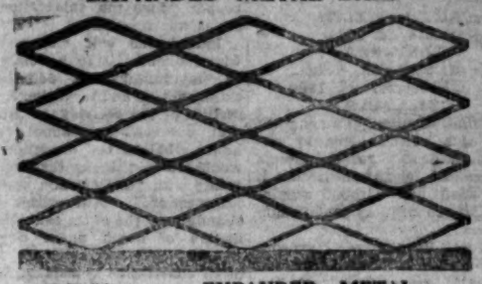

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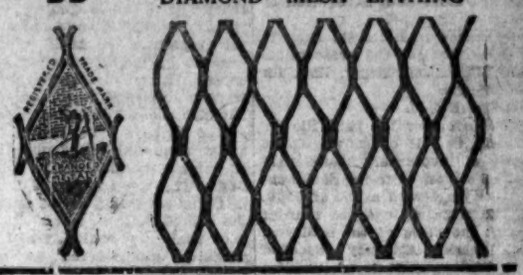

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Musical Matters -:- By Ronald B. Hurry

Correspondents wishing to drhw atiention to Musical Matters, or to ask questions, should address the writer, care of THE CHINA PRESS, *enclosing real names and addresses, not necessarily for publication.*

I. The Sonata Or Symphony As A Whole

Previous articles on "Listening to Music" took us as far as a consideration of the mysteries of Sonata-Form. It was explained that the term is unfortunate, as logically "Sonata-Form" ought to be the plan of a Sonata as a whole. As it is the name is given to the form of one only of the "Movements" of a sonata or symphony.

• • • •

We are now in a position to examine a sonata or symphony as a whole. Such a piece may be defined as a combination of three or four shorter pieces strung together, and intended to make one piece of music instead of three or four. Generally, one at least of these shorter pieces will be in Sonata-Form; but it should be added that the name is not applied to anything light or trivial; the title Sonata or Symphony implies some serious expression of human feeling, not necessarily solemn, but with a certain quality of depth.

• • •

When such a piece as we are now describing is written for one instrument alone (as piano) or for two (as for piano and violin) it is called a Sonata: when it is written for full orchestra it is called a Symphony. A "Violin Sonata" implies violin and piano unless, as very rarely, it is for violin alone, when that is stated, as in the case of Bach's sonatas for solo violin. A "Violin Concerto" is a sonata or symphony for violin as chief instrument with full orchestra; similarly we say 'Piano Concerto,' 'Cello Concerto' and so on. Trios, Quartets, Quintets, etc., are simply sonatas for three, four, and five instruments respectively.

• • •

Later we shall examine in some detail examples of sonatas and symphonies as wholes. But a warning should be inserted here for any readers who wish to get enjoyment out of listening to such sound-pieces. It would be a pity if anything written about the 'Form' of great works were to lead anyone to make a fetish of form. Form is merely one of the means of a composer, and to be aware of his means often enables one to understand his end. But the music's the thing! Beethoven's works, his letters about them, the famous 'sketch-books' and his whole development as an artist all show that he never took form to be a fixed or static thing. Only the mediocrities have been content merely to fill up a form, time after time—for they felt no need of freedom for ideas. In the so-called "Moonlight" Sonata Beethoven gave no description other than "Sonata quasi una Fantasia" indicating, by those words, that he had not written to any chilly classical model, but desired to express something with freedom and throbbing with life.

• • •

In 1802, his first two symphonies having been written, Beethoven said to a friend: "I am not satisfied with my symphonies up to the present time. From today I mean to take a new road." The new road led him to his "Heroic Symphony." It took this work nine years to arrive at an English performance, and twenty years to arrive at a French one, the reason undoubtedly being the state of scare into which many people are thrown by the hearing of anything novel in style. In this symphony the forms are those previously used; but they are treated with a new freedom, and elaborated to an unheard-of length. Conductors in England and France, no doubt feared that the public would be unable to grasp the logic of so long-winded and involved a piece.

• • •

The incident in itself will perhaps serve as an illustration of the need for audiences to be instructed in certain of the principles of composition, while it is also a warning against viewing the classical masters as dry-as-dust formalists who never did anything that was startlingly new. The listener however, who will give some attention to those principles, and who will diligently exercise himself in the art of attentive listening will be in far less danger of being reduced either to a state of boredom with what is old or of utter bewilderment with ultra-modern developments. For the most outrageous modernities of musical art are generally found to respect the same old laws of musical being, and the ability to grasp and remember themes by careful listening to Beethoven will help to a comprehension of, say, Scriabin. Of the Sonata in the hands of both Beethoven and Scriabin one may say, 'It is all triumphant art, but art in obedience to laws.' (Abt Vogler, Browning.)

• • •

Annotated programs as commonly sold in concert halls may be very useful, but a word of advice as to them may be given here before proceeding (in subsequent articles) with details of analysis. This species of literature was devised by John Ella in connection with his series of concerts in the Forties and Fifties of last century. The intention, if not the invariable practice of this gentleman was to have the books delivered to the subscribers' houses in advance of the concert, and advance study of such literature is the only valuable study. If the hearer can get the themes in his head in a quiet hour a day or two before the concert, and picture their possible musical treatment from the notes, well and good. If, however, the book is only bought a minute or two before the music begins, it is far better not to try to follow its analysis, which must always be more or less technical in its terms, involved in its arrangement, and, when hastily read, altogether productive of a wrong state of mind. Particulars as to any literary basis of the piece, the number and order of the movements are all that can properly be given at the actual time of performance. For the rest, even if the program supplies you with more, trust to your ears and get as much enjoyment out of the musical work as your own unaided intelligence, and your more or less musical nature will permit—writing off the rest as a bad debt.

• • •

A Beethoven Festival Concert will be given on December 10, a date near to that of Beethoven's birth, in December 1770. At this one-hundred-and-fiftieth anniversary, representative works will be played and sung. Mr. Harry Ore will play the last of all the pianoforte sonatas, and transcriptions of overtures, etc.; Mr. Siroido is down to play the violin concerto, and F major sonata. Miss Olive will sing the soprano cantata "Adelaide," (Op. 46), while Miss Muriel Smith and Mr. Ore together will play a Gavotte in F major for four hands, (pianoforte). Much of this music has not been performed before in Shanghai, and the opportunity to hear the last piano sonata is unique. This is one of the late works, which though extremely difficult to play, is delightfully easy to follow when in the hands of a first-rate pianist. The lovely variations which form the second (and last) movement make a direct appeal as sheer lyrical music, given the transcendent technique necessary for their performance. The violin concerto and other works need no comment as to their importance in Beethoven literature. The concert is at the Olympic Theater, Friday, December 10, at 9:15. Booking at Moutrie's.

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Today

By Arthur Brisbane

Two encouraging, sound statements have come recently from Mr. Hoover. First, he says this Government should try to do something for American children, giving to the poor at least one substantial meal in school every day.

Second, he says that in price adjustment, "wages need not drop, if production increases." Few American business men see this clearly, as Mr. Hoover does, although history proves it.

Before looms were perfected, cheap cotton cloth cost $1.00 a yard, although workers could be hired for 75s. a day and less. With perfected machinery and increased production prices dropped to 5c. a yard, although the wages were trebled.

The Shipping Board, supposed to represent the American people, says it must enter a combine with England and other countries against French ships.

The reason, if you please, is that the French charge too little for freight, and we join a combine to keep rates up. Some Americans thought the Government's business was to protect the people against conspiracies to raise prices. Our kind of Government fights an effort to reduce prices.

Unhappy Mrs. Miserino, poor, unable to care for more children and insane for the moment, cut the windpipe of her newborn baby. The doctor sewed it up and it will live.

Mrs. Fedeschina and her husband dreaded the arrival of another child. They sent the sixteen-year-old daughter to borrow fifty dollars to help out, but she failed. So the husband, out of work, with a big family, jumped out of the window.

These cases will interest "birth control" advocates who think the birth control knowledge that respectable doctors give freely to prosperous women should not, by law, be withheld from the poor.

Others will tell you that if Nancy Hanks had understood birth control Abraham Lincoln would never have been born in that hut without windows or floor. The world probably owes a great deal to child-bearing forced upon ignorant women. It is a difficult question, but not all one-sided.

The Federal Reserve Board promises to provide cotton planters and wheat growers with credits to help them and the nation to avoid disaster. It is to be hoped the promise will be made good and credits at fair rates of interest also extended through bankers to business men, manufacturers and others. That is a better use of American money and credit than financing European armies in their wars against each other.

Mr. B. Baer

JOHN'S TOWN

All good Rumhammedans are bowing toward the Yeast looking for the second coming of Allah Kohol. The old boy is booked for a comeback by the powers that oughtn't to be.

There is but one Allah Kohol and Rumhammed is not his only profit. When you spot a funeral in Potter's Field you know that Allah Kohol has the ticket privileges. At all barroom brawls, drunken murders and insane crimes, Allah Kohol is the concessionaire.

This is the second year of the big drought and John Barleycorn is looking for the big flood of rotgut and poison that certain politicians have promised us. New York used to be John's town. When the alcoholic dam breaks, John will send a messenger on a dead horse to warn the widows and children of the soothing tidal wave of booze that will float them into the refining influences of our beautiful State poorhouses.

Swinging an election is difficult when you have to poll your delegation on charlotte russes and ice cream sodas. The back room of a corner glue pot is the only logical forum for political science. When the corkscrew is the chairman's gavel and the whisper behind the hand is the battle cry of victory, John Barleycorn's town will be John's town again.

Vote for booze. Give the sidewinder back his fangs and his poison sac and tie a muffler on his rattle. Vary the deadly monotony of health and happiness and let us have the spice that is the variety of diseased life.

New York's jails, hospitals and nut asylums were built at the cost of millions and are now almost a total loss. The hum of industry is fading from Matteawan and Ossining. Vote for booze and these factories will again be working on three eight-hour shifts.

Quick Action Corn Cure

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THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1920

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Fr.	Jap.	Reg
TODAY.							
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Foochow	Kwangchi	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Chinkiang	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Hongkong and Canton	Glenshane	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Hongkong and Canton	C. of Spokane	14.00	..	..	..	..	13.30
TOMORROW.							
Chefoo and Tientsin	Yusang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Chefoo	Yusang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Vladivostok & Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Amoy	Ichang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Amoy	Ichang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
H'kong, Straits, India & Europe via Suez	Havana M.	15.30	..	..	..	..	15.00
U.S.A. via S. Francisco	*W. Cadron	17.00	..	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	Tjikini	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
Chefoo	Hsinfung	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Wenchow	Haean	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Foochow	Hsinchi	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Ningpo	Hsin Peking	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Tuesday, November 30							
Hongkong and Canton	Suiyang	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Hongkong	do	..	11.00	..	..	..	..
Swatow & Hongkong	Choysang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	Y'shiro M.	19.00	..	..	..	..	18.30
N'saki, Kobe, Yokohama, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe via Canada or U.S.A.	Y'shiro M.	..	17.00	..	..	..	17.00
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow, H'kong & C'ton	Choysang	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Wednesday, December 1							
Chefoo and Tientsin	Chekiang	..	16.30	..	..	..	..
Chefoo	Chekiang	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Japan Ports	Kasuga Maru	19.00	..	..	..	..	18.30
Thursday, December 2.							
Amoy and Hongkong	Sinkiang	..	13.00	..	..	..	..
Japan Ports	Kasuga Maru		17.00	..	..	..	..
Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Sinkiang	13.00	..	..	..	..	12.30
Friday, December 3							
Tientsin	Tungchow	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
H'kong, S. Ports, Straits, Ceylon, India & Europe Via Suez	Somali	..	A16.00	..	..	..	15.30
H'kong, Straits, India & Europe via Suez	do	16.00	..	..	..	..	15.30
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	Ecuador	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30
Sunday, December 5							
W'wei, C'foo, and T'tsin	Shuntien	..	B9.00	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Shuntien	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30

*Parcel mail only.

A Parcels at 3:30 p.m.
B Letters and boxes with declared value at 7:30 p.m.
E Parcels at 4 p.m. and money orders at 5 p.m. Registered articles at 6 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post Office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.
a.—at 21 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train
b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train
*Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 1 hour 25 minutes later than those closed for the previous night train.

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The Artlessness Of Autobiographies

(Continued from Page 16)

I detest all such things. . . . I detest men who meanly admire mean things, e.g., fellows who think that Roosevelt was a great man. I am tested by the prevailing definitions as a bad American. I do not believe this country has the glorious future that patrioteers talk of. It will probably remain second rate for a long while—a mere milchcow for England. Most of the American ideals, so called, that I know of seem to me to be idiotic. . . . The sort of country they conjure up would be simply a paradise of bounders, forward-lookers, right-thinkers, all sorts of stupid cowards. I do not believe that civilised life is possible under a democracy. I am an extreme libertarian and I believe in absolutely free speech, especially for Anarchists, Socialists and other such fools. Once those fellows were free to gabble ad lib., democracy would be reduced to an absurdity; the mob would go stark crazy."

* * *

It may be noted in passing that similar sentiments were expressed by Emerson, who saw in democracy and its mob rule the ultimate crushing of individuality, the shameful enslaving of the intelligent by the majority, usually imbeciles. Mencken really means Socialism when he writes democracy. Socialism is a prime manifestation of the inferiority-complex. As a matter of fact he is American to the backbone. His literary speech is racy with the national idiom. Mr. Rascoe sees through this particular aperture in the Mencken millstone. He writes: "There is in his work a bellicose extravagance that is peculiarly America, arising to meet a peculiarly American need. Just as I have long thought of Anatole France as probably the only living Socialist, I think of Mr. Mencken as the only living American patriot." Nietzsche was suspected of treason to Prussia because he pierced its cuirass of bourgeois self-satisfaction; here purblind criticism blames him for the war. Poe is another case in point. He dipped his pen in gall and slew the philistines and abominable mediocrities of his time by the hundreds. Mencken is doing the same now. Mr. Rascoe thinks him a poor critic of of poetry, possibly because Mencken has too sensitive an ear for the harsh croaking of contemporary American free-verse, so called because it is free from poetry and music. Another brilliant critic, Vincent O'Sullivan, in this same book roundy declares that Mencken "is the first American critic since Poe. . . . He tests America by America. To say the truth, he treats Columbia rather roughly. . . . If he sometimes takes her on his knee and treats her to a little boisterous fondling, ere long he has her up and hits her a shrewd whack over the shoulders or over the ears. But behind it all one feels there is considerable affection; it is the manner of him who chasteneth because he loveth."

* * *

As Hal Mencken "invented" me in his portrait gallery, I know what that capricious "affection" means. Occasionally the worshipper of a wooden god (with clay feet) up and smites his deity. I say that he "invented" me because it is literally the truth. I never was a chef d'ecole, a propagandist, a radical, a pioneer, as he so politely said I was in his "Book of Prefaces." If I was among the first to import "poisonous honey" from Europe it was never with the idea that all those foreign writers were to be swallowed whole. I wrote of them because their art appealed to me. But Harry the only Mencken, who has the temperament of the true Crusader, thinks otherwise, and because he finds few of those men in my gossiping autobiography—what a pompously ignoble word!—he hints that I am become a philistine, a bourgeois, and no doubt a backslider from the Church of Holy Anarchy. I may be, but then I did not possess the noble attributes he credited me with. I never preached aught but the beauty of art; I didn't even spell beauty with a big B. Not that I don't love art, but because I love life the more. This is no justification, as I don't take criticism so seriously as I do manslaughter and Prohibition. From the back window of his study in Baltimore, Menck, as his friends call him, surveys the American scene (pace Henry James!) and, observing that an old chap, umbrella in hand, though the sky is sunny, is toddling along, dreaming and humming old tunes, at once his wireless buzzes. "George," he cries—meaning, of course, joyous George Jean Nathan—"old Jim is getting sentimental. It must be stopped. He thinks he is a steeplejack, when he is only thirsty. Wire Ben De Casseres or Jack's. I'm sorry, but I'll have to write his obituary. If Stuart Sherman hears of this he will triumph. No more can he speak of the 'Pilsner Trail' on Jim's European map." Mencken is always amusing.

* * *

In a memorable passage Henry James wrote that it was dangerous to criticise an author's choice of theme; find fault with his style, method, opinions if you will, but don't challenge his privilege to pick his subject. That is the unpardonable sin against the Holy Ghost of criticism; especially if the book in question be an autobiography. If I choose to write an anecdote, not a critical memoir, that is my personal affair. I am being criticised just now because I didn't write another book of criticism, just as I was once told by serious critics to write about Balzac, not Stendhal. But I didn't want to write of Balzac and I adore Stendhal—or did at the time I wrote "Egoists." Harry Mencken thinks I should have written of certain people. But, Hal, my son, I didn't care to. (You may lead a Prohibitionist to the bar, but you can't make him drink—water.) An autobiography is like a coral reef; the little things count; the most insignificant may prove the turning point in your life. In fact, as Talleyrand said, "All that is exaggerated is insignificant." And then life is not always illogical. Besides, in nearly a score of books I have dealt as well as I could—with more length and breadth than depth, as a certain critic has written—of the "moderns" I liked. Why risk the ennui of repetition?

* * *

Brother Mencken demands: "One wonders how and when he first encountered Brahams, Ibsen, Stendhal, Stirner, Nietzsche, Anatole France, Joseffy, August Luchow, Fremstad, Mary Garden, Maggie Cline." To which I humbly reply: "I never met Brahms; I only heard him play—badly. I never saw Ibsen but once at Munich; he didn't know me. I saw Strindberg; I have written of the meeting elsewhere. Stendhal and Stirner were dead when I first went to Europe. I have told in an earlier book of the unfortunate Nietzsche in his sister's house at Ober-Weimar. Anatole France I never spoke to; of Joseffy the two volumes are full. August Luchow is mentioned more than once. Fremstad is photographed as I first saw her at Bayreuth, 1896, which important event is duly set forth. Maggie Cline is also described, and Mary Garden I am yet to know in the flesh. So much for the suggestion theory in criticism. One recollects what seems significant in one's life; all the rest is insincerity. The clou of "Steeplejack," as far as the public is interested, are the chapters devoted to Shaw and his letters. They are full of meat, and at the risk of not practising what I preach I might in a friendly spirit ask my critic why he didn't mention them. But a horrid suspicion assails me. I beg of Harry to read the book, since he has so brilliantly reviewed it. In daring to do this I am violating the tenet of criticism: First write your review, then read your book. "Consider your verdict," said the King to the jury—it was the King of Hearts speaking in "Alice in Wonderland." "Not yet, not yet," the Rabbit hastily interrupted. "There's a great deal to come before that!" In this particular instance I am the Rabbit—an Irish not a Welsh Rabbit. Garcon! Make the order two rabbits and two mugs of musty for two thirsty cronies!

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Prisoner Number 9653

Eugene V. Debs, Who Was Socialist Candidate For President, Interviewed In The Atlanta Penitentiary By Norman Hapgood

Norman Hapgood, famous editor, author and critic, has interviewed in the Atlanta Penitentiary Eugene V. Debs, Socialist candidate for President.

Many interviews Norman Hapgood has had with men of public prominence over a long span of years. His talk with the imprisoned Debs bids fair to rank as one of the most gripping in its context, most graphic in the style in which it is narrated.

As an editor of important periodicals, including Collier's and Harper's, and as former U. S. Minister to Denmark, Mr. Hapgood developed his keen powers of analysis and study of political philosophy. As a biographer of the lives of great statesmen, his grasp of history and his love for Americanism is such that in his Debs interview there are important interpretations that will appeal to the hearts of Americans, even though, like Mr. Hapgood himself, they do not assemble under the political banner upheld by the sixty-five-year-old philosopher-leader, who is "Number 9653" in the Atlanta Penitentiary. In the interview Deb's abhorrence of violence to achieve his principles is clearly shown.

BY NORMAN HAPGOOD

Why have I just left a comfortable home, to spend eighty tiresome hours on a train, in order to talk sixty-five minutes with a man some of whose beliefs are not mine?

Because I believe in liberty. In 1920 not many people do. If many Americans did believe in liberty, Eugene Debs would not be in Atlanta Penitentiary, and there would be one less blot on the history of our country.

Did you ever enter the strong gates of a prison? Has your mind ever pictured the sinking heart of a man who hears those heavy iron doors clank behind him? Wife and child, perhaps, are shut from him in the outer world. Honor and respect are out there. And inside? The lost are there, the despairing, the destroyed. Leave hope behind, ye who enter. And yet it is not as bad as it was, some centuries ago. The harmonious and austere building at Atlanta is infinitely superior, in what happens inside of it, to the prisons of Lincoln's day. God knows it is bad enough.

Partly, it is bad because we in truth do not know what to do with certain types of dangerous depravity. Give us time, a century or two, and we may learn the alphabet of treating such aberration. Granted we are ignorant about crime—what about prisoner 9653? Why is he in this place? Can we pretend that we do not know enough not to keep in prison a noble and famous man, sixty-five years old, with eyes like dawn and the smile of a radiant soul?

NOT LEADERS' INTENTION TO NOMINATE DEBS

Before I start my talk with Debs (he will wait—he has many weary weeks, months, years allotted him by our law for waiting) I want to tell Attorney-General Palmer why Debs was nominated this time for the Presidency. I say Mr. Palmer, because I am not much interested in his alibi about a general proclamation signed by the President, and the Attorney-General's inability to pass on particular cases. I think I know that it is not the sick President who has wholly been determining the policy of the Department of Justice. Well, Mr. Palmer, here is something that is not generally known. It was not the intention of the Socialist leaders to nominate Debs this year. They had another man in view. The rank and file simply took it out of their hands. These masses had just one reason. Debs was their friend and Debs was in jail. That was enough for them. Perhaps the voice of the people was the voice of God.

Now I will ask Mr. Palmer to put with this fact one other. He has read it, but perhaps not recently. He may have been too busy. If he will look it up he will find one reason that the British, whatever they may do in Ireland or Asia, are a little shy about interfering with the rights of free-born Englishmen at home. All the strength and will of George the Third, then at the height of his power, were used to keep a citizen, John Wilkes, a journalist, like Debs, out of the House of Commons, and also to keep him in jail. All the powers of the House itself were used to keep the same undesirable citizen out of their midst. The fight lasted years. The rough workingmen of London elected Wilkes whenever there was an election, and when he was in jail they elected as his associate anybody he told them to. After many years of attempting to curb freedom of representation and freedom of the press Wilkes took his seat, and the House of Commons has never forgotten.

Of course, Mr. Palmer is not the only person who might profit from this bit of history. Speaker Sweet and Bill Barnes might discuss it together as they reminisce about the recent Socialist election in New York and lay their plans for the future. The House of Representatives might think it over in connection with Victor Berger's strength in Milwaukee and try to guess how the citizens who are forbidden the right to select their representative must feel, especially when they see Trueman H. Newberry comfortably ensconced in his Senate seat.

ASKS DANGEROUS QUESTION

But I am summoned and must stop this preaching and follow a prison attendant through the great door, but not far beyond it, I am not to see the cells this time, though I have seen them before in this same penitentiary, and I know that the warden is a good man, doing his best at a bitter job, taking an interest in his prison farm and in moral health. But to see prisoner 9653 we go only so far as a reception room, and Eugene V. Debs, four times nominee of a great party for the Presidency, now Number 9653, steps forth eagerly to meet me. How warm his grasp! How pure and sunny his smile! How his face carries the record of his forty years of service, of forbearance, of hope of a geat belief. I think little about the theories of that pope of Socialism, Mr. Karl Marx. I feel that I am in the presence of one of this world's high spirts.

We sit down on opposite sides of a long table, Debs's lawyer is there and so is the prison attendant. Never mind; Debs doesn't mind. He leans across, his face alight, his speaking and delicate hands at play. He will not let me get in my question. His warm cordiality prevents. He knows I am not a Socialist and that I am not going to vote for him. He knows all about it. But what is that to him? I am a human being, which is enough. But there is more. I have recently chosen the unpopular course on a great subject—Russia—and Debs knows all about that also, and pours out an over-generous appreciation until, afraid of that man at the end of the able, who is responsible for the allotment of time, I see a chance to turn the switch and I suddenly ask the most dangerous question I know.

"Mr. Debs," I broke in, "I appreciate deeply what you have said, but your last words bring me to something I want to ask you. To me it is a momentous thing, a tragic thing. Who has saved Lenin from a vast western offensive that would have broken him down? The British Labor Party has done it. And what does Lenin do? He calls the leaders of that party a pack of traitors. It is the Third International against the Second International that I look upon as one of the greatest of our tragedies." To be sure, we understood each other's terms, I went on: "The Tihrd International, of course, is the claim of the Moscow Communist party to dictate policies to Socialist parties all over the world. The Second International stands for freedom of development, for socialism as an evolution. It was dominated by the British Labor Party and does not differ from the Fabian socialism of Mr. Sidney Webb."

PUZZLED BY LENIN

I thought Debs would hesitate, for it is a topic that has produced much confusion in the Socialist ranks. Not he. A flash of sadness went across his happy face and he caught back at my quotation from Lenin about traitors. "I don't like the glib use of a word like traitors," he said, a little lower than his usual tone, with his eyes for a moment looking far away. "I realise what Lenin has done. To me he and Trotsky are monumental figures. But I have been puzzled by what he has said recently about other Socialist parties, if he is authentically reported. The British Labor Party saved him. Without that party England would have been fully in the war against him. France would have been, even we should not have been in it. The British Labor Party did a great thing. It did all that in the circumstances it could do. It was right to stop where it did stop. If for me to say that is to become a traitor, then a traitor I am willing to be."

So, dear reader, you see this prisoner, Number 9653, is no more afraid of Nicolai Lenin than he is of Mitchell Palmer.

"How do you explain it?" I persisted.

"I think it is probably ignorance." he replied. "I don't believe Lenin and the men around him understand anything about some other countries. They seem actually to believe that England is ready for a revolution like the one in Russia. They do not know how much it meant to challenge the hypocrisy of Lloyd George, to defy him to go to war, and they believe the Labor Party could have done much more. It would have been madness."

"And in this country," I put in, "I hear from friends of Lenin that he implies we are on the verge of revolution also."

"Yes," he answered, "apparently he does. How foolish it would be! Our Communist party in this country, with its doctrine of being prepared in advance to take control by force when the opportunity comes, is not giving strength. It is giving weakness. It is not by arming that strength comes; it is by persuasion. To try to use force now is only to drive away those who might be with us. When we have persuaded enough persons, when thereby it is time for us to rule, when the occasion comes, then the strength will be given to us."

NO NEED OF VIOLENCE

Here Debs volunteered something, without any suggestion from me, that I must say startled me, as I, like everybody else, had imbibed unconsciously from the newspapers the conception of a much less reasonable man. Debs stopped, went almost out of his way, to interpolate the statement that the Constitution of the United States is so drawn that it enables the people without violence to obtain by amendment any kind of government they may desire. It would do our fire-eaters some good to compare that statement by Debs with a certain passage about amendment and revolution in Abraham Lincoln's first inaugural.

This question of force is all essential, and I wanted to drive it still nearer home. So I mentioned the bomb in Wall Street, and asked him what he would do if he were President. "What would happen if Debs were President?" is the way I put it.

"I hope," he said, "if Debs were President such a thing would not occur."

"Yes," I said, "I know what you mean; but I am talking across you to my conservative friends. I want an answer for them."

"Well," Debs cried willingly, "do we know who threw that bomb? Let me ask you a question; it is a reasonable one. WHO BENEFITED? WHO BENEFITED?"

I nodded. "You mean a plant?"

SPIES STIR UP TROUBLE

"No matter how indirect," he went on, "how remote, the sleuths benefit. Thousands of them are making a harvest today because that bomb went off. Can you trace their influence? You cannot. I know, I who tell you. I have spent a lifetime with them. There is not a union, not a local in this whole country, without its spy. They are everywhere. Their business is to stir up trouble, to divide, to make discord between one element and another, and to betray us to the enemy. Once, long ago, I wanted to take a step in secret. I found it was immediately known to the enemy. So I learned that any attempt to accomplish anything in secret is folly. Nothing can be done that is of any use except what is done in the open.

"But about this bomb. I speak of the detectives because they profit by it, but other causes may be mentioned. How about the Administration? How about the suppression of free speech, the imprisonments for conviction? That may be a real cause, where the bomb is only a result. I have worked against violence all my life. It is not my way. But when we pay so much attention to a symptom as we pay to this explosion we close our minds to the cause. Perhaps"——

And here Debs smiled that doubly gentle smile with which he marks the approach of a difficulty or a contradiction, and his talking hands were poised before him. "Perhaps," he said, "it all works together for good. Sometimes I think it does. The Allies attack Russia. That gives her her chance. It brings discordant elements together. If they had been let alone they would probably have torn one another apart. So with this bomb. It is not my way. But it may put the fear of God into some of those Wall Street fellows. It may make them think a little."

He went back to the detectives. The idea of them haunted him. He had seen too much of informers and instigators, like those whom Federal Judge Anderson recently delivered his passionate though restrained opinion against. But I switched him to another track. "It is clear about the Administration," I said, "but is it important? We know, do we not, that if we had any public opinion in this country no administration could keep Eugene Debs in prison a week. The Administration is nothing. Public opinion is everything. Why are Americans so dense when freedom is at stake?"

"You have said it!" cried Debs—cried, I write, to indicate the fervor, for his voice was low, soft and calm. "You are right. It is the public that matters. And I will tell you what is the matter with the public."

BLAMES THE NEWSPAPERS

No difficulties here, no doubts; all eagerness, for here was the bitter experience of a lifetime. "It is the newspapers. Oh, those lies! those lies! It is a lucky thing for me that I was shut up here in Atlanta prison when that bomb went off in Wall Street. If I had been free they would have had me as the cause of it. When the explosion occurred in the building of the Los Angeles Times, Harrison Grey Otis publicly declared that I was the cause. When McKinley was shot I narrowly escaped lynching in my own State. I WAS THE MURDERER. Why, let me tell you what the newspapers have done to me among my own people, in my own home town. Before the war there was not a man, woman or child who wasn't my friend. You could walk up one side of the principal street and down the other, and ask every person there about me, and very one would say a friendly word. I had lived there a lifetime, and I can say that nobody ever came to me and went away empty handed. I never failed to help any kind of a person who wanted help, if it was anything I could do. Now—now"——His lean, fine head was thrown back and his long arms spread wide. "Today, if Eugene Debs should go back to that home town of his, he would no longer find it a family of friends. The people there now believe him some kind of a horrid thing, an enemy of what is good. The newspapers have done that."

"Yes," I said, "it is the great evil. But what can be done?"

"Ah," he answered, "that is it. What can be done? But it is the next task before us. It is the next fight we must throw ourselves into. We go into it against great odds, almost hopeless odds. Perhaps the best hope is that the people after awhile will come to disbelieve altogether what they read." He switched suddenly, implying much about why he was in a prison, among felons, when he exclaimed: "They don't want me out, the newspapers. They know I could go onto the platform and tell about them. They know that I have the facts."

(The Second Instalment will be published shortly).

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Financial And Commercial News

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

Stock Banks	Quotations Closing
H. K and S. B. ..	$700 B.
Chartered	£71½
Russo-Asiatic	ts. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	H.$65 B.
North China	Tls. 158
Union of Canton..	H.$175 B.
Yangtsze	$21 B.
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.....	Tls. 18 B.
Fire Insurances	
China Fire	$125 B.
Hongkong Fire...	$818
Shipping	
Indo-China Def....	H.$178 B.
Indo-China Pref...	$17 B.
"Shell"	20/-
Shanghai Tug ord.	Tls. 50
Shanghai Tug pref	Tls. 35 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 21.50
Oriental Cons.....	17/-
Raub	Tls. 1
Docks	
Hongkong Dock .	H.$153 B.
Shanghai Dock ..	Tls. 120
New Eng. Works .	Tls. 25
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf...	Tls. 132½ B.
Hongkong Wharf .	H.$92½ B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 68 B.
Shanghai Land...	Tls. 68
Weihaiwei Land..	Tls. 8
S'hai Hotel Ltd. .	Tls. 50. B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 50
China Realty (pref)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo (ord.)	Tls. 447½ B.
E-wo (pref.)	Tls. 85
Laou-kung-mow....	Tls. 385
Oriental	Tls. 170 B.
Shanghai Cotton .	Tls. 100 B.
Kungyik	Tls. 47
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 29
Yangtszepoo Pref.	Tls. 85 S.
Industrials	
Sutler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	Tls. 211
Green Island	Tls. 8.90 B.
Langkats	Tls. 11½ B.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra	Tls. 90 S.
Stores	
Hall & Holtz	$10
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford....	$85 B.
Moutrie	$40
Watson	Tls. 7½ B.
Weeks	$11
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 5
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 6 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 2½ S.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 21
Batu Anam 1913.	Tls. 0.40 B.
Bukit Toh Alang	Tls. 2
Bute	Tls. 0.35 B.
Chemor United....	Tls. 0.45 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 5
Cheng	Tls. 1¾
Consolidated	Tls. 1½ B.
Dominion	Tls. 4½ S.
Gula Kalumpong .	Tls. 4¼ B.
Java Consolidated	Tls. 13
Kamunting	Tls. 3
Kapala	Tls. 0.20
Kapayang	Tls. 10
Karan	Tls. 7
Keta Bahroe	Tls. 3
Kroewoek Java ...	Tls. 13
Padang	Tls. 6½
Pengkalan Durian	Tls. 3
Permata	Tls. 1
Repah	Tls. 0.50
Samagaga	Tls. 0.40 B.
Seekee	Tls. 1
Semambu	Tls. 0.45 B.
Senawang	Tls. 3½
S'hai Klebang	Tls. 0.40 B.
Shanghai Malay ..	Tls. 3
S'hai Malay pref...	Tls. 10
Shanghai Pahang	Tls. 1
Sungala	Tls. 0.50
Sungei Duri	Tls. 4¼ B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3½
S'hai Kalantan ..	Tls. 0.55
S'hai Seremban ..	Tls. 0.60
Taiping	Tls. 0.50 B.
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.45 B.
Tehong	Tls. 13
Ulobri	Tls. 2¼
Ziangbe	Tls. 4
Miscellaneous	
C. I. & E. Lumber	Tls. 825
Cnity Dairy	Tls. 12
Shanghai Trams ..	Tls. 60 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 17 B.
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 40½
Shanghai Mercury	Tls. 25
S'hai Telephone...	Tls. 78
S'hai Waterworks..	Tls. 120

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PARIS EXCHANGE

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, November 26.—Exchange quotations:

London	57.71
New York	16.51½
Belgium	106.00
Italy	61.¼
Rumania	24.00
Switzerland	259.¼
Germany	23.¾
Vienne	19.¾
Greece	134.00
Spain	216.00

French War Loans:

3 percent	56.00
4 percent 1917....	69.60
5 percent 1918....	69.25
5 percent	85.20
... 1920....	97.75

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, November 27, 1920

Exchange and Bullion

Sovereigns: buying rate, @ 4/9½ Tls. 4.16
@ exch. 72.4 = Mex. $5.74

Gold Dollars: buying rate @ 83¾ = Tls. 1.19
@ exch. 72.4 = Mex. $1.65

Mex. Dollars: Market Rate 72.125
Shanghai Gold Bars: 978 touch Tls. 282
Bar Silver 998 touch .. Tls. 111
Copper Cash .. per tael 195.000
Native Interest ..... Tls. 14

Latest London Quotations

Bar Silver ..... 48¾ d.
Bank Rate of Discount 4%
Ex., Paris on London Fr. 57.71
Ex., New York on London T.: G.$3.48⅝

Exchange Closing Quotations

London	T.T.	4/9½
London	Demand	4/9¾
India	T.T.	311
Paris	T.T.	1400
Paris	Demand	1403
New York	T.T.	83½
New York	Demand	83¾
Hongkong	T.T.	75
Japan	T.T.	60½
Batavia	T.T.	273
Singapore	T.T.	48

Bank's Closing Buying Rates

London	Demand	4/11½
London .... 4 m/s.	Cdts.	5/1½
London .... 4 m/s.	Docy.	5/2
London .... 6 m/s.	Cdts.	5/2¾
London .... 6 m/s.	Docy.	5/3¼
Paris ..... 4 m/s.		1500
New York .. o/d.	Docy.	86½
New York .. 4 m/s.	Docy.	91¼

Tourists' Exchange

@ Bank's Closing Demand buying Rates

£10 @ exch. 4/11½ = Sh. Tls. 40.34

G.$50 exch. 86½ = Sh. Tls. 57.80

Fr. 250 @ exch. 1550 = Sh. Tls. 17.24

1 Shanghai Tael = Mex. $1.37 at Bank's selling rate for Mexican Dollars.

ROUBLES EXCHANGE

Today Banks Buying Rate For Roubles:

Roubles 4,700 ..... = Tls. 100
„ 100 ..... = Mex. $2.96

BANKS SELLING RATE FOR MARKS

Marks 40,000 ..... = Tls. 100
„ 100 ..... = Mex. $0.34

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR NOVEMBER

Hk. Tls. 3.46	@ 5/2¼	£1
„ 1.	@ 1413	Fr. 15.74
„ 1	@ 89¼	Gold $1
„ 1	@ 56½	Yen 1.97
„ 1	@ 318½	Rs. 3.54
„ 1	@ —	Roubles —
„ 1	@ 1.50	Mex. $1.50

Stock Exchange Transactions

Shanghai, November 27, 1920

OFFICIAL

Anglo-Javas Tls. 6.25

UNOFFICIAL

S.M.C. 7% Debs 1920 Tls. 92.50

FRENCH MARKETS

(*French Wireless Service*)

Paris, November 26.—Market quotations:

Marseilles, November 26:

Rice cleaned (Saigon)	145
Green peas (Japan)	150
Potato starch	145

Le Havre, November 25:

Cotton, (October)	315
Cotton, (November)	310
Cotton, (December)	308

Lyons, November 26:

Raw Silks:

Cevennes	225
Italy	230
Syria	215
Japan	230
China	270
Canton	190

Share Market

Messrs. J. P. Bisset and Co. write as follows in their report for week ending November 26.

There is no improvement in the local share market since the issue of our last circular and quotations generally remain steady.

Silk

In their report dated November 26, Messrs. William Little and Co. write as follows:

Market.—We have no improvement to report. All descriptions of silk remain neglected.

Provisions Prices In Local Markets

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on November 23, 1920.

Beef	per lb.	14-20
Hutton	„	16-20
Pork	„	25-30
Veal	„	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	16-18
Cod	„	16-18
Mandarin	„	30-40
Mackerel	„	25-30
Pomfret	„	25-30
Salmon	„	20-25
Samli	„	none
Soles	„	16-18
Whitebait	„	none
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$2.00-$2.50
Duck	„	50-70
Eggs	per doz.	20-24
Hare	each	35-40
Fowl	per lb.	18-20
Geese	each	70-$1.00
Partridge	„	40-45
Pheasant	„	60-80
Plover	each	none
Quail	„	16-18
Snipe	„	14-16
Teal	„	14-16
Turkey	per lb.	45-48
Woodcock	each	none
Wild Duck	„	35-40
Wild Geese	„	70-$1.00
Pigeons	„	16-18
Wild Pigeons	„	10-12
Plover	each	none
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	„	20-25
Bananas	„	5-6
Cherries	per lb.	none
Figs	per doz.	none
Grapes	per lb.	15-20
Lemons	each	6-7
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Oranges	per lb.	6-8
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	„	8-10
Persimmons	„	none
Peeboes	„	none
Plums	„	none
Pumeloes	each	15-18
Pineapples	„	8-10
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	per lb.	12-14
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per l b.	3-4
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Broad Beans	per lb.	5-6
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	12-15
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	20-40
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Egg Plant	per lb.	6-8
French Beans	per lb.	5-8
Green Corn	each	2-3
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	50-60
Onions	„	10-12
Parsnips	per bunch	3-4
Peas	per lb.	10-12
Potatoes	per pic.	$2.00-$2.20
Spinach	per lb.	4-5
Tomatoes	„	5-7
Turnips	per bunch	2-3
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	50 lb.	$5.50
Flour, Australian	„	$5.25
Flour Shanghai	„	$3.00
Rice	per 200 lb.	$9.40
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	„	17
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 19.00
Stove Coal	„	Tls. 23.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$5.00-$6.00

E. Kilner, Chief Inspector.

Siccawei Weather Reports

26.—Long area of high barometer between the Yangtsze Valley and Hokkaido. Lower pressures between Nippon and the Bonin. Regular monsoon to the South of Shantung, variable breezes in the North. Weather overcast but mostly fine in out Valley, clear in the North.

27.—Overcast weather, a little milder. The pressure is slowly decreasing. Moderate breezes of the N quadrant.

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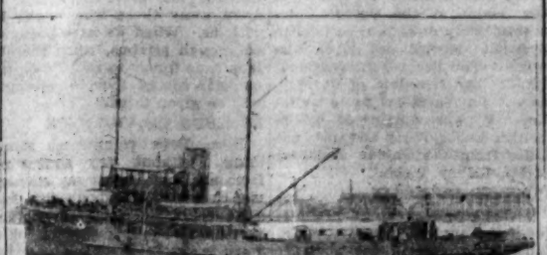

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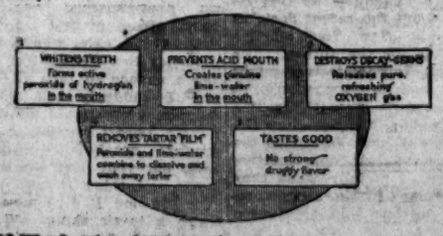
Write us to send you a trial bag and you'll be glad you accepted the suggestion.

We have a quick motor delivery for your convenience.

Mow Sing and Foh Sing Flour Mills,
Head Office: 49, Avenue Eward VII, Shanghai.
'Phone 1053 2538 Central.

Five Dentifrice Features in One

(Newest ideas of all dentifrices combined in Calox


WHITENS TEETH
Forms active peroxide of hydrogen in the mouth
PREVENTS ACID MOUTH
Creates genuine lime-water in the mouth
DESTROYS DECAY-GERMS
Releases pure, refreshing OXYGEN gas
REMOVES TARTAR FILM
Peroxide and lime-water combine to dissolve and wash away tartar
TASTES GOOD
No strong druggy flavor

SOME of us brush our teeth to whiten them; others to prevent decay and still others to refresh the mouth. Many believe they have acid-mouth or wish to remove the "crust of tartar" which is forming.

Regardless of why *you* brush *your* teeth, study the chart above and decide whether the dentifrice you are now trying *will do* or *is doing* all that you can reasonably expect from a dentifrice.

If it is, continue to use it faithfully. If it is good for only *one* of the duties of a good dentifrice, you had better try McK & R Calox, which combines in *one* dentifrice *most* of the features of *all* modern dentifrices.

If you haven't heard the story of McK & R Calox—how it forms real lime-water in your mouth to prevent acids—how it creates fresh active peroxide on the teeth every time you brush them—how it releases genuine oxygen gas which penetrates into every crevice and "gasses" the dangerous decay-germs into harmlessness, if you don't *know* this story of the victory of modern science, send for "The McK & R Calox Story."

Your dentist will recommend McK & R Calox to you and your druggist has it. Try it next time you need a dentifrice.

The taste is a surprise to most people. It is not the least bit "druggy" which proves that it *is* possible to make a pleasant tasting dentifrice and that a "strong" taste does not prove the efficiency of any paste or powder.

Price 50 cts. per tin.

Distributors for China:

AMERICAN DRUG COMPANY

42, Nanking Road Shanghai

Business and Official Notices (*Continued from Page 26*)

Registration of American Citizens.

The attention of all American citizens residing in the Shanghai Consular District is invited to the fact that a Register of American Citizens is kept in this Consulate-General. All who have not registered, or who have not re-registered within the last twelve months, are hereby requested to do so. The advisability of such action is obvious, especially for such persons as may require emergency passports or Consular protection.

Applicants for initial registration should bring with them all available documentary evidence of American citizenship including any passport in their possession; and should be accompanied by an identifying witness.

Those who have once registered and have received notice of the approval of their registrations need no further evidence when applying for re-registration.

M. F. PERKINS,
American Consul in Charge.
33434

Cercle Sportif Francais

Le Comite du Cercle Sportif Francais vu le nombre sans cesse croissant de ses Membres, en attendant la construction du nouveau Cercle; se voit oblige de reserver le the dansant du Dimanche apres midi a ses seuls membres.

En consequence a partir d'aujourd'hui et justqu'a nouvel ordre le Comite prie Mrs. les Membres de vouloir bien observer cette decision et de ne plus faire d'invitations a des personnes etrangeres au Cercle.

The Committee of the C.S.F., in view of the increasing number of Members, and while awaiting the building of the new Club, find themselves obliged to reserve the Sunday The-Dansants, beginning with Sunday, the 28th, for Members only.

Consequently the Committee earnestly request Members to give no invitations for Sundays to persons who are not members of the Club.

LE COMITE.
33780

SALE OF WORK

Union Church Ladies' Society Sale of Work will take place on Saturday, December 4th, at 3 p.m., at the Union Church Hall in aid of the Limbless Soldiers and Sailors and Church Funds.

There will be many dainty articles suitable for Xmas Gifts, besides a nice selection of woollen and fancy goods, homemade jam, flowers and fruit.

Children's games and toys upstairs.

Admission $1, including tea: Children, 50 cents.
33717

WANTED

Experienced advertising expert, American. Apply to Box 1441, THE CHINA PRESS. 33844

Dr. James Yuking

Specialist in the treatment of Venereal Diseases and Piles.
73 Nanking Road,
Piles guaranteed to be cured within ten days after one treatment without operation or pain.
Office hours: 9-12 and 1-5 daily.

FOR SALE

The U.S.S. SAMAR will be sold at the U.S. Navy Purchasing Office, No. 20 Whangpoo Road, Shanghai, China, by sealed proposals to be opened at 10:00 a.m. on December 20, 1920.

The SAMAR was built at Cavite, P.I., in 1885, Length 121 feet, Beam 17 feet, 10 inches. Mean draft 7 ft. Displacement when in commission 243 Tons.

The vessel will be ready for inspection on September 10th. Appraised value $28,000.00 U.S. Currency. Further information and blank proposals may be had by applying to the U.S. Navy Purchasing Office.

33258

Oriental Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Oriental Cotton Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd., will be held at the Office of the General Managers, 6 Kiukiang Road, on Monday, the 29th day of November, 1920 at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, when the Resolution passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on the 12th day of November, 1920, will be submitted for confirmation as a Special Resolution.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 26th to the 29th November, inclusive.

Proxies to be valid must be lodged at the Company's Offices not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the Meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
ARNHOLD BROS. & CO., LTD.,
General Managers.
33597

Why Study Gregg Shorthand?

No positions. No shadings.
World's record for speed.
World's record for Accuracy.
Gold medal, Panama Pacific Exposition.
More than seventy-five percent of American Schools teach Gregg.
Taught in Shanghai by experienced teachers with College and Normal training.
Address Night School, 203 North Szechuen Road.
33812

ELM & CO.

Commercial Engineers and Contractors
No. 39 Szechuen Road.
Tel. C. No. 801.
CONCRETE Work, Heating, Ventilation, Plumbing and Factory Installation
and
Importers of Steel Sash, Steel Bars, Roofing and other Building Materials.
32695

New French Government Loan 6%

The Banque de L'Indo-Chine beg to inform the public that a new French Government Loan will be issued from 20th October to 30th November 1920.

Subscriptions will be received from this day at the following conditions:

Interest: 6 francs per 100 francs capital (Perpetual).

Price of issue: 100 francs, payable in full on the date of subscription.

Bons de la Defense Nationale; Bons du Tresor; Obligations de la Defense Nationale and Rente Amortissable 3 1/2 %, will be received in payment.

The following will also be accepted in payment, but only up to one half of the amount subscribed for: Rente Francaise 5% 1915, 1916 and 1920; 4% 1917 and 1918.

The best conditions of exchange will be granted by

THE BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE
33017

S. MIANG KEE

Dealer in all Kinds of Furs and Fur Coats, Necklets Muffs etc., etc.

First-Class Goods
Moderate Prices

No. B-64 Szechuen Road, Shanghai
33768

ORIENTAL FUR CO.
MO-CHEE

No. 227 SZECHUEN ROAD

Furs! Furs! Furs!

ERMINE, SABLE, FOX, BLACK FOX, SQUIRREL, RED FOX, REAL SKUNK,
and a
large assortment of other Furs
REASONABLE PRICES
33775

Dr. Wm. S. GREGG, Oph. D.

Specialist in Eye Diseases
Glasses Prescribed and Fitted Scientifically.
Hours 9—12 2—5
15 Nanking Road, Cor. Szechuen Road
(American Oriental Bank Building)
Third Floor—Take Elevator.
33649

Conseil d'Administration Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhai

Service des Travaux Publics

AVIS D'ADJUDICATION

Le Conseil d'Administration Municipale de la Concession Francaise de Changhai met en adjudication les fournitures suivantes pour 1921:

	picuis de 130 livres
Son	1.440
Paddy	720
Paille	1.680
	livres anglaises
Sel	480
Granit bleu de Sonkiang	1.500 m3
Rocaille bleue de Sonkiang	7.500 m3
Rocaille de Soutcheou	500 m3
Briques cassees	500 m3
Sable de Ningpo	1.000 m3
Sable de Soutcheon	1.000 m3
Sable bleu	1.000 m3
	changs
Dalles en granit	1.000
Bordures	500
Boutisses en granit	50.000
Pavees en granit	12.000
	livres
Fonte	12.000
	barils
Ciment	1.500

Articles en bambous, Quincaillerie.

Les quantitees indiquees ci-dessus ne sont qu'approximatives.

Les entrepreneurs, desireux de seumissionner, peuvent prendre connaissance du cahier des charges au Bureau de l'Ingenieur Municipal, Service des Travaux Publics.

Les soumissions qui devront etre sous plis cachetes portant mention de leur objet et accompagnees d'echantillons certifies, seront recues jusqu'au Mercredi, 8 Decembre, a midi, au Bureau du Secretariat.

Une somme de 25 Taels devra etre versee a l'appui de chaque soumission.

Le Conseil ne s'engage a accepter ni la soumission qui comporterait le plus bas prix, ni quelque autre que ce soit.

Par ordre,
Le Secretaire du Conseil,
P. LEGENDRE.
33865

Prof. Harry Ore

PIANO LESSONS
Address 428 Rue Eugene Bard
Phone Central 2090.
33270

新全大理地治政業商國中
New Atlas & Commercial Gazetteer of China

"The book that answers my questions about China quicker than any other."

"The biggest and best book on China."

Edited by Edwin John Dingle

Address Enquiries to the Proprietors:

Far Eastern Geographical Establishment
No. 6 Kiukiang Rd. Tel. C. 3071

ELECTRIC CABINET
TURKISH BATH
And Massage Establishment
Hours 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.
PROF. I. K. SETO
Cor. Nanking and Szechuen Road: Above Oriental and American Bank Tel.: C. 2768.

EUROPEAN DYEING AND DRY CLEANING WORKS
V. PUCANDL

Broadway Road No. 1044-45
OPPOSITE OLD DOCK
SHANGHAI.
33631

FREDERICK'S HOTEL

100 West Jukong Road

Commodious and exclusive. Easily found by turning to the left in Szechuen Road at Jukong Road (first street north of Range Road). Full hotel accommodation for thirty guests, and unlimited restaurant and catering accommodations.

Within our quiet compound is to be found the good cheer and comfort of pre-war Europe. We do not "farm out" our cuisine. That's why our food tastes different. Try our appetizing creole dishes. Wine cellar of selected pre-war champagnes, clarets and beers.

We cater particularly to the shipping trade, who are particularly invited to make their headquarters with us.

Delivery Order Lost

Lost Delivery Order No. 199 S. S. "Naugus," Marked H. P. Co., issued by the Admiral Line against 92 bales Excelsior, and 1 box machinery, duty paid 22nd Nov. 1920.

The public is hereby warned against accepting or negotiating the same as it has been certified null and void.

Henningsen Produce Co., Ltd.
33880

Municipal Notification

No. 2702

7 PER CENT. LOAN, 1920

Price of Issue until further notice 92½ per cent.

Under the authority of Resolution VII passed at the annual meeting of Ratepayers on April 7, 1920, the Council hereby invites applications for debentures in the 7 per cent Loan of 1920.

The debentures in this issue will bear interest from the date of purchase at the rate of 7 per cent per annum payable on June 30 and December 31 in each year.

They will be issued at 92½ per cent until further notice and will be redeemed on December 31, 1930.

The scrip will be issued in denominations of Tls. 1,000, Tls. 500 and Tls. 100 to suit the convenience of applicants, but no allotment for a less amount than Tls. 500 nominal will be made except to depositors in the Municipal Investment Bank.

Application forms can be obtained from the Treasurer and Comptroller, Finance Department, 24B Kiangse Road, to whom all enquiries should be addressed.

By order,
N. D. LIDDELL,
Secretary.

Council Room,
Shanghai, April 13, 1920.
33255

French Municipal Council

NOTICE

The French Municipal Council are prepared to receive tenders for the supply of coal and other articles for fuel, for 1921.

The approximative quantities are as follows:

Anthracite	200	Tons
Karatz No. 1	400	,,
Karatz No. 2	900	,,
Smithshop's coal	50	,,
Fire-wood & Fire-wood short bundles)	4,000	Piculs

to be delivered at the various Municipal Buildings.

All particulars and necessary information can be obtained upon application at the Secretary's Office.

Tenders to be sealed and bear on the cover the mention of their object, they must be addressed, with samples, to the undersigned's office where they will be received up to Wednesday, 8th December, at noon.

The Council do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any of the tenders.

By order,
P. LEGENDRE,
Secretary.
33865

French Municipal Council

NOTICE

The French Municipal Council are prepared to receive tenders for the supply of Kerosene Oil, gasoline, greases and oil for 1921.

The approximative quantities are as follows:

Gasoline	23,000 gallons
Kerosene oil	
1st quality	2,000 gallons
2nd quality	600 gallons
Oil for motor cars	900 gallons
Oil for engine	2,800 lbs.
Grease for motor cars	1,300 lbs.
Grease for carts	3,600 lbs.
Liquid fuel for disinfection	10,000 gallons

to be delivered at the various Municipal Buildings.

The whole to be delivered upon special applications, made according to the requirements and duly signed.

All particulars and necessary information can be obtained upon application at the Secretary's Office.

Tenders to be sealed and bear on the cover the mention of their object, they must be addressed to the undersigned's office where they will be received up to Wednesday, 8th December, at noon.

The Council do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any of the tenders.

By order,
P. LEGENDRE,
Secretary.
33865

JUST OPENED—EUROPEAN DRESSMAKER
Mme BOBKOFF.

READY-TO-WEAR DRESSES, EVENING-CAPES, EVENING-GOWNS, MODELS FROM PARIS. EMBROIDERY, ETC.

Orders Taken by European Workers
96, SZECHUEN ROAD, SHOP
"BOBKOFF & CO." or 10 G. Haining Road
33683

NOTICE

In pursuance of the provisions of Article XX of the Land Regulations for the Foreign Settlement of Shanghai, the undersigned hereby give notice that Thursday and Friday, December 9 and 10, are fixed upon for the election of five Councillors for the remainder of the Municipal year 1920.

Nomination papers must be returned to the Council Room not later than 4 p.m. on Thursday, December 2, 1920.

Shanghai, November 17, 1920.

E. D. H. FRASER,
H. B. M. Consul-General.

K. YAMASAKI,
Consul-General for Japan.

N. IVANOW,
for Consul-General for Russia.

S. STECKEST,
Acting Consul-General for Norway.

HUGO REISS,
Consul for Brazil.

CH. FOGUENNE,
Acting Consul-General for Belgium.

ALFREDO CASANOVA,
Consul-General for Portugal.

G. DE ROSSI,
Consul-General for Italy.

DE REUS,
Consul-General for the Netherlands.

M. F. PERKINS,
American Consul in Charge.

T. RAASCHOU,
Consul-General for Denmark
Acting Consul-General for Sweden, and
Acting Consul for Spain.

R. REAU,
Acting Consul-General for France.
33693

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

Dr. Oks, M.D.

Specialist for diseases and operations of eyes, ears, throat and nose, has removed his office to 6 Jinkee Road, third floor. Hours 9 to 11 and 1 to 4. Telephone C. 1801.
33529

Dr. Furstenbeg, M.D.

Has Removed to 8B Kiukiang Road
Specialist in urinary, venereal, skin and internal diseases.
Hours 11 to 1. and 4½ to 6½
Telephone Central 838
32864

HONMA HOSPITAL

No. 3A Miller Road,
Tel. N. 2361

DR. K. HONMA
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka)
Women's Diseases
Confinements, Surgery
X-Ray and diathermy
Examination with Urotroscope
Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

Dr. R. Holper, M.D.

(Bordeaux Universite, France.)
Specialist in venereal, urinary, skin and internal diseases.
15 NANKING ROAD
(Corn. Szechuen Road)
Office hours 11-1 and 4-6
Residence 77 Avenue Dubail
Tel. Cental 756
27310

Dah Shing Garage

Tiendong Road
(Corner of Seward Rd., Hongkew)
Tel. North 2276
Nice comfortable cars at your service. Monthly hire for office hours $60.
Tariff: 1st class, $4 per hour
2nd class, $3 per hour
¼ hour for $1.
Also repairing of Ford Cars, etc.
32014

"Bill of Lading No. 12

ex. S.S. "WEST MONTOP"

2 Out calling for 5,000 cases Kerosene

MARKED: U S SF T C

SHANGHAI

Issued by the Los Angeles Pacific Navigation Co. in favor of the Asia Banking Corporation, has been lost and the public are hereby notified that this bill of lading has been cancelled by the agents and a duplicate issued.

UNITED STATES TRADING CORPORATION"
33879

ANNOUNCEMENT

THIS is to announce that we have just opened our thoroughly equipped and up-to-date dental offices, including an X-Ray machine of latest type. Also, we have spared no means in making our offices as nearly aseptic as possible, and believe the public will appreciate this kind of efficiency.

Our place is located opposite the American Club. We are in connection with the Shanghai Sanitarium City Offices, 34 Nanking Road.

Dr. W. C. DALBEY
MRS. W. C. DALBEY
Dent'sts.
Telephone Central 5071
Hours 9-12 and 2-5.
33773

FOR SALE

SMALL Lighting Set, 110 Volts, D. C., 1000 Watts Capacity. A very compact and smooth-running outfit. For price and further information, apply to Box 1465, THE CHINA PRESS.

DR. F. FRANEK, M.D.

Specialist in Urinary Skin and Internal Diseases
(Latest European methods of treatment)
21, Nanking Road
Consulting hours 11-1, 4-6
Tel. C. 851
32640

The Banque Industrielle de Chine

will receive from now on until 30th November 1920, subscriptions to the 6% New French Government Loan of 1920, and grant most favourable terms to intending subscribers.
33259

Dr. M. N. Katzen, M.D.

Specialist in Surgical, Woman's and Internal Diseases.
Consulting hours:—5-7 p.m.

Dr. S. S. Shpilberg, M.D.

Specialist in Internal, Children's and Nervous Diseases.
Consulting hours: 10-12 a.m.
3-5 p.m.
Office: 12, NANKING ROAD, Kelly and Walsh Building.
Telephone: Central 3214.
Residence Telephones
North 560 and North 2035
32978.

FURS! FURS!

Dealers in all kinds of Neck Pieces, Muffs and Coats.
We guarantee the fit of our garments
Prices Moderate
CHAN KEE
A1 Szechuen Road
(near Hopkins Butchery, Ningpo Road corner)
33708

The Shanghai Polyclinic

Announces to the Public

The opening of its premises at No 1285 Broadway (two blocks from the Astor House.)

The Polyclinic comprises 9 departments with a specialist in each department, viz:—

MEDICAL CLINIC	SKIN & VENEREAL CLINIC
SURGICAL CLINIC	EYE CLINIC
CHILDREN'S CLINIC	EAR, NOSE AND THROAT CLINIC
GENITO-URINARY CLINIC	
GYNAECOLGICAL CLINIC	DENTAL CLINIC

The Polyclinic has also a pharmacy and a clinical laboratory on its premises, and is open to foreigners and Chinese daily from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. (except Sunday).

By order of the Board of Trustees
DR. F. M GENSBURGER
Hon. Secretary and Treasurer.
Tel. N. 1884. 33820

The Shanghai Sanitarium

ANNOUNCES TO THE PUBLIC

The opening of Consultation Offices, X-Ray, Laboratory, and Treatment Rooms at 34 Nanking Road (opposite American Club). The Treatment Rooms are equipped for giving a full line of effective treatments such as Hydrotherapy, Electrotherapy, Light Therapy, etc.

The Consultation Hours of Dr. C. C. Landis and Dr. A. C. Selmon are from 11-12 a.m. and 3-5 p.m. and by appointment. Dr. Loveland-Selmon's Consultation Hours are from 3-5 p.m. at the Red Cross General Hospital and by appointment at 34 Nanking Road.

The Hospital Department of the Sanitarium will continue as at present with the Red Cross General Hospital, 263 Siccawei Road.

Tel. Office C. 5071, Hospital W. 87, Residence W. 493.

33705

Far Eastern Agency

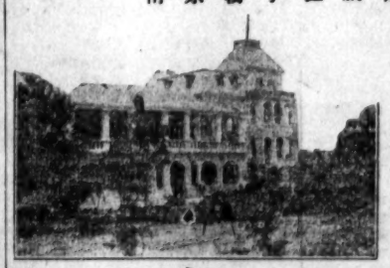
Alexander Hamilton Institute

44 Rue Montauban

Modern Business Course and Service
by University Extension Method
Call or write for further information
33858

Yangtsze Hotel, Nanking

南京揚子江旅館



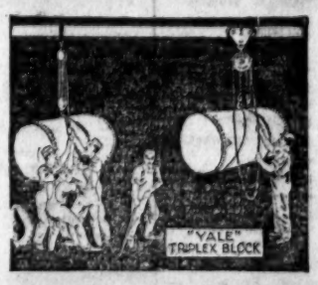
First-class Foreign Hotel

Each room with bath attached. Ten minutes from station. Private car for use of guests.

Mrs. J. FARREL
Proprietress

YALE & TOWNE HOISTS

Compare the old method on this side



with the new on this

For prices and particulars, apply to
FEARON, DANIEL & CO., INC.
18B, Kiangse Road,
Sole Agents in North China

Just Received
FRENCH SWEETS

EXTRA FINE QUALITY,
Sugared-Almonds (Dragees), Silver Dragees, Nougatine, Apricotine, Bouchees Sultanes, Mokatine, etc. etc.
also
Crystallized Assorted FRUITS & Crystallized CHERRIES.

SWEETMEAT CASTLE
Tel Central 1218. 16, Nanking Road, Entrance—Szechuen Road.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital £2,000,000
Reserve Fund 3,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £2,000,000

Head Office:
38 BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
Sir William Henry Neville Goschen, K.B.E.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Alor Star (Kedah)	Hongkong	Puket
Amritsar	Ilolio	Rangoon
Bangkok	Ipoh	Saigon
Batavia	Karachi	Seremban
Bombay	Kiang	Shanghai
Calcutta	Kobe	Singapore
Canton	Kuala-Lumpur	Sourabaya
Cebu (F. M. S.)	Madras	Tientsin
Colombo	Manila	Tavoy
Delhi	Medan	(Lower Burma)
Fawnpore	Peking	Taiping
Haiphong	Penang	New York
Hankow		Yokohama

Shanghai Branch: 18 The Bund

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought and received for collection. Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Manager

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Francs.
Subscribed Capital ..72,000,000.00
Paid-up Capital 68,400,000.00
Reserve Fund (1/6/20) 69,500,000.00

Head Office:
15 bis, Rue Laffite, Paris.

Branches and Agencies

Saigon	Pnom-Penh	Battambang
Haiphong	Haboi	Tourane
Peking	Hankow	Tientsin
Hongkong	Canton	Mengtze
Singapore	Pondichery	Bangkok
Papeete	Shanghai	Noumea
	Djibouti	

London Bankers:
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris—Credit Lyonnais.

The Shanghai Agency undertakes all Banking and Exchange operations; grants credits on goods and approved securities; opens current and fixed deposit accounts according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN, Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabes."

Capital ..... Yen 10,000,000

Head office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

Y. TSENG.
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Funds:—	
Sterling	£1,500,000
Silver	$23,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Chairman.
A. H. Compton, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
G. M. Dodwell, Esq.
G. T. M. Odkins, Esq.
A. S. Gubbay, Esq.
Hon. Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Esq
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
A. O. Lang, Esq.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
J. A. Plummer, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bankok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Foochow	Malacca	Sourabaya
Hankow	Manila	Tientsin
Harbin	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Iloilo	New York	Vladivostock
	Pei	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Local Bills Discounted
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa China, Japan and America.

G. H. STITT,
Acting Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) .	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
Capital Contributed by Chinese Government	Kup. Tls. 3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head Office:
Paris, 9 Rue Boudreau.
London Office:
64 Old Broad Steet, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France.
Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.
Rome: Banco di Roma.
New York: The Irving National Bank.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Harbin	Peking
Chanchun (Kwan-chendze)	Hankow	Shanghai
	Harbin	Tientsin
	Hongkong	Vladivostock
Chefoo	Manchouli	Yokohama
Dairen (Dalny)	Newchwang	Kobe
	Urumtchi	

SHANGHAI BRANCH

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.
Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.
Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
S. JASTRZEMBSKI.
Managers for Branches in Asia

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generals de Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid up Capital ..Fr..50,000,000
Reserves .....Fr. 12,027,956

Head Office: BRUSSELS
London Office: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Paris Office: 2 Place de la Bourse
Branches: Cologne, Bucharest, Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking and Tientsin.
Agents:
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Ste Gle de Belgique

Correspondents in all important cities of the world.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

L. STRAETMANS,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Savings Bank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours 10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

The Bank Of Canton, Limited

Incorporated 1912

Capital subscribed: £1,000,000
Capital paid up £1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

SHANGHAI OFFICE
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	S. Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.
Every description of Banking and Exchangee business transacted.

FUNG TSZ-KING.
Act. Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital ...$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund 435,461.90

Head office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, Paris, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.
Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.
Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.
Credit granted on approved securities.
Savings accounts—4% per annum.
Every description of banking business transacted.
Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.
SHEN CHU HSU, Manager.
SHU CHIN MIH, Sub-Manager.
MENG CHIA, T. D. Woo, Acting Sub-Manager.

滙海實業銀行 Hwei Hai Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Founded and organized by Chang Chien and Chang Cha 1919

Head Office:
NANTUNGCHOW
Shanghai Branch:
22 KIUKIANG ROAD

Capital $1,000,000

Tels: Managers' Office Cen. 5808
General Office: Cen. 5802

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.
Credit granted on approved securities.
Savings accounts—4% per annum.
Every description of banking business transacted.

Chang Chien Jr.
General Manager
S. S. Yang
Manager
C. C. Hsu
Sub-Manager
C. Chu
General Secretary
C. P. Chow
Manager Foreign Dep't

International Banking Corporation

Capital and Surplus: $10,000,000
Undivided Profits: U.S. $3,200,000
OWNED BY
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK,

Head Office:
60 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E. C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Tolegan
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street

Branches:

China	**Japan**
Canton	Kobe
Hankow	Yokohama
Harbin	
Hongkong	**Java**
Peking	Batavia
Shanghai	Sourabaya
Tientsin	
Tsingtau	**Panama**
Dominican Republic	Colon
Barahona	Panama
Puerto Plata	
San Pedro de Macoris	**Philippine Islands**
Sanchez	Cebu
Santiago	Manila
Santo Domingo	
India	**Straits Settlements**
Bombay	Singapore
Calcutta	
Rangoon	

BRANCHES OF
THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Argentina	**Italy**
Buenos Aires	Genoa
Once (Buenos Aires)	**Peru**
Rosario	Lima
Belgium	**Porto Rico**
Antwerp	Ponce
Brussels	San Juan
Brazil	**South Africa**
Bahia	Cape Town
Pernambuco	**Spain**
Porto Alegre	Barcelona
Rio de Janeiro	Madrid
Santos	**Trinidad**
Sao Paulo	Port of Spain
Chile	**Uruguay**
Santiago	Montevideo
Valparaiso	Calle Rondean (Montevideo)
Colombia	
Barranquilla	**Venezuela**
Bogota	Caracas
Medellin	Ciudad Boliva
Cuba	Maracaibo
Havana and 22 other cities in Cuba	

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, *Manager.*
1a Kiukiang Road.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital authorised Frs. 250,000,000
Capital subscribed „ 150,000,000
Capital paid up .. „ 75,000,000
Reserve ..... „ 30,000,000
One third of the Capital i. e. Frs. 50,000,000 subscribed by
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC
Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11th, 1913.

President: ANDRE BERTHELOT
General Manager: A. J. PERNOTTI

HEAD OFFICE:
74 RUE SAINT LAZARE, PARIS
BRANCHES:
Marseilles, New York, Peking, Tientsin, Hankow, Shanghai, Vladivostock, Hongkong, Canton, Foochow Yunnanfu, Saigon, Haiphong, Swatow and Yokohama.

BANKERS:
In London: The London Joint City & Midland Bank, Ltd., London
In France: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana—Credito Italiano
In New York: Messrs. Redmond & Co., New York.
Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts
Interest allowed on current accounts in Gold or local currency and fixed deposits on application.
Every description of Banking and exchange business transacted. Savings accounts in Gold and local currency.

G. LION.
Manager

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914, and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.
Agencies abroad: Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
14 The Bund.
Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts: Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
Y. M. CHIEN, Acting Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY)
Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital: Guilders 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds: Guilders 17,353,284 (about £1,446,107)
Special Reserve: Guilders 25,160,000 (about £2,096,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Palembang
Bandoeng	Penang
Calcutta	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Semarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerabaya
Kobe	Soerakarta
Kota-Radja	Tebing-Tinggi
Langsa	Tegal
Makassar	Telok Betong
Medan	Tjilatjap
Padang	Weltevreden
Pekalongan	

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.
The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.
SHANGHAI INTEREST ALLOWED on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

M. J. HERBSCHLEB.
Acting Manager

The Bank of East Asia, Ltd.

Authorised Capital $2,000,000
Paid up Capital 2,000,000
Reserve Fund 200,000

Head Office:—2 Queen's Road Central, Hongkong
Shanghai Branch:—30 The Bund
London Bankers:—The London Joint Stock, London, City and Midland Bank Ltd.
Agencies and Correspondents in the principal Commercial centres of the world.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted
Loans granted on approved securities
Fixed and current deposit accounts opened on terms according to arrangement.

LI TSE FONG,
Manager

The Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908

Capital $1,000,000.00
Reserve Capital .. 81,425.61
Resources 10,000,000.00

Head Office and Branches:
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, and Lanchi.

Domestic Agencies:
Throughout CHINA at principal Cities.

Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, New York, Chicago, San Francisco, Tokyo, Kobe, Yokohama, Osaka, Hakodata, Seoul, Fusan, and Hongkong.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and fixed Deposits according to arrangements.

Savings Accounts at 4% compound interest.

Every description of Banking and Exchange transacted.

LI MING,
Manager.

SHANGHAI BRANCH,
U39 Peking Road.
Tel. C. 3145, Mgr's, Office and C. 2147, Gen'l. Office
Cable Address:
"CHINDUSBANK" Shanghai.

SINO-ITALIAN BANK

Aut. Cap. Silver Dollars. 4,800,000
Aut. Cap. Gold It. Lire.. 16,000,000
Paid up Capital ..Silver $1,200,000
Paid up Cap. Gold It. Lire 4,000,000
Branches: Peking, Shanghai, Tientsin
Bankers:
Italy: Credito Italiano, Banca Italiana di Sconto, Banco di Roma.
London: Credit Italiano, National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ld., Glyn Mills and Currie.
France: Credit Commercial de France.
United States: Italian Discount Co., Equitable Trust Company.
Canada: Canadian Bank of Commerce.
South America: Banca Italo Belga.
Switzerland: Banca Union di Credito.
Current, fixed and savings accounts carried in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, U.S. Gold, Italian Lire, Francs and other currencies. Terms on application.
General banking business transacted. Special facilities for Italian exchange.
Telegraphic Address: Banksinit
SHANGHAI, No. 16 Kiukiang Rd. Tel. C. Nos. 5090 and 5091
G. GIACHINO: ROBERT LEE
Managers.

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION

CAPITAL $4,000,000 **SURPLUS $1,100,000**

An American Institution

HEAD OFFICE NEW YORK CITY 35 Broadway.

HEAD OFFICE FOR FAR EAST SHANGHAI (Corner Kiukiang & Kiangse Rds).

All descriptions of Banking Business transacted in any part of the world.

A Research Bureau has been established to facilitate and promote trade between the U. S. and China.

[STOCKHOLDING BANKS:
Anglo and London, Paris National Bank, San Francisco
Bankers' Trust Company, New York City
First National Bank of Portland, Oregon
Guaranty Trust Company of New York
Guardian Savings and Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio
Mercantile Bank of the Americas, New York City
National Bank of Commerce, Seattle, Washington
National Shawmut Bank, Boston, Mass.

Cable Address, 'BANKASIA" Shanghai Telephone Central 1825.

Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917)
Statutes approved by the Government in 1918
Head Office: TIENTSIN

Subscribed Capital $2,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital $1,020,000.00
Reserve Fund ..... $ 54,000.00

Managing Director: T. Clarence Sun
Deputy Managing Director: Nieh Chi-wei

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang	Yokohama
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha	Chicago
Peking	Wusieh	Shasi	Philadelphia
Hankow	Hsuchow	Wuhu	Seattle
Nanking	Ningpo	London	Baltimore
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York	Cleveland
Hangchow	Canton	San Francisco	Detroit
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston	Buffalo
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio	Pittsburgh
Antung	Chengchow	Osaka	Montreal
Kiukiang	Tsinkiangpu	Kobe	St. Louis
		Cincinatti	

And also in other principal cities in foreign countries.

Shanghai Branch:
8441 Ningpo Road.

Every description of Banking and Exchage business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits, both in taels and dollars, according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved accurities.

Y. R. Sun, Manager
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager

PARK-UNION FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

Capital G.$4,000,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits G.$754,000
HEAD OFFICE, 56 WALL ST., NEW YORK
BRANCHES:
SAN FRANCISCO SEATTLE
PARIS TOKYO YOKOHAMA
CANADA—400 branches of the Union Bank of Canada
Shanghai Branch: 7 Kiukiang Road, Tel. C. Nos. 5874 & 5875.
CURRENT & FIXED DEPOSITS
Accepted in Taels, Mexican Dollars, U. S. Dollars, Canadian Dollars, Sterling, on Application.
Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

F. V. REILLY,
Manager.

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK, LTD.

Condensed Statement of Condition
June 30, 1920

Assets:		Liabilities:	
Loans and Discounts	$3,574,402	Capital	$1,000,000
Bills Receivable	8,393,309	Reserve	120,000
Credit Granted on Acceptances	3,125,331	Deposits	8,507,501
Cash	3,619,706	Drafts Issued	6,199,902
Other Assets	620,908	Liability on Acceptances	3,125,331
		Other Liabilities	380,922
	$19,333,656		$19,333,656

HEAD OFFICE: 9 NINGPO ROAD
HONGKEW BRANCH: 15 NORTH SZECHUEN ROAD
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted

Large Display Advertisements intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital ...	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum.
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.
On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. C. MARSHALL,
Chief Manager.

The Chinese American Bank of Commerce

(Formerly Commercial and Industrial Bank of China)

Established by American and Chinese Capitalists under Special Charter of the Government of China issued April 12th, 1919.

Authorized Capital G.$10,000,000
Paid-up Capital 5,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:
198 Hsi Ho Yen, Peking
President:
The Honorable Chien Nen-shun.
American Vice-President:
James A. Thomas, Esq., Peking.
Chinese Vice President:
Hsu Un-yuan, Esq., Peking.
NEW YORK AGENTS:
The Chase National Bank, The American Foreign Banking Corporation, and Hayden, Stone & Co.
Branches in China:
Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hankow, Chengtu, and agents in important cities.
Manila Branch:
Manila, P. I.

Current Accounts opened as usual terms. Fixed Deposits received at rates to be ascertained on application. Drafts issued and Telegraphic Transfers made. Foreign exchanges bought and sold. Commercial and Circular Letters of Credit issued. Bills, Checks, and other Documents collected. Purchase and Sale of Stocks and Bonds effected. Every description of General Banking Business transacted.

The Bank is closely associated with a number of the leading Financial Institutions in the United States and also prominent Chinese Capitalists in China, and is prepared to give financial facilities and to assist its clients in initiating and developing solid commercial and industrial undertakings in China.

Your account will be welcomed at this Bank, where you are assured of absolute security and the most courteous service.

Shanghai Branch:
No. 11 Nanking Road.
Tel. Central Nos. 5841, 5842.
H. A. Allen, Manager.
Louis Shen, Assistant Manager
Sooyil K. Shen, Assistant Manager.

The Bank of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital $60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital $12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ... $1,298,322.60
Special Reserve Fund $1,808,393.69

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifeng	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

Foreign Correspondents:
London, Paris, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Osaka, Yokohama.
SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 HANKOW ROAD.
Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

SUNG HAN-CHANG.
Manager.
Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Shanghai Trust Co.

We undertake the duties of trustees; purchase and sale of property; take charge of rentals; and write fire and marine insurance at lowest current rates.

Shanghai Trust Co.
88 Kiangse Road, Shanghai.

PONZI FACING 430 YEARS SENTENCE

Boston's Would-Be Financial Wizard Manipulated One-vestor Against Other

INDICTMENTS RETURNED

Government's Contentions Of Impossibility Of Immigrant's Scheme Vindicated

A maximum sentence of 430 years in an American Federal penitentiary faces Charles Ponzi, called the money wizard of Boston, as a result of two indictments returned against him by a Federal Grand Jury in New England. Each indictment contains 43 counts charging use of the mails in a scheme to defraud by representing that Ponzi would pay 50 percent interest on investments in 45 days through dealing in international reply coupons. The maximum sentence for each of the 86 counts is five years, or a total of 430 years.

Testimony before the New England jurymen brought out the fact that at no time during Ponzi's phenomenal career of several months was the immigrant "financier" solvent. He paid his early investors their original capital plus the promised interest with the money derived from the constantly swelling list of new investors.

Ponzi, who has been in jail since Friday, August 13, last, started "in business" with but $50 as capital. He borrowed $200 from Mr. Joseph Daniels to equip his office, and his meteoric flash was begun.

HIGH FINANCE FAILS

This was early last spring, and by the time midsummer had come his dazzling promises of huge profits in short time had attracted thousands of investors. Suddenly he was arrested by an investigation into his business methods on the part of the American Government and the governments of several of the New England States in which he was operating. The resultant publicity brought a run of his creditors. For two weeks Ponzi paid back each creditor dollar for dollar, insisting that he was making money on each transaction, that he was solvent and could pay every investor at face value.

This claim also reached a climax when the bank of which he was a director, The Hanover Trust Company in Boston, was closed, and Ponzi himself arrested. He continued to assert his innocence, claiming that he was a persecuted man, that he had made a personal profit of more than $8,000,000 in less than eight months and that he would pay every dollar he owed. The closing of the Hanover Trust Company was quickly followed by the insolvency of three other Boston banks in which Ponzi was interested, and the latest "Mississippi Bubble" was permanently punctured.

America drew a great sigh. For nearly a month Ponzi's name had glittered in the newspaper headlines and had been on the lips of thousands.

His scheme, as explained by him, was to purchase international reply coupons, whose price was maintained at a fixed rate according to international agreement based on exchange rates of a decade ago. These he was to buy in countries where exchange today is low and sell where it is high, thus netting a handsome profit.

The Government of the United States and of other nations denied that any extensive dealing could be carried on in such coupons, and now the testimony before the Grand Jury proves that Ponzi's profits never existed in reality, but that he was "robbing Peter to pay Paul."

NEW DORMITORY FOR McTYEIRE TO COST $200,000

Three-Story Building Is Planned For Use Of 300 Students

A $200,000 dormitory of the Gothic style of architecture is to be built at the McTyeire School, No. 1 Edinburgh Road, early in January.

Because of the steady growth of the school, and the fact that the enrollment this year is the largest in it's history, McTyeire is forced to build the new dormitory to accommodate the students.

Plans for the building have been drawn by Mr. R. A. Curry. The building is to be three stories, with two dining rooms, large reception and social rooms and will have accommodations for 300 girls.

As soon as the new dormitory is completed the boarding pupils in the fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth grades, now attending the McTyeire primary school on Thibet Road, will move to the building on Edinburgh Road.

There are 427 pupils at McTyeire with 22 girls in the senior class. Miss Marguerite H. Clarke, who has been studying the Chinese language at the Language School in Soochow during the past year has joined the faculty and is teaching in the English and History departments. Miss Betty Camp of Goucher College has become associated with the faculty in the psychology and biology departments.

Amusements

NEW HELEN
Haining Road

TODAY MATINEE
Universal Famous Super-Serial
"The Midnight Man"
13th & 14th Episodes.

TONIGHT.
"THE MIDNIGHT MAN"
15th & 16th Episodes.
"Susan Rocks the Boat"
Triangle Super-Feature
Five-Parts.

MONDAY PROGRAMME
"THE MASKED RIDER"
10 Episode.
"BETWEEN MEN"
Triangle Feature.
Starring W. S. Hart.
Five Parts.

CONCERT

Given by the Prima-Donna of the Russian Imperial Opera
Mrs. M. B. TCHERKASSKAYA
for the benefit of the foundation of a Russian School in Shanghai

The Municipal Orchestra, conducted by M. PACI, will take part in the program.

The Tickets taken for the 23rd November last, will be available on the Evening of December 2nd, 1920.

Booking at Moutries, Olympic Theatre, Astor House. Palace and Kalee Hotels.

The program will begin at 9.15 p.m.

33911

If You Have A Keen Mind,
If You Can Solve Mysteries,
Try To Unravel This Baffler

THE THIRD EYE

WHO WAS
"THE THIRD EYE"?

WHAT WAS
"THE THIRD EYE"?

Read particulars on page 19

AMUSEMENTS

Apollo Theatre
TONIGHT, LAST NIGHT
The Universal 1920 Masterpiece
7-part $500,000 JEWEL
Production de Luxe
"THE VIRGIN OF STAMBOUL"
featuring
Priscilla Dean

See what Sari Saw
in the harem—in the mosque—on the de-er.—on the street of mystery. Do not miss this last chance to see a really great motion picture.

EVERYBODY IS PRAISING IT!
Promptly at 9 15 p.m. Prices $1.50 and $1.00

LYCEUM THEATRE
SHANGHAI
Return Visit, for a Short Farewell Season
of the
BANDMAN COMEDY COMPANY

Wed., December 1st	"THE NAUGHTY WIFE"
Thurs., December 2nd	"BILLETED"
Friday, December 3rd	"LORD RICHARD IN THE PANTRY"
Sat., December 4th	"ROMANCE"
Mon., December 6th	"ROMANCE"
Tues., December 7th	"NOTHING BUT THE TRUTH"
Wed., December 8th	"THE YELLOW TICKET"
Thurs., December 9th	"GENERAL POST"
Friday, December 10th	"CAESAR'S WIFE"
Sat., December 11th	"THE ROTTERS"

Booking plans now open at Moutres
Manager: Phil Carlton

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL ATTRACTIONS
Tea Dansants Every Afternoon
(except Saturday and Sundy)
IN THE BALL ROOM
from 5.15 p.m. to 7.15 p.m.

EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT:
SPECIAL DINNER DE LUXE AND DANCE
In dining Room. Grand Ball at 10 p.m. in Ball Room

After the Show come to the Astor House,
DANCING in Ball Room Every Night
(Except Sunday) SUPPER A LA CARTE

WE HAVE THE BEST
JAZZ DANCE ORCHESTRA
IN THE FAR EAST,
All Artists Under the Able Leadership of
EARL CURRENS, "THE RAG-TIME" KING
For Reservations Phones North 200 and 908

AMUSEMENTS

OLYMPIC THEATRE
SPECIAL PROGRAMME
For November 25th
and Matinee Today at 3.15 p.m.
Presenting
THE SUBLIME
NAZIMOVA

NAZIMOVA in "REVELATION"
IN
"REVELATION"
A SUPER PRODUCTION DE LUXE
ADMISSION PRICES: $1.50 and $1.00

VICTORIA THEATRE
ATTRACTION EXTRAORDINARY
for
TONIGHT, NOVEMBER 28th
Presenting
A five-part Metro comedy photo-drama of love and mystery

HAROLD LOCKWOOD, IN "THE HAUNTED PAJAMAS"
"THE HAUNTED PYJAMAS"
and
THE MACK SENNETT TWO-PART COMEDY

Scene from "BEWARE OF BOARDERS"
A Paramount-Mack Sennett Comedy
"BEWARE OF BOARDERS"
MATINEE Today at 3 p.m.
ANTONIO MORENO in "THE IRON TEST"
and
"HAUNTED PYJAMAS"

APOLLO'S
GREAT PROGRAMMES
A CLASSIC of
THE **BIG TOP** FOR THE ENTIRE WEEK
COMMENCING TO-MORROW
Monday, November 29th
The temperamental dancer, the pathetic little slavey of the circus
MABEL NORMAND
IN
"JINX"

MABEL NORMAND

An uproariously funny picture of circus life.
A rollicking, frolicking broad comedy
IT'S A REAL THEAT!
You simply must see
"JINX"
It will put the "Jink" on your blues. For two full hours you'll be as happy as a circus.
DON'T WAIT
a minute. If you want "to pack up your troubles in the old kit bag.
MABEL NORMAND IS YOUR PACKER
A GOLDWYN—THE LATEST PRESENTATION!

Commencing Thursday
next
DECEMBER 2nd
PAULINE FREDERICK

PAULINE FREDERICK in "The Paliser Case"
GOLDWYN PICTURES
IN
"THE PALISER CASE"
THE UNWRITTEN LAW.
Man shall pay with his life to the women he dishonors. | She Had Invoked the Unwritten Law!
He had lured her into a false marriage! He had insulted, taunted, ridiculed and rebuffed her! Cynically he had laughed at her stain and jested at her shame.
IS THERE A WOMAN WHO WOULD CONDEMN HER?
IS THERE A JURY THAT WOULD CONVICT HER?
Women to him were toys; fake marriage an excuse for laughter. He was rich and powerful; she was poor and defenceless. Was she justified in invoking the unwritten law?
THREE CONFESSED TO THE MURDER; ONE KILLED HIM; WHO WAS GUILTY?
A thrilling, baffling murder mystery, with a climax that startles and grips.
Usual prices | Booking at Robinson's
Matinee Today at 3 p.m. FRANK KEENAN IN "BROTHERS DIVIDED"
Tonight at 9.15 p.m. PRISCILLA DEAN IN "THE VIRGIN of STAMBOUL"
and "SNUB" comedies.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Loading

For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Kiangfoo, Captain J. H. Davey, will leave on Sunday, November 28, at midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. Kianghsin, Captain J. R. Milligen, will leave on Monday, November 29, at midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shengking, Captain McAdam, will leave from the French Bund on Monday, November 29, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. Wosang, 1,783 Tons, Captain Dawson, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Monday, November 29, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions for Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. Loongwo, 3,925 Tons, Captain Findeison, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, November 30, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions for Freight and Passenger Departments.

PUKOW.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shantung, Captain Monkman, will leave on Tuesday, November 30, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Tatung, Capt. C. C. Williams, will leave from the French Bund on Tuesday, November 30, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co's Steamer Chengking, Captain G. D. S. Mills, will leave on Wednesday, December 1, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. Luenho, 2,868 Tons, Captain Woodgett, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Thursday, December 2, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions for Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. Suiwo, 2,671 Tons, Captain Smith, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on Friday, December 3, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. Waishing, 1,864 Tons, Captain Christie, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Old Ningpo Wharf on Saturday, December 4, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., General Managers. Telephone Central 241. Extensions to Freight and Passenger Departments.

For Southern Ports

FOOCHOW.—The Str. Kwangchi, Captain G. L. Crawford, will leave on Sunday morning, Nov. 28. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Hsin Peking, Captain A. E. Edwards, will leave from the French Bund on Monday, November 29, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The Str. Kiangteen, Capt. D. D. Ross, will leave on Tuesday, Nov. 30, at 3:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

WENCHOW.—The Str. Haean, Captain Wallace, will leave on Tuesday morning, Nov. 30. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M. S.N. Co.

FOOCHOW.—The Str. Hsinchi, Capt. E. Hansen, will leave on Tuesday morning, November 30. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

AMOY.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Ichang, Capt. J. A. McCulloch, will leave on Tuesday, Nov. 30, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Suiyang, Captain J. Gibbs, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on Tuesday, Nov. 30, at noon. For Freight or Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Sinkiang, Captain C. T. Packett, will leave from the French Bund on Thursday, December 2, at 2 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

For Northern Ports

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND DAIREN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Chinkiang, Captain B. A. Thomson, will leave on Sunday, November 28, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The Str. Yushun, Captain Davis, will leave on Sunday morning, November 28. For Freight or Passage, apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

TIENTSIN DIRECT.—The Str. Feiching, Captain J. Smith, will leave on Sunday morning, November 28. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The Str. Hsinfung, Captain W. S. Ross, will leave on Tuesday morning, November 30. For Freight or Passage apply to C.M.S.N. Co.

TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shansi, Captain R. Turnbull, will leave on Wednesday, December 1, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Chekiang, Captain E. L. Jones, will leave on Wednesday, December 1, at noon. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. Tungchow, Capt. Harris, will leave from the French Bund on Friday, December 3, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

VLADIVOSTOK DIRECT.—The s.s. Yungshin, Capt. Pooiga, will be despatched from Shanghai on or about Saturday, December 4. For Freight or Passage, apply to L. V. Lang, No. 8 French Bund (Telephone Nos. Central 4702 and 3509).

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer Shuntien, Captain H. A. Walker, will leave from the French Bund on Sunday, December 5, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Nov. 30	—	San Francisco	West Cadrot	Am.	Dollar Co.
Dec. 1	—	New York	Tydeus	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 4	—	San Francisco	†Ecuador	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
Dec. 6	—	Tacoma, ports	Africa Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Dec. 6	—	Los Angeles	West Hika	Am.	L.A.P.N. Co.
Dec. 7	—	Portland	Wawalona	Am.	Adl. Line
Dec. 7	—	Seattle, ports	West Ivis	Am.	S. & Dix
Dec. 7	—	San Francisco	†China	Am.	China Mail
Dec. 10	—	Los Angeles	West Hik	Am.	L.A.P.N. Co.
Dec. 15	—	San Francisco	West Hepburn	Am.	Dollar Co.
Dec. 15	—	New York	Remeo	Br	B. & F
Dec. 18	—	Portland	West Nivaria	Am.	C. P. Co.
Dec. 18	—	Seattle, etc.	†Fushimi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 18	—	Vancouver	†E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Dec. 20	—	San Francisco	†Korea Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Dec. 29	—	New York	Edgehill	Am.	S. & Dix
Jap. 1	—	San Francisco	†Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
Jan. 2	—	New York via Suez	Laomedon	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 3	—	San Francisco	†Siberia Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Jan. 4	—	Vancouver	†Monteagle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan. 15	—	Vancouver	†E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan. 16	—	San Francisco	†Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Jan. 16	—	San Francisco	†Nanking	Am.	China Mail
Jap. 22	—	Vancouver	†E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan. 26	—	Vancouver	Esther Dollar	Am.	Dollar Co.
Jap. 28	—	San Francisco	†Nile	Am.	China Mail
Jan. 29	—	San Francisco	†Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Dec. 1	—	Kobe	Atsuta Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 1	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yamashiro M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 2	—	N'saki, K., Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 4	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 8	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 11	—	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 11	—	N'saki, K., Y'hama	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec. 14	—	N'saki, K., Y'hama	Wakanoura M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 15	—	Yokohama, ports	Nippon	Ital.	L. Triest.

FOR EUROPE INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Nov. 29	—	Hamburg, ports	Kangean	Dut.	H. C. T. Co.
Nov. 29	—	London, ports	Havana Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Nov. 30	—	Liverpool, ports	Telemachus	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 30	—	Rotterdom, ports	E. Cloud	Am.	Adl. Line
Nov. 30	—	Hamburg, ports	Lima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 1	—	Java ports	Tjikini	Dut.	H. C. T. Co
Dec. 2	—	Liverpool	Orestes	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 4	D.L.	London, ports	†Somali	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Dec. 5	—	Liverpool, ports	Kamakura M	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 5	—	London, ports	C. of Lincoln	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec. 6	—	London, ports	Kamo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 8	—	Bombay ports	†Dunera	Br.	M. M. & Co
Dec. 9	—	L'pool, G'gow	Memnon	Br.	B. & S
Dec. 10	—	London, ports	Glenogle	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Dec. 11	—	Trieste, ports	Persia	Ital.	L. Triest
Dec. 12	—	Hamburg, ports	Agapenor	Br.	B. & S
Dec. 15	9.30*	Marseilles, ports	†Chili	Fr.	M. M. Cie
Dec. 15	—	London, ports	†Devanha	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Dec. 16	—	Antwerp, etc.	Pyrrhus	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 16	—	Genoa & Liverpool	Demodocus	Br	B & S
Dec. 17	—	Hamburg, ports	Alchiba	Dut.	H C. T. Co
Dec. 20	—	London, ports	Ivo Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 20	—	Liverpool, ports	Tsuruga Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 22	—	Liverpool, ports	Alcinous	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 26	—	Liverpool	Hector	Br.	B. & S
Dec. 27	—	London, ports	†Sicilia	Br.	M. M. & Co.
Dec. 28	—	Genoa	Masaniello	Fr.	Dod. & Co.
Dec. 30	—	Hamburg, etc.	Rhesus	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 31	—	Liverpool	Hector	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 2	—	Trieste, ports	Nippon	Ital.	L. Triest.
Jan. 18	—	London, ports	†Piassy	Br.	M.M. & Co.
Jan. 20	—	Hamburg, ports	Oanfa	Br.	B. & S.
Jan. 20	—	Liverpool, ports	K. Templar	Br.	B. & S.
Jap. 27	—	Liverpool, ports	Anchises	Br.	B. & S.
Feb. 3	—	Hamburg, ports	Lycaon	Br.	B. & S.
Feb. 17	—	Antwerp, ports	Mentor	Br.	B. & S.
Feb. 24	—	Glasgow, ports	Achilles	Br.	B. & S.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Nov. 28	—	Foochow	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 28	—	Hongkong, Manila	Elkton	Am.	Adl. Line
Nov. 29	4.30	Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
Nov. 29	5.00	Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 30	3.30	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Nov. 30	—	Wenchow	Haean	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 30	—	Foochow	Hsinchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 30	6.00	Foochow	Kingshin	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Nov. 30	D.L.	Amoy	Ichang	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 30	noon	Hongkong & C'ton	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 1	D.L.	S. H'kong, C'ton	Choysang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec. 2	2.00	A. H'kong, C'ton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 4	—	Manila, Hongkong	E. of Russia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Dec. 7	—	Hongkong, Manila	Wawalona	Am.	Adl. Line
Dec. 11	—	Manila, Hongkong	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
Dec. 17	—	Hongkong	Katori Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Dec. 19	—	Hongkong	Monteagle	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Dec. 20	—	Hongkong, Manila	Cross Keys	Am.	A. Line
Dec. 26	—	Hongkong	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Nov. 28	noon	W'wei, C'foo, D'ren	Chinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 28	—	Chefoo & Tientsin	Yushun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 28	—	Tientsin	Feiching	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 29	—	Dairen	Choyo Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Nov. 30	D.L.	Chefoo, Tientsin	Yusang	Br.	J. M. & Co
Nov. 30	—	Chefoo & Tientsin	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 1	noon	Chefoo & Tientsin	Shansi	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 1	D.L.	Tsingtao	Hopsang	Br.	J. M. & Co
Dec. 1	noon	Chefoo, Tientsin	Chekiang	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 1	2.00	Tsingtao & Dairen	Kobe Maru	Jap.	S.M.R. Co.
Dec. 1	—	Vladivostok	Yungshin	Chi.	L.V. Lang
Dec. 3	—	Tientsin, ports	Keelung M.	Jap.	O. S. K.
Dec. 3	10.00*	Tientsin	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 5	10.00*	W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Nov. 28	noon	Wuhu	Wuhu	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 28	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Wosang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Nov. 29	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Shengking	Br.	B. & S
Nov. 30	M.N.	Hankow, etc,	Loongwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Nov. 30	M.N.	Hankow, etc,	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 30	noon	Pukow	Shantung	Br	B. & S
Dec. 1	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 1	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 2	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Dec. 2	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec. 2	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 3	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br.	J. M. & Co
Dec. 3	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 4	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Waishing	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec. 4	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 5	—	Wuhu	Wenchow	Br.	B. & S.
Dec. 6	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kiangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Dec. 6	M.N.	Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.

† CARRYING MAIL.
* A. M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT D.L.—DAYLIGHT

Launch Services

Wednesday, December 1, 1920

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs Jetty at 1 p.m.

Friday, December 3, 1920

The tender Gutzlaff conveying passengers and mails on board the P. and O. s.s. Somali will leave the Customs Jetty at 5 p.m.

Wednesday, December 15, 1920

The tender Whangpoo conveying passengers and mails on board the M.M. s.s. Chili will leave the M.M. Jetty (French Bund) at 9.30 a.m.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE

For U.S., Canada and Europe:
Per P.M. s.s. Ecuador Dec. 4

For Europe
Per P. & O. s.s. Somali Dec. 3

For Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yamashiro M. Nov. 30

MAILS DUE

From U.S. and Canada
Per C.P.O.S. s.s. E. of Russia Dec. 4

From Europe
Per P. & O. s.s. Dunera Dec. 2
Per M.M. s.s. Amazone Dec. 2

From Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Yamashiro M. Nov. 28

C. N. C.
CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

YANGTSZE RIVER & CHINA COAST PORTS.

FAST SCHEDULE SERVICES.

FOR CHINKIANG, NANKING, WUHU, KIUKIANG and HANKOW.
S.S. "SHENGKING" .....sails November 29th, midnight.
S.S. "TATUNG" .....sails November 30th, midnight.
S.S. "CHUNGKING" .....sails December 1st, midnight.

Steamers connect at Hankow with the Company's sailings on the Middle Yangtsze and Hunan Lines.

FOR TIENTSIN DIRECT
S.S. "TUNGCHOW" .....sails December 3rd, 10 a.m.

FOR WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN (and PEKING via TIENTSIN).
S.S. "SHUNTIEN" .....sails December 5th, 10 a.m.

FOR CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN
S.S. CHEKIANG" .....sails December 1st, noon.

FOR HONGKONG and CANTON via SWATOW and AMOY.
S.S. "SUIYANG" .....sails November 30th, noon.
S.S. "SINKIANG" .....(via Amoy) Dec. 2nd, 2 p.m.
S.S. "TEAN" .....(via Swatow) Dec. 4, 10 a.m.

Steamers connect at Hongkong with services to the Philippines, Indo-China and Australian Ports, also to Bangkok and Singapore.

FOR TSINGTAO
S.S. "YINGCHOW" .....sails December 4th.

FOR NINGPO.
S.S. "HSIN PEKING" .....at 4.30 p.m. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The above steamers have Electric Light throughout and are fitted with Electric Fans and Steam Heaters in State Rooms and Dining Saloons and are otherwise completely equipped for the comfort and convenience of Passengers.

For further particulars regarding Sailings, Passage Rates, etc., see "The Taikoo Shipping Gazette" or apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents,
French Bund.

Tel. No.
Passengers: Central No. 401.
Freight: Central No. 77.

CP OS

Canada - United States - Europe
Through Tickets Issued
Reservations Arranged. Itineraries Planned
Dominion Express Travellers Cheques Sold

TO MANILA AND HONGKONG
December 4th
S.S. EMPRESS OF RUSSIA

SAILINGS

To Vancouver		To Manila-Hongkong	
Emp. of Russia	Dec. 18	*Emp. of Russia	Dec. 4
Monteagle	Jan. 4	†Monteagle	Dec. 19
Emp. of Asia	Jan. 15	†Emp. of Japan	Dec. 26
Emp. of Japan	Jan. 22	*Emp. of Asia	Jan. 1

*Via Manila
†To Hongkong Direct

Freight Office
Cor. Peking and Yuen Ming Yuen Roads, Shanghai,
Telephone, Central 181

Passenger Office
Palace Hotel
19 The Bund
Shanghai,
Telephone, Central 181

CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES

THE ADMIRAL LINE
PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

TRANS PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

FOR HONGKONG-BATAVIA-SEMARANG SOURABAYA-SINGAPORE-MANILA
S.S. CITY OF SPOKANE ..... NOV. 27th

For Hongkong and Manila
S.S. CROSS KEYS ..... DEC. 20th

For Portland, Ore,
S.S. COAXET ..... NOV. 20th

Through Bills of Lading issued to all U.S. and Canadian Overland Points. For Freight and Particulars apply to

THE ADMIRAL LINE
R. W. BRUCE,
Agent

Telegraphic Address: "ADMIRALINE."

53 Szechuen Road Telephone Central 5971

"Sooner or later" is a smooth-sounding phrase, but the man who uses Want Ads knows that it pays to DO IT NOW

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

AMERICAN STEAMERS
TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE

PASSENGER and FREIGHT

For San Francisco via Yokohama, Kobe and Honolulu	For Hongkong via Manila
S.S. Ecuador .... Dec. 4	S.S. Colombia ... Dec. 11
S.S. Colombia .... Jan. 1	S.S. Venezuela .... Jan. 8
S.S. Venezuela ... Jan. 29	S.S. Ecuador .... Feb. 5

FREIGHT ONLY.

For Manila and Hongkong
S.S. WEST NERIS .....about ..... Dec. 1
For Japan Ports and San Francisco
S.S. WEST NERIS .....about ..... Dec. 22

SHANGHAI—CALCUTTA SERVICE
FREIGHT ONLY
Calling at Hongkong, Saigon, Singapore and Penang.
S.S. LAKE FIELDING .....about ..... Nov. 30

ROUND THE WORLD FREIGHT SERVICE
Regular monthly sailings for Manila, Hongkong, Saigon, Singapore, Calcutta, Colombo, Bombay, Port Said, Alexandria, Marseilles, Barcelona and Baltimore.
S.S. WEST KASSON .....about ..... Nov. 28

PANAMA SERVICE
PASSENGER and FREIGHT
Regular Bi-monthly sailings for Mexico, Central America, Panama, West Coast of South America.

SAN FRANCISCO-BALTIMORE SERVICE
FREIGHT ONLY.
Regular Bi-monthly sailings for Baltimore calling at Cuban Ports.

Through Bills of Lading issued to all Points in United States, Mexico, Central America, South America, and Cuba.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
1B, Nanking Road. Palace Hotel Building.
Telephone Central 5056. Cable Adress "SOLANO."

T. K. K.

SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)

Imperial Japanese and U.S.M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO
"KOREA MARU" .....December 20, 1920
"SIBERIA MARU" .....January 8, 1921
"TENYO MARU" .....January 16, 1921

FOR DAIREN
"CHOYO MARU" (Freighter) on or about November 29

All steamers of this company are thoroughly modern and up to date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performance, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.

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Homeward for Brindisi, Venice and Trieste via Ports
S.S. "PERSIA" will sail on or about the 11th December.
S.S. "NIPPON" beginning of January, 1921
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CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT

Sailings From Shanghai

SUBJECT TO CHANGE

FOR SAN FRANCISCO
via Japan and Honolulu
S.S. "CHINA" (10,200 tons). ..... Dec. 7
S.S. "NANKING" (15,000 tons) ..... Jan. 18
*Omits Yokohama and Honolulu
*S.S. "NILE" (14,000 tons) ..... Jan. 28

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT
S.S. "NANKING" ..... Jan. 3
S.S. "NILE" ..... Jan. 14

FOR HONGKONG AND SINGAPORE DIRECT
S.S. "CHINA" ..... Feb. 2

For further information regarding Passenger Fares, Sailings, Freight Rates, etc., apply to

F. R. BARRETT,
Agent.
Cable address "CHIMAIL" Phone "Central 4778"
Corner Szechuen and Kiukiang Roads.

GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

N. Y. K.
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government
Sailings From Shanghai (Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE MAIL SERVICE.
Marseilles, London and Antwerp via Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez and Port Said:—
KAMO MARU ..... 16,000 Capt. M. Nakamura, Dec. 6
IYO MARU ..... 12,500 Capt. S. Murazumi, Dec. 20

EUROPEAN LINE CARGO SERVICE
For Marseilles and Liverpool via ports:—
KAMAKURA MARU 12,500 Capt. Y. Kawashima, Dec. 4
AWA MARU ..... 12,500 Capt. S. Hirata, Dec. 19
For London, Rotterdam, and Hamburg via Ports:
LIMA MARU ..... 10,000 Capt. E. Masuzumi, Nov. 30
TSURUGA MARU .. 15,000 Capt. B. Takano, end of Dec.

FOR VICTORIA AND SEATTLE (Via Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama).
FUSHIMI MARU ... 21,000 Capt. M. Machida, Dec. 18
KATORI MARU ... 19,000 Capt. K. Yoshikawa, Jan. 5

FOR SOUTH AMERICA (Sailing from Kobe)
For Buenos Ayres, Santos, Rio de Janeiro via Durban and Cape Town:—

FOR YOKOHAMA VIA NAGASAKI, MOJI AND KOBE.
KASUGA MARU ... 7,000 Capt. R. Shimizu, Dec. 2
TAKESHIMA MARU.. 4,500 Capt. S. Kimura, Dec. 11
WAKANOURA MARU 5,500 Capt. J. Fujisawa, Dec. 14

FOR KOBE AND OSAKA VIA MOJI (Osaka may be omitted).
YAMASHIRO MARU 7,000 Capt. H. Hawai, Dec. 1
YAWATA MARU .... 7,000 Capt. S. Shinohara, Dec. 4
OMI MARU ..... 7,000 Capt. S. Kishimoto, Dec. 8
CHIKUGO MARU ..... 6,500 Capt. K. Hayashi, Dec. 11

FOR KOBE DIRECT.
ATSUTA MARU .... 16,000 Capt. T. Sekine, Dec. 1

FOR HONGKONG.
KATORI MARU ... 19,000 Capt. K. Yoshikawa, Dec 17

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG.
KASHIMA MARU .. 19,000 Capt. K. Itsuno, Jan. 8, 1921

FOR AUSTRALIA (Sailing from Hongkong).
For Manila, Zamboanga, Thursday Isl., Townsville, Brishbane, Sydney, Melbourne:—
TANGO MARU .... 14,000 Capt. B. Saito, Dec. 22
NIKKO MARU..... 10,000 Capt. J. Kurano, January

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to
I. MATSUDAIRA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha,
Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINA PACIFIC CO.
Agents for
Columbia Pacific Shipping Co.
and
Sudden and Christenson

Sailing from Shanghai about.
S.S. "West Nivaria" Dec. 18
S.S. "Bearport" To follow.
S.S. "West Nomentum" To follow.
S.S. "Sinasta" To follow.

Cargo Service between
PORTLAND, OREGON
and
SHANGHAI, TSINGTAO, TIENTSIN and DAIREN
Through bills of lading to the principal cities of the United States and Canada.
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O. S. K.
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
(Osaka Mercantile Steamship Co.)
Under Mail Contract with Imperial Japanese Government
Sailings From Shanghai (Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE, For Marseilles, London, Antwerp, Rotterdam and Hamburg via Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo.

	Tons	Capt.	Arrive	Leave.
*HAVANA MARU	15,000	S. Imai,	Nov. 28	Nov. 30

NEW YORK LINE, For San Francisco, Panama and New York via Japan Ports.
AMUR MARU ..... 14,000 H. Chiba, Feb. 2 Feb. 4

PUGET SOUND LINE, For Victoria, Seattle Tacoma, and Vancouver via Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.
AFRICA MARU .....18,000 H. Yamamoto, Dec. 2 Dec. 4

FOR HONGKONG.
ARABIA MARU ....18,000 J. Saito, Dec. 17 Dec. 18

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS, For Dairen via Tientsin
KEELUNG MARU ... 3,500 N. Kamisawa, Dec. 1 Dec. 3

FOR FORMOSA, For Takao via Keelung.
KOHOKU MARU .... 5,000 J. Akasawa, Dec. 4 Dec. 6

Those steamers marked* have no passenger accommodation.
The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to Principal Ports of the world.
Through freight booked from Shanghai for Transhipment at Kobe.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
Union Building, 4 The Bund, Tel. Nos. Central 4233, 4234 and 4235.
O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, Tel Nos Central 2215 East 208 and 213.
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, Shanghai.

Shipping Items

The P. and O. s.s. Sicilia, from London, on October 22, is expected to leave Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai today.

The Adl. Line s.s. Cross Keys left Seattle for Yokohama on Thursday, November 18.

The Adl. Line s.s. Eastern Admiral left Manila for Cebu on Friday, November 19.

The Adl. Line s.s. Montague left Seattle for Yokohama on Thursday, November 18.

The I-C. s.s. Loongwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.N. s.s. Sinkiang left Hongkong for Shanghai on Thursday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinchang was expected to leave Hongkong for Tientsin direct yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung left Hankow for Shanghai on Friday.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking left Hankow for Shanghai on Friday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinfung left Lungkow for Chefoo and Shanghai on Friday.

The C.P.O.S. s.s. Montezgia was scheduled to sail from Vancouver for Japan ports and Shanghai yesterday and is due here on December 19.

The P.M. freighter Lake Fielding is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Hongkong on Tuesday, November 30. The Lake Fielding is taking the place of the Lake Faulk.

The P.M. s.s. West Kasson, one of the round the world steamers, arrived in Shanghai from San Francisco Friday and will sail for Manila today.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinkong left Tientsin for Chefoo and Shanghai on Friday.

The I-C. s.s. Choysang is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Tsingtao tomorrow.

The I-C. s.s. Koonshing is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Tientsin and Chefoo tomorrow.

The I-C. s.s. Hopsang is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong and Swatow tomorrow.

The E. and A. s.s. Kanowna was expected to leave Kobe for Melbourne via Hongkong and ports on Thursday.

The P. and O. s.s. Duners, from Bombay on November 13, is expected to leave Hongkong for Shanghai at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

The I-C. s.s. Luenho will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Yingchow will leave Hongkong for Shanghai today.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien will leave Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s Kwanglee left Hongkong for Shanghai on Thursday.

The I-C. s.s. Fooshing is expected to arrive in Shanghai from Hongkong and Ningpo next Thursday.

The P. & O. s.s. Somali was expected to leave Kobe for Shanghai at 10 o'clock yesterday morning and will sail from this port for London and ports on Saturday, December 4. The tender Gutzlaff with passengers and mails will leave the Customs jety at 5 o'clock Friday evening.

The M.M. s.s. Amazone, with the French mails of October 27, left Saigon at 8 o'clock Thursday morning and is expected to arrive in Shanghai next Thursday.

The Blue Funeral s.s. Orestes, from United Kingdom, left Hongkong on Thursday and is due in Shanghai tomorrow morning.

The S.P. s.s. Changon left Hankow for Shanghai on Thursday.

The S.P. s.s. Hwahkuei left Chefoo for Shanghai Friday morning.

The I-C. s.s. Suiwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Luenyi will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Wuchang will leave Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The I-C. s.s. Waishing will leave Hankow for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Szechuen will leave Hongkong for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.N. s.s. Tean will leave Tsingtao for Shanghai on Tuesday.

The C.M. s.s. Kwangtah arrived at Amoy from Shanghai Thursday evening and sailed for Hongkong at noon on Friday.

The C.M. s.s. Toonan will leave Wenchow for Foochow this morning.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinming will leave Tientsin for Chefoo and Shanghai today.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Yamashiro Maru left Moji for Shanghai on Friday and is expected to arrive at the N.Y.K. Wharf today.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Kasuga Maru left Nagasaki for Shanghai yesterday and is due at the Wayside Wharf tomorrw.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata Maru will leave Moji for Shanghai tomorrow and is expected to arrive at the N.Y.K. Wharf on Wednesday.

The Adl. Line s.s. Coaxet arrived at Hongkong from Manila on Thursday.

The Adl. Line s.s. City of Spokane left Dairen on Thursday and arrived in Shanghai yesterday morning.

The Adl. Line s.s. Naugus left Shanghai for Rotterdam by way of Dairen on Friday.

The Adl. Line s.s. Eastern Cloud left Kobe for Shanghai on Wednesday and arrived here yesterday afternoon.

The French cruiser Desaix arrived in Shanghai yesterday afternoon.

P. & O., British India, Apcar, E. & A. S.S. Lines
(Companies Incorporated in England)

FOR MARSEILLES, LONDON AND ANTWERP
via HONGKONG, STRAITS, CEYLON, EGYPT

S.S. "SOMALI" December 4th
S.S. "DEVANHA" December 15th
S.S. "SICILIA" December 27th
S.S. "PLASSY" January 18th

FOR BOMBAY via STRAITS AND COLOMBO
S.S. "DUNERA" December 8th

FOR CALCUTTA DIRECT FROM HONGKONG
S.S. "TANDA" December 26th

FOR SYDNEY from HONGKONG
S.S. "KANOWNA" November 29th
S.S. "ST. ALBANS" December 22nd

P. & O. and B.I.S.N. Co.'s tickets interchangeable.
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For particulars regarding Freight or Passage, apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
AGENTS
24 The Bund, Shanghai
Telephones: General: Central 169
Passage: Central 2510
Freight: Central 2969

BARBER STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.
FOR LONDON - ANTWERP - ROTTERDAM
S.S. Naugus Dec. 6th
S.S. Dryden Dec. 20th
For rates and particulars apply to
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INCORPORATED
Pacific representatives and operators
Green Star Line

For San Francisco—via Dairen, Kobe and Yokohama.
U.S.S.B. S.S. COLORADO SPRINGS ..... Nov. 29th
For San Francisco—via Kobe and Yokohama.
U.S.S.B. S.S. WEST CARMONA ..... Dec. 26th
For Seattle—via Kobe and Yokohama.
U.S.S.B. S.S. WEST IVIS ..... Dec. 7th
For Seattle—via Dairen, Kobe and Yokohama.
U.S.S.B. S.S. DEUEL ..... Jan. 15th
For New York—via Suez Canal
U.S.S.B. S.S. EURANA ..... About Jan. 10th

EXECUTIVE OFFICE FOR THE FAR EAST
Shanghai, China.
SHANGHAI OFFICE
7 Jinkee Road
Tel. Cent. 5017 and 5018
C. S. HOLMES, Asst. General Manager. W. B. Lunt, Agent.
Telegrams "DIXSTRUTH"

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco		
Tenyo Maru	.....	Oct. 31
Nanking	.....	Nov. 4
Venezuela	.....	Nov. 7
Tamaha	.....	Nov. 10
West Henshaw	.....	Nov. 14
West Ira	.....	Nov. 15
Nile	.....	Nov. 22
Stockton	.....	Nov. 23
Shinyo Maru	.....	Nov. 26
For Seattle		
West Jena	.....	Oct. 25
Wheatland Montana	..	Nov. 5
Suwa Maru	.....	Nov. 22
West Ison	.....	Nov. 25
Toyama Maru	.....	Nov. 26
For Los Angeles		
Vinita	.....	Nov. 23
For Portland		
West Keats	.....	Nov. 24
For Vancouver		
Empress of Russia	...	Oct. 23
Montezgia	.....	Oct. 29
Teucer	.....	Oct. 30
Empress of Japan	....	Nov. 12
Empress of Asia	....	Nov. 20
For New York		
Eldena	.....	Oct. 22
Genoa Maru	.....	Oct. 27
Melville Dollar	.....	Oct. 30
M. S. Dollar	.....	Nov. 16
Hague Maru	.....	Nov. 19
Harold Dollar	.....	Nov. 20
Naugus	.....	Nov. 26
Toba Maru	.....	Nov. 27
For [illegible]		
Pembrokeshire	.....	Oct. 25
Sado Maru	.....	Oct. 25
Glenliffer	.....	Oct. 30
Kitano Maru	.....	Nov. 9
Novara	.....	Nov. 10
Glenshane	.....	Nov. 17
Atreus	.....	Nov. 19
Elpenor	.....	Nov. 21
Nellore	.....	Nov. 22
Bloemfontein	.....	Nov. 24
Inaba Maru	.....	Nov. 25
For Liverpool		
Pelues	.....	Oct. 23
Wakasa Maru	.....	Oct. 25
Jelamon	.....	Oct. 31
Dakar Maru	.....	Nov. 6
Laertes	.....	Nov. 7
Antilochus	.....	Nov. 22
For Rotterdam		
Yalou	.....	Nov. 19
For Hamburg		
Tjimanoek	.....	Oct. 22
Nagato Maru	.....	Oct. 27
Argun Maru	.....	Oct. 18
Crovon city	.....	Oct. 23
Andes Maru	.....	Nov. 5
For Copenhagen		
Panama	.....	Oct. 28
For Marseilles		
Porthos	.....	Nov. 7
C. M. Mailhol	.....	Nov. 12
Cordillere	.....	Nov. 24
For Trieste		
Africa	.....	Nov. 1
For Port Said		
West Hargrave	.....	Oct. 28
For Calcutta		
Takada	.....	Nov. 2
For Bombay		
Dilwara	.....	Nov. 13

Vessels Due

Amazone, *Marseilles*	.....	Dec. 2
Atsuta Maru, *London*	....	Nov. 28
Changon, *Hankow*	.....	Nov. 28
Choysang, *Tsingtao*	.	Nov. 29
Chungking, *Hankow*	.....	Nov. 29
Dunera, *Bombay*	.....	Dec. 4
Ecuador, *Hongkong*	.....	Dec. 4
E. of Russia, *Vancouver*	..	Dec. 4
Fengtien, *Tientsin*	.....	Dec. 5
Fooshing, *Hongkong*	.....	Dec. 2
Hopsang, *Hongkong*	.....	Nov. 29
Hsin Peking, *Ningpo*	....	Nov. 28
Hsinfung, *Tientsin*	.....	Nov. 28
Hsinkong, *Tientsin*	.....	Nov. 29
Hsinming, *Tientsin*	.....	Dec. 1
Hwahkuei, *Chefoo*	.....	Nov. 28
Kasuga Maru, *Japan*	....	Nov. 29
Kiangfoo, *Hankow*	.....	Dec. 6
Kiangteen, *Ningpo*	.....	Nov. 30
Kiangwah, *Hankow*	.....	Nov. 30
Kiangyu, *Hankow*	.....	Dec. 4
Kiangyung, *Hankow*	....	Nov. 29
Koonshing, *Tientsin*	.....	Nov. 29
Kutwo, *Hankow*	.....	Dec. 4
Kwanglee, *Hongkong*	....	Nov. 29
Loongwo, *Hankow*	.....	Nov. 28
Luenyi, *Hankow*	.....	Dec. 2
Luenho, *Hankow*	.....	Dec. 1
Ngankin, *Hankow*	.....	Dec. 5
Ningshao, *Hankow*	.....	Dec. 4
Omi Maru, *Japan*	.....	Dec. 5
Orestes, *Liverpool*	.....	Nov. 30
Poyang, *Hankow*	.....	Nec. 1
Shuntien, *Tientsin*	.....	Dec. 1
Sinkiang, *Hongkong*	.....	Nov. 29
Somali, *Japan*	.....	Dec. 1
Suiwo, *Hankow*	.....	Dec. 2
Sunning, *Hongkong*	.....	Dec. 6
Szechuen, *Hongkong*	....	Dec. 4
Tatung, *Hankow*	.....	Nov. 28
Tean, *Tsingtao*	.....	Dec. 2
Tuckwo, *Hankow*	.....	Dec. 5
Waishing, *Hankow*	.....	Dec. 3
Wuchang, *Hankow*	.....	Dec. 6
Yawata Maru, *Japan*	.....	Dec. 1
Yamashiro Maru, *Japan*	..	Nov. 28
Yingchow, *Hongkong*	....	Dec. 2

THE ROBERT DOLLAR CO. SAN FRANCISCO

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REGULAR TRANS-PACIFIC AND NEW YORK FREIGHT SERVICE

MANILA—HONGKONG—SINGAPORE—SHANGHAI TO AMERICA

SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO
S.S. "West Cadron" - - U.S.B. - - - Nov. 30th
S.S. "West Hepburn" - - - - - - Dec. 15th

SAILINGS FOR VANCOUVER
S.S. "Esther Dollar" - - - - - - Jan. 26th

SAILINGS FOR NEW YORK
S.S. "Esther Dollar" - - - - - - Jan. 26th

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VESSELS IN HARBOR AND AT WOOSUNG

Date		From	Ships Name	Flag	Agents
Nov. 20	—	Chungking	R. Dollar II	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Nov. 21	—		Talan	Jap.	M. S. K.
Nov. 22	—	Hankow, etc.	Iwanta	Am.	Dollar Co.
Nov. 22	—	Japan	Wakamitsu M.	Am.	
Nov. 24	—	Cruise	Store Nordiske	Dan.	G.N.T. Co.
Nov. 24	—	Liverpool, ports	Demodocus	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 24	—	River ports	Meihu	Am.	Socony.
Nov. 25	—	Dairen	Glenshane	Br.	C. L. E. A.
Nov. 25	—	Hankow, ports	Nanyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov. 26	—	Japan	Masaki Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov. 26	—	Japan	Asahi Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Nov. 26	—	Japan	Daishin Maru	Jap.	M. S. K.
Nov. 26	—	Japan	Toba Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov. 26	—	Amoy	[illegible]	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 26	—	Cruise	Pacific	Dan.	G.N.T. Co.
Nov. 26	—	Japan	Kansei Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Nov. 16	—	San Francisco	West Kasson	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Nov. 26	—	Hankow, etc.	[illegible]	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 26	—	Hank w, etc.	Tachi Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov. 26	—		Halvdan	Nor.	O. Thoresen
Nov. 26	—	Wenchow	[illegible]	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 26	—	Tsingtao	Kirishima M.	Jap.	M.B.K.
Nov. 27	—	Foochow	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Nov. 27	—	New York, ports	Telemachus	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 27	—	Chinwangtao	Shinping	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Nov. 27	—	Chefoo	Shawhsing	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co
Nov. 27	—	Japan	Hirado Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Nov. 27	—	Japan	Takaosan Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Nov. 27	—	Java ports	Tjikini	Dut.	H. C. T. Co.
Nov. 27	—	Honskong	Havre Maru	Jap.	O.S.K.
Nov. 27	—	Seattle, ports	C. of Spokane	Am.	Adl. Line
Nov. 27	—	Hongkong	Col. Springs	Am.	S. & Dix
Nov. 27	—	Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Nov. 27	—	Hankow, etc.	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 27	—	Hankow, etc.	Wosang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov. 27	—	Hankow, etc.	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 27	—	Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov. 27	—	Foochow	Feiching	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 27	—	Native Customs	Meian	Am.	Socony.
Nov. 27	—	Hongkong	Memnon	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 27	—	Chefoo	Astrakan	Rus.	R.V.F.
Nov. 27	—	Tientsin	Yusang	Br.	J. M. & Co
Nov. 27	—	Vladivostok	Shunchong	Chi.	L.V. Lang
Nov. 27	—	Pukow	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 27	—	New York	Eastern Cloud	Am.	A. Line
Nov. 27	—		Irene	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 27	—	Tsingtao	Misaki Maru 2	Jap.	H.H. Co.
Nov. 27	—	Japan	Kirishima M. 10	Jap.	M.B.K.

Departures

Date		From	Ships Name	Flag	Agents
Nov. 26	—	Tientsin	Yushun	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 26	—	Wuhu	Genzen Maru	Jap.	S. Shokai
Nov. 26	—	Native Customs	Urajio Maru	Jap.	Kaiyosha
Nov. 27	—	Hankow, etc.	Tehhsing	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Nov. 27	—	Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Nov. 27	—	Hankow, etc.	Ngankin	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 27	—	Japan	Chikugo M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov. 27	—	Chefoo, Tientsin	Fengtien	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 27	—	S. H'kong, C'ton	Kwongsang	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Nov. 27	—	S. H'kong, C'ton	Chenan	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 27	—	Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S. M. R. Co.
Nov. 27	—	New York	Toba Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov. 27	—	Tsingtao	Tean	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 27	—		Shinfoo	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Nov. 27	—	Native Customs	Senzan Maru	Jap.	S. Shozai
Nov. 27	—	Singapore	Cassis	Br.	A.P. Co.
Nov. 27	—	Chinwangtao	Kaiping	Br.	K.M.A.
Nov. 27	—	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co

Arrivals

Date		From	Ships Name	Flag	Agents
Nov. 27	—	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 27	—	Foochow	Kwangchi	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 27	—	New York, ports	Telemachus	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 27	—	Chinwangtao	Shinping	Chi.	S.P.S.N. Co.
Nov. 27	—	Chefoo	Shawhsing	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co
Nov. 27	—	Japan	Hirado Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Nov. 27	—	Japan	Takaosan Maru	Jap.	M.B.K.
Nov. 27	—	Java ports	Tjikini	Dut.	H. C. T. Co.
Nov. 27	—	Hongkong	Havre Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Nov. 27	—	Seattle, ports	C. of Spokane	Am.	Adl. Line
Nov. 27	—	Hongkong	Col. Springs	Am.	S. & Dix
Nov. 27	—	Hankow, etc.	Kiangfoo	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Nov. 27	—	Hankow, etc.	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov. 27	—	Hankow, etc.	Wosang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov. 27	—	Hankow, etc.	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 27	—	Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov. 27	—	Foochow	Feiching	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Nov. 27	—	Native Customs	Meian	Am.	Socony.
Nov. 27	—	Hongkong	Memnon	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 27	—	Chefoo	Astrakan	Rus.	R.V.F.
Nov. 27	—	Tientsin	Yusang	Br.	J. M. & Co
Nov. 27	—	Vladivostok	Shunchong	Chi.	L.V. Lang
Nov. 27	—	Pukow	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
Nov. 27	—	New York	Eastern Cloud	Am.	A. Line
Nov. 27	—	Cruise	Desaix	Fr.	cruiser
Nov. 27	—		Irene	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co
Nov. 27	—	Tsingtao	Misaki M. 2	Jap.	H.H. Co.
Nov. 27	—	Japan	Kirishima M. 10	Jap.	M.B.K.

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	Name	Flag and Rating
K.I.Y.B	Nov. 21	Altair	Fr. cruiser
B.VIII	Oct. 26	Chitose	Jap. gun-boat
	Nov. 22	Chuentiao	Chi. rev. cr.
S.I.	Nov. 27	Desaix	Fr. cruiser
F.N.B	Oct. 21	Destrees	Fr. cruiser
1 C.	Nov. 25	Fox Glove	Br. gunboat
B.N.B.	Oct. 29	Hinsha	Br. gun-boat
	Nov. 20	Likin	Chi. rev. cr.
	Nov. 16	Liuhsing	Chi. rev. cr.
S'chow Creak	Oct. 29	M.A.S. 226	Ital. sub-chaser
S'chow Creak	Oct. 29	M.A.S. 227	Ital. sub-chaser
U.S.N.B.	Nov. 20	New Orleans	Am. cruiser
	Nov. 17	Pingching	Chi. rev. cr.
P. & O. B. I.	Oct. 15	Scarab	Br. gun-boat
O. D.	Nov. 8	Seb. Caboto	Ital. gunboat
O. D.	Nov. 20	Toba	Jap. gun-boat
I C	Oct. 12	Villalobos	Am. gunboat

Information For Mariners

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 28

High Water at Woosung Bar
(The day tides are higher than the night tides, they are about equal at 5 and 6 o'clock.
Approximate rise, at springs 4 1/4 h; at neaps, 5 h.
fall, at springs 8 1/4 h; at neaps, 7½ h.

A.M. Time	A.M. Range	P.M. Time	P.M. Range
1h. 15m.	8ft. 2in	1h. 38m.	10ft. 0in.

High Water at Tungsha Lightship
(The evening tides are higher than the morning tides).
Approximate rise, 5 1/2 h; approximate fall, 7 h.

A.M. H.	A.M. M.	P.M. H.	P.M. M.
0	14	0	38

Time of Moonrise, Moonset, Sunrise, Sunset

Moon Rises	Moon Sets	Sun Rises	Sun Sets	Daylight	Dark
7 31 p.m.	8 29 a.m.	6h. 27m.	4h. 57m.	5h. 52m.	5h. 42m.

Mean Barometric Pressure at Shanghai
For November 30.23in.
768.0mm.

Business and Official Notices

SPECIAL

PACKARD Twin-Six Roadster:
Special body, perfect condition guaranteed.
Bargain for quick sale.

DAVIS, CENTRAL GARAGE, 2a Jinkee Road.
We buy for cash Tel., Central 3809 We sell on time

ESTABLISHED 1870 TELEPHONE CENTRAL 126

L. MOORE & Co. LIMITED

AUCTIONEERS : VALUERS : LAND BROKERS
45 Kiukiang Road Shanghai

AUCTION INDEX

Monday, November 29th.—Superior and Artistic Household Furniture and accessories at 12 Rue Moliere.

Monday, November 29th.—Useful Household Furniture and Sundries in back Salesroom at 10 a.m.

Tuesday, November 30th.—Excellent Household Furniture and Sundries at 139a Range Road.

Saturday, December 4th.—A good collection of Postage stamps in upper Salesroom at 2:30 p.m.

Wednesday, December 8th.—A fine Selection of Furs in Salesroom at 10 a.m.

BOOKS

We propose holding a book auction at an early date, and shall be glad to include books of a good class, if particulars are furnished within a week.

SHANGHAI AUCTIONEERS CO.

Telephone No. 5021

FIRE LOSS ADJUSTERS FOR INSURANCE

Valuers for Probate

Inventories of furniture taken at shortest notice and at reasonable rates

Also

Land and Estate Agents

HAIRNETS

Five Thousand Gross Special Selected Shantung Cap Hairnets, size 10-38. Full count and none broken. Good assortment of colors. Price reasonable. Apply to Box 1483, THE CHINA PRESS. 33907

"MEADOW" BRAND BUTTER

in one pound pats may be obtained from all leading Storekeepers

TINNED BUTTER

HAZELWOOD BRAND

Finest American Butter, In one and two pound full weight tins

Per case of 24 x 2 lb. tins. $49.00
Per case of 48 x 1 lb. tins. $51.00

Geddes & Co., Limited.
IMPORTERS.
Tel. 346 5 Peking Road

Business and Official Notices are Continued on Page 21

FOOCHOW

The San Peh Co.'s Steamer Ningchin, Captain Augestad, will leave from the Ning hao Wharf, Chinese Bund, Nantao, on Tuesday, the 30th inst., at about 6 p.m. This Steamer has extra large cabin with all the conveniences of a mail Steamer, with observation saloons fore and aft. Excellent service and cuisine. Passage fare, Shanghai to Foochow, single $30 and return $48. For Freight or Passage apply to the office of the Company No. 19 to 21, Avenue Edward VII Telephones:—Freight C.1520 Passage C.3283. 33913

Liu Chiang Mining and Railway Co., Ltd.

BEST anthracite coal for sale Mex. $18.00 per ton. As good as any high priced coal in the market. Best suited for "SALAMANDRE" and all other stoves. Orders under half ton not accepted.

One basket of charcoal free to every order for one ton of coal.

Prompt delivery on the same day provided ordered before noon.

Sole Agent
ZUNG KEE COAL CO.,
No. 106 North Soochow Road
(near Stone Bridge)
Telephone North No. 1692.
號煤記仁處售轉
33869

LOST

Lost A B/L No. 69 for 114 cases provisions ex s.s. "Columbia,"

marked: C TS C 1/113.

The said document has been declared Null and Void by the Shipping Co. concerned, and the Public are hereby warned against negotiating the same. 33840

Not a Single CROSS WORD in a CASE SANDY MACDONALD (Sandy Mac) is the best SCOTCH WHISKY At All Storekeepers

GARNER, QUELCH & CO.
Sole Agents

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT FOR CHINA

In re Application of HERMAN HARRY WEINBERGER *For change of Name*

Cause No. 1213
Spec Proc No. 357

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that Herman Harry Weinberger, an American citizen, residing in China, has filed his petition in the above named Court praying for authority to change the spelling of his surname to Winburg, for reasons of sentiment and convenience.

Any person interested may, at any time, within four weeks after the publication hereof, offer and show cause to said court why the said petition should not be granted.

Geo. J. JESSUP,
Deputy Clerk.
33569

PROFESSIONAL

ENGLISH lessons given by British lady. Terms moderate. Apply to Box 1474, THE CHINA PRESS. 33899 D 1

MUSIC lessons (piano) given by teacher, graduate from Petrograd Conservatoire. I. Zviagin 25, East Seward Road, near Chaoufoong Road, from 5 to 6. 33836

RUSSIAN lessons required by gentleman; please state terms. If desired, lessons can be exchanged for other languages. Apply to Box 1482, THE CHINA PRESS. 33906 N 28

ENGLISH woman wishes to exchange language lessons with French or Italian girl, evenings. Apply to Box 1452, THE CHINA PRESS. 33864 N 28

YOUNG lady student from Petrograd wishes to have few pupils more for Russian lessons. Apply to Box 1463, THE CHINA PRESS. 33885 N. 30

DANCING. High-class individual instruction—the "Jazz" Movement, Fox-Trot, One-step, Waltz. Appointments in person. Phone or letter. Miss Connie Hendry, Astor House Hotel. 33791 D 7

HIGH-CLASS ball-room dancing lessons given by two American ladies. Private and class. Rates reasonable. Apply to Box 1414, THE CHINA PRESS. 33787 N 30

BE HAPPY! Learn to dance in five lessons; individual class instruction held daily from 5 o'clock. Enquire Carlton Cafe office. 33707 D. 19.

DANCING. Special to advanced dancers. I guarantee to give you, in one lesson, individual instruction, the latest New York "Jazz" movement in the Fox trot. Miss Constance Hendry, Astor House Hotel. 33706 D. 3.

DANCING. Shanghai's first dancing class. Prof. Thereses, Palace Hotel, daily 5.15. We teach anyone who can walk to dance. 33599 N. 28

MATRIMONY

Gentleman, middle age, in good position, wishes to correspond with Eurasian lady of good respectable standing, object matrimony. Apply to Box 1453, THE CHINA PRESS. 33863 N. 30

LOST AND FOUND

LOST, Saturday night, black show-dog, female. Answers to the name of "Ping." If found, please return to 542 Rue Ratard. Reward. 33793 N 28

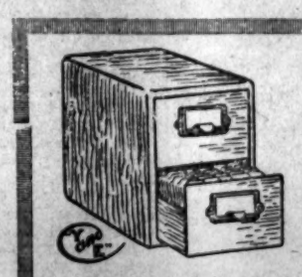
FOR AMERICAN, BRITISH AND CHINESE

METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRIES

PHONE OR WRITE TO

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

(ZUNG LEE & SONS, ESTABLISHED 1895)
SHANGHAI



A handy place for your Card Records

THIS complete card cabinet can be kept on the desk, table or shelf. Each drawer will hold 1000 medium weight cards. Offered for 5 x 3, 6x4, 8x5, or 5x8 inch cards. May be had with one or more drawers. Just the thing for card ledgers or follow-up outfits. *Call or phone.*

The Office Appliance Co.
22 Nanking Rd., Shanghai

Stewart V-RAY SEARCHLIGHT

A Real Searchlight for Every Car

It is designed with scientific accuracy to project an intense, piercing "searchlight" beam.

Distributors and Service Station for China of Stewart Products

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

SITUATIONS VACANT

ACCOUNTANT: Good opportunity for accountant experienced in use of Burrough's Adding machine. Apply stating experience to Box 1486, THE CHINA PRESS. 33915 D-1

WANTED, clerk familiar with code work; must understand thoroughly all standard codes and be able to code and decode messages. Apply to Box 1484, THE CHINA PRESS. 33909 D 1

WANTED, experienced Portuguese or Eurasian lady stenographer for large business concern in central district. State experience and salary. Apply to Box 1461, THE CHINA PRESS. 33881 N. 30

WANTED, male stenographer for American steamship Company. Apply to Box 1439, THE CHINA PRESS. 33835 N 28

WANTED, sales girl, foreign, can be Portuguese or Eurasian, (not Russian) for confectionery. Apply Winikoff Bakery, 1 Broadway. 33886 N. 28

WANTED immediately, musicians. $200 a month to start with. Only first-class musicians need apply to Box 1406, THE CHINA PRESS. 33765 N. 28

WANTED, accountant for large established import and export firm. Applicant must be thoroughly experienced and efficient in office system, modern accounting, and handling of exchange. Apply to Box 1305, THE CHINA PRESS. 33742

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 23

APARTMENTS WANTED

YOUNG gentleman, British, would like room mate to share one LARGE room, from December 1st with board. Bathroom attached. Please apply to Box 1488, THE CHINA PRESS. 33916

ENGLISHWOMAN (employed) wants bed, bath and board from December 15th. Central, reasonable, permanent. Apply to Box 1472, THE CHINA PRESS. 33897 N 28

BEDROOM, comfortable, with bath, wanted immediately by young French lady, with or without board. Please state terms, to Box No. 1462, THE CHINA PRESS. 33882 N 28

WANTED, flat furnished or unfurnished or room and bath. Near Bund. Willing to buy furniture. Apply to Box 1429, THE CHINA PRESS. 33821 N. 28.

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

TWO large office rooms to rent at 46 Nanking Road; immediate acceptance. 33891 D-1

TELEPHONE BUILDING, three rooms on ground floor. Tls. 300 per month. Apply China Realty Co. 33645

GODOWNS: part or whole, to let in central district. Apply to L. V. Lang, No. 8 French Bund. 33527

OFFICES to let; suites of from two to four very large light rooms, steam heat, very modern, near Bund. Apply J. T. Hammond, No. 51 Szechuen Road. 33257

All Advertisements must be prepaid. Replies must be called for.

Classified Advertisements

2 Cents a Word. Minimum Charge 40 cents

SITUATIONS WANTED

EXPORT Compradore, fully conversant with China produce, desires position. Can furnish excellent references and security. Apply to Box 1395, THE CHINA PRESS. 33893 D 4

LADY stenographer, American, at present employed, desires change. Reference. Apply to Box 1480, THE CHINA PRESS. 33904 N 30

YOUNG MAN (24), well educated, desires immediate engagement. Seven years experience as stenographer and office assistant. Has thorough knowledge of mercantile and engineering office routine Moderate salary. No objection to outports. References. Apply to Box 1481, THE CHINA PRESS. 33905 D 2

EXPERIENCED young Chinese desires position as typist and filing clerk. Salary required, $50. Apply to Box 1467, THE CHINA PRESS. 33889 N 28

LET the Y.M.C.A. Employment Department help you find the right man for the next vacancy in your office. Fifteen years of experience, hundreds of satisfied employers. Address Mr. C. C. Hsu, Employment Secretary, No. 120 Szechuen Road, Shanghai, or phone Central 5200. 33567

EXPERIENCED young lady, with knowledge of stenography, filing, cabling and general office work, seeks position. Good references. Apply to Box 1454, THE CHINA PRESS. 33867 N. 30

CIVIL-ENGINEER, experienced in practical building in reinforced concrete, brick and stone, mining, factories, chimneys, brick works, furnaces etc., is open for engagement. Apply to Box 1449, THE CHINA PRESS. 33857 N. 30

YOUNG Chinese, at present employed, desires change for general office work and typing. Moderate salary. Apply to Box 1426, THE CHINA PRESS. 33814 N 28

EXPERIENCED lady stenographer seeks position. Free December 1st. Apply to Box 1447, THE CHINA PRESS. 33855 D 2

LADY returning to America next spring, wishes to offer her services as travelling companion to lady or child in return for passage. Good sailor. Apply to Box 1448, THE CHINA PRESS. 33856 N 28

LADY STENOGRAPHER, quick, accurate and thoroughly experienced in office routine, requires position; salary required Taels 125. Apply to Box 1409, THE CHINA PRESS. 33769 N 28

COMPETENT Canadian lady bookkeeper, with ten years' experience, is open for immediate engagement. Has good knowledge of general office work, filing and typing. Apply to Box 1435, THE CHINA PRESS. 33830 N 28

LADY leaving for America would like to hear of someone requiring her services as companion or governess in return for passage. Apply to Box 1404, THE CHINA PRESS. 33763 N. 28

POSITION wanted by a young man, four years' experience, well-versed in import, export and general office work. Also a competent steno-typist. Outport no objection. Excellent references. Apply to Box 1396, THE CHINA PRESS. 33744 N. 28

WANTED, by a young man (British) with over ten years experience in China, possessed good knowledge of shipping, book-keeping, banking, estate and Land, import & export, and general office routine Good testimonials, at present working. No objection to outport. Apply to Box 1402, THE CHINA PRESS. 33762 N-30

HOUSES TO LET

WANTED to rent, a furnished or unfurnished house of six or more rooms in western district or French concession. Apply to Box 1446, THE CHINA PRESS. 33854

APARTMENTS

Connaught House
8 Quinsan Gardens
Vacant 1st Dec., one small Front room, with board
Apply Mrs. G. POLLOCK

TO LET with board, in Bubbling Well District, small comfortably furnished back room & bath. All modern comforts. Suitable for bachelor. Rent $75 per month. Apply to Box 1238, THE CHINA PRESS.

ORIENTAL HOUSE
31 Boone Road
One large room one large attic, facing garden also small room. Hot and cold water. Suitable for married couples or bachelors. Moderate prices. Table under the personal supervision of the American proprietress. Tel. North 1102. 33838

TO LET, bedroom with or without board, private family, nice house, fronting Race Course. Apply to Box 1478, THE CHINA PRESS. 33902 N 28

TO LET, immediately, one or two nice rooms, with large verandah and attached bath, completely furnished, with or without board, in private home, best locality French town. Apply to Box 1476, THE CHINA PRESS. 33900 N 30

TO LET, immediate possession, centrally located, beautifully furnished front bedroom with verandah and bath, full board. Instantaneous water heater and heat furnished. For couple or two gentlemen, 18 Quinsan Gardens. 33895 D 1

TO LET, two rooms and bath, furnished, suitable for two or three bachelors. Apply 522 Avenue Joffre, 10 to 12. 33908 N 28

FOR RENT, large, well furnished bedroom, with use of sitting room, balcony, and bathroom. Near French Park. Suitable for married couple. Apply to Box 1485, THE CHINA PRESS. 33912 N 28

TWO large rooms to let, with private bathrooms attached, and board. Equipped with telephone. Apply to Box 1415, THE CHINA PRESS. 33788

TO LET, without board, one large good furnished room, bath-room (hot water) and telephone. Apply 52 Boone Road, corner North Szechuen Road. 33885 N. 28

FOR RENT. Room in private American home, suitable for two bachelors or two young ladies. Western district. References required. Apply to Box 1464, THE CHINA PRESS. 33887 N. 28

TO LET, western district, one well furnished double room, suitable for two persons, with private verandah and bath. Full board. Apply to Box 1459, THE CHINA PRESS. 33877

FOR RENT, room with bath, central location, furniture and fixtures to be taken. Apply to Box 1458, THE CHINA PRTSS. 33876 N. 30

TO LET on the Bubbling Well Road, a nice, well furnished, single room. Particulars, apply to Box 1460, THE CHINA PRESS. 33877

WELL furnished room, with excellent board, to let, at No. 103 Bubbling Well Road. Phone west 805, or call personally. 33870 N. 28

YOUNG couple, leaving Shanghai, wish to dispose of completely furnished apartment of two rooms, kitchen and bath, telephone, front and back yard, with seven months lease. Located ten minutes from business district. Apply to Box 1444, THE CHINA PRESS. 33852 N 28

TO LET, furnished bedroom, use of bathroom, moderate charges. In private family, for a quiet person. Board optional. Range Road. Apply to Box 1434, THE CHINA PRESS. 33838 D 1

FLAT of three rooms, balcony, enamelled bath, gas stove, with good furniture, to let or to sell. Apply from 1 to 5 p.m. 301-B Avenue Joffre. 33823 D 1

FOUR ROOMS, well-furnished, with bathrooms attached; two small rooms, also a kitchen, 136 Jessfield Road. Telephone West No. 1919. 33796 N 30

MISCELLANEOUS

TO accountants; pay small fee, let Sam Lim Institute men, 136 Cunningham Road, sum up your books, you may save much trouble. 33896 N 30

WANTED, active partner with technical or commercial experience and some capital, to develop already existing import and export firm. Strict discretion assured. Apply to Box 1475, THE CHINA PRESS. 33900 N 30

RIDING School, corner of Gordon and Markham Roads; telephone West 693. Riding lessons given to adults and children, also trainings, breaking in, hiring out of ponies. The office is open from 6.30 to 12 a.m. and from 3 to 7.30 p.m. Secretary. 33265

MY services available while touring. Young American business man will leave shortly for Manila, Hongkong, Java, Singapore, Ceylon, India and Mediterranean ports. Address to Box 1450, THE CHINA PRESS. 33859 N 28

EXCHANGE AND MART

FOR SALE. American made piano. Splendid condition—nearly new. Owner forced to leave on account of health. Reply to Box 1489, THE CHINA PRESS. 33917 N 28

INTERNATIONAL Savings Society Bond, 27 months paid, for sale, $200. Apply to Box 1477, THE CHINA PRESS. 33901 D 1

WANTED, thoroughbred male pointer pup, white, with brown spots. Write particulars and price to Box 1473, THE CHINA PRESS. 33898 D 1

WANTED, a sporting rifle. Give make, calibre and price to Box 1469, THE CHINA PRESS. 33892 N 28

FOR SALE, one Indian motorcycle, 1920 Scout model, 5-7 H.P. Also side-car with electric light, wind-screen and hood. Apply to Box 1471, THE CHINA PRESS. 33894

FOR SALE, one complete set (19 Volumes) "Salmonsen's store illustrarede Konversation-Leksikon," in excellent condition. May be seen on application to Box No. 1479, THE CHINA PRESS. 33903 D 1

FOR SALE, One Remington Junior typewriter in leather case almost new. Price $65. Apply to Box 1466, THE CHINA PRESS. 33888 N-28

PRICES reduced on sharpening safety razor blades. Only three cents each for single and four cents for double blades. Send your old blades to Y.M.C.A. Barber Shop, 120 Szechuen Road. 33445

FOR SALE, at bargain prices, Oliver typewriters Nos. 5 and 7. Only a few left. I. Shainin & Co., 10 Kiukiang Road, ground floor. 33884 D. 2

FOR SALE, Royal typewriter No. 10, excellent condition. Price reasonable. No rebuilt machine. Apply to Box 1445, THE CHINA PRESS. 33853 N. 28

WANTED, second-hand gramophone records for self-studying English. Apply to Box 1455, THE CHINA PRESS. 33863

FOR SALE, I. S. S. Bond, 39 months paid up. Offers to Box 1457 THE CHINA PRESS. 33874 D. 1

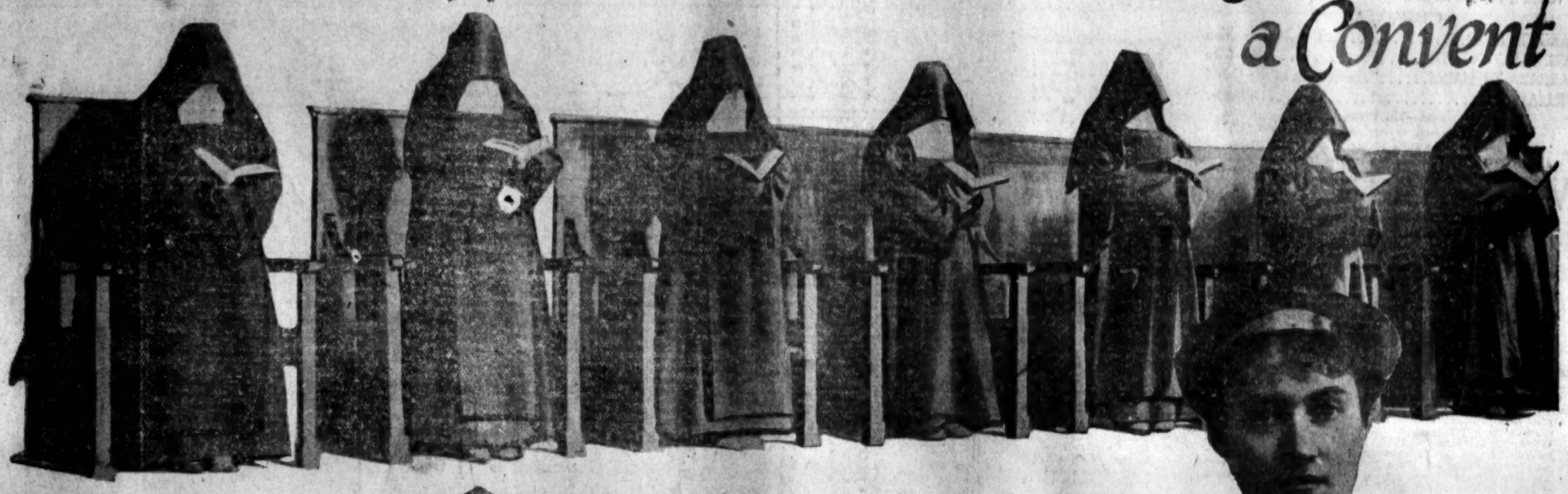
FOR SALE, Velie automobile. Late model coupe, in excellent condition. Will demonstrate. Two extra tires. See owner, Mr. Rhine, Astor House Hotel. 33883 N. 28

SALE foreign house, Hongkew, occupied. Sound investment. Second-hand Moutrie piano, good condition. Apply to Box 1431, THE CHINA PRESS. 33824

MOTOR houseboat for sale, price very reasonable. All hard and teak-wood, in perfect condition. Please apply to Box 1451, THE CHINA PRESS. 33861 N 30

WANTED, thoroughbred male pup, chow or other good breed. Write particulars and price to Box 1442, THE CHINA PRESS. 33846 N 28

Europe's Unhappiest Princess Buries Her Sorrows in a Convent



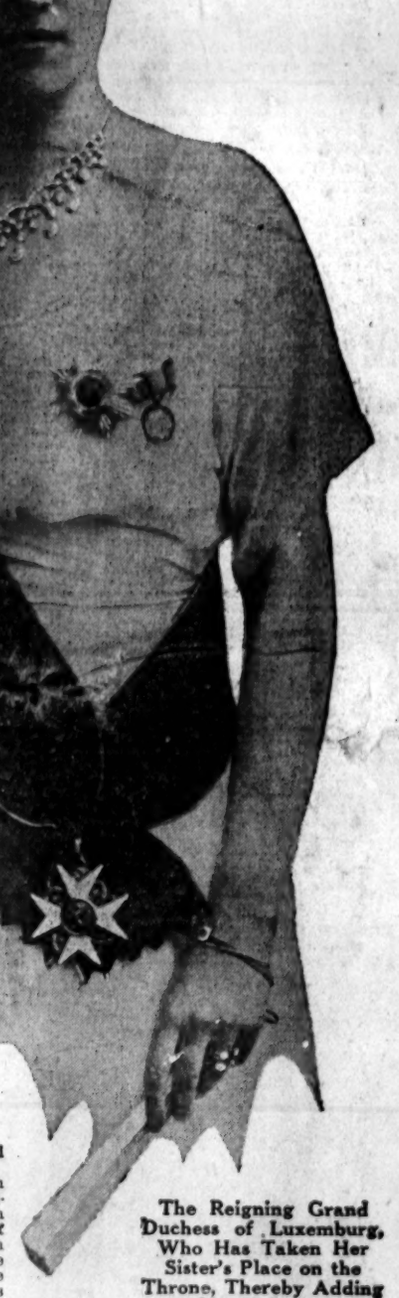
The Penance of a Carmelite Nun Who Has Permitted Her Thoughts to Wander for an Instant from Sacred Subjects.

Her Sweetheart Killed, Driven from Her Throne, Supplanted by Her Sister, Overwhelmed With War Horrors, Luxemburg's Young Grand Duchess Seeks the Living Death of a Carmelite Nun

The ex-Grand Duchess Marie Adelaide of Luxemburg, Who Abdicated Her Throne and Has Been Driven by Her Many Sorrows to Enter a Carmelite Convent.

© UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD.

The Burial of a Carmelite Nun. Only After Death is the Nun's Face Uncovered, and Then Her Body Is Decked in Bridal Costume to Symbolize Her Release from Life.



The Reigning Grand Duchess of Luxemburg, Who Has Taken Her Sister's Place on the Throne, Thereby Adding to Her Unbearable Sorrows.

PARIS, October 4.

NO woman of our time probably has suffered greater misfortunes and sorrows than the ex-Grand Duchess Marie Adelaide of Luxemburg.

So great have been her misfortunes that they have driven her, though still in the first flush of her youth and beauty, to become a nun in the severest of cloistered orders—the Carmelite order—which requires its members to lead a life that is almost a living death.

Only twenty-five years old, charmingly pretty, lately the occupant of a throne, born to wealth, honors and every luxury, the ex-Grand Duchess has become so utterly tired of life that she wishes to hide herself forever from the world. Nothing could speak more eloquently of sorrow than this.

Luxemburg, though a tiny country, is really an ancient and historic monarchy. It formed a part of the empire of Charlemagne, and ever since that early time it has enjoyed some form of independence as a State, although more powerful neighbors have at various epochs exercised a controlling influence in its affairs. There are French, Belgian and German elements among the population, but the great majority wish to remain independent.

The Grand Duchess Marie Adelaide succeeded to the throne of this prosperous, picturesque little State in 1912. She belongs to a branch of the same ancient family as Queen Wilhelmina of the Netherlands. Marie Adelaide was the oldest of six sisters, and to her five juniors she was the most loving and generous of rulers. Everybody in Europe looked on the Grand Duchess and her family and her little country as occupying an ideal position. Luxemburg had a little Parliament of its own, was very prosperous, paid scarcely any taxation and maintained no army except a purely ornamental force of 300 men.

In the year 1914 the young Grand Duchess was twenty years old, and, like every European girl of high rank, she was expected to get married without delay. That fact did not in the least darken the happy outlook of the Grand Duchess. The blustering Kaiser proposed several husbands for her from among the princelings of his empire, but, proudly asserting her independence, she refused to listen to his suggestions.

She was going to choose her husband for herself, and those in her confidence whispered that she had already done so, but his name was to be kept secret until she was ready to announce it to her people.

In the meantime the Grand Duchess continued to lead her idyllic existence in her little country, wandering about its beautiful scenes and picnicking with her sisters among its mountains and moving unostentatiously among her people.

Upon this happy young girl, her happy little family and her happy little country descended the awful calamity of war in August, 1914. At the same time that the Germans attacked Belgium they entered Luxemburg in vast hordes.

When the Grand Duchess heard the Germans were approaching she summoned her State carriage and bravely placed herself in the middle of the road to stop the approaching host. She ordered them to remain outside the frontier of Luxemburg and recalled to them the treaty by which Prussia was bound to respect the neutrality of the little State.

A German officer roughly ordered soldiers to seize her carriage and drive her back to the castle. There she and her sisters were kept under guard, German soldiers surrounded the building at all times, and the sovereign and her family were not allowed to go out except under surveillance.

From that moment began a succession of ordeals, tortures and misfortunes for the little Grand Duchess, which have not ceased up to the present moment. The German military power laid its hand fully as ruthlessly on Luxemburg as on Belgium. There were many fiery patriots among the Luxemburgers, and more than two hundred of them were summarily executed for resisting the exactions of the invaders. For the greater part of the war a certain secrecy hung over Luxemburg, and it was not until the Germans were finally crushed that the reign of terror they had maintained in the little State was revealed.

One of the cruellest ordeals that the Grand Duchess Marie Adelaide had to endure was the accusation of being pro-German. There were patriots in her country so ardent that any communication with the invader appeared to them pro-Germanism. The Grand Duchess had undoubtedly relations in Germany and, like most of her compatriots, spoke German, but there is no ground for believing that she ever desired anything but the independence of her country.

The Germans exercised absolutely irresistible force, and to have attempted to interfere with their plans would, in the opinion of the Grand Duchess, have brought even greater tragedies upon her country than those which happened. Upon many occasions she did, indeed, defy the Kaiser most courageously. He virtually ordered her to marry Prince Henry of Bavaria, telling her that her status as a European sovereign would be greatly raised, but she absolutely refused to consent, even in face of tyrannical threats.

The Grand Duchess before her abdication defended herself with spirit against the charge that she was pro-German in an interview which she gave to her former French governess.

"They have published broadcast," she said with fiery indignation, "the accusation that I have received the Iron Cross from the German Kaiser. It is a falsehood. I have received a medal from the Red Cross officials for my services to the wounded.

"They have also published that the German Government has compensated my people for the damage they have done to my beautiful land. That is incorrect. They cannot compensate for the damage done by 800,000 barbarous soldiers. They have paid a paltry $100,000 for 'buildings destroyed for military reasons,' but nothing for the enormous amount of other damage done.

"I sympathized with the Queen of the Belgians when she was driven out of her country, but her sufferings were small compared to mine, for she was free and received the admiration of the world, while I was a prisoner and was misunderstood by all my friends."

One of the most amazing episodes of the German occupation of Luxemburg was the marriage of the eighteen-year-old Princess Antoinette, younger sister of the Grand Duchess, to the fifty-year-old Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria, commander of the German armies on the Somme.

Rupprecht was believed to be a man of the most brutal habits and to have driven his first wife to suicide by his cruelty. The charge that Marie Adelaide had constrained her sister to enter into this odious marriage had more influence than any other cause in prejudicing the Luxemburgers against their Grand Duchess and causing her dethronement.

But the truth is that the marriage of her sister to the elderly Crown Prince was one of the greatest sorrows of the young Grand Duchess's life. She was entirely powerless to prevent it, and her sister was practically abducted. Rupprecht and his girl bride are now living in poverty and obscurity, the marriage has turned out very unhappily, and any day the news may be expected that the young wife has run away from her husband.

In the midst of the war another sorrow, greater than any of the others, fell upon the Grand Duchess. The young nobleman to whom she was about to announce her betrothal when the war broke out fell in the fighting. She has never published his name, but it is known that she has suffered the bereavement. She was not able to communicate with him or publish his name during the war. And now that it is past she has determined that his identity shall remain a secret locked forever in her bosom.

When the war was over her sorrows were by no means at an end. After the Germans retired the most rabid patriots among the Luxemburgers were at liberty to attack the Grand Duchess. Cries of "German spy!" and "Abdicate!" greeted her wherever she went.

The advance of the Americans through the Argonne carried them into Luxemburg. General Pershing appeared with the Grand Duchess on the balcony of her palace and was much pleased with her charming manners. In the presence of the commander of a great army the dissatisfied elements were quiet, but as soon as he had gone they broke out again. The Americans turned the territory over to the French army.

The demonstrations against Grand Duchess Marie Adelaide were so persistent that she was absolutely driven to abdicate the throne in favor of her next sister, Princess Charlotte, now Grand Duchess of Luxemburg. Much as she loved her younger sister, it was a cruel blow to be forced to abdicate her throne by the people for whom she had suffered so much during four years of cruel imprisonment and oppression.

After this the dethroned Grand Duchess had nothing on earth to live for. Even at the time when the death of her sweetheart happened she had felt a strong desire to leave the world and bury herself in the pious and austere seclusion of a convent. But a sense of obligation to her people restrained her from this course for a time. This reason no longer existed.

After deep consideration she decided to enter the Order of the Carmelites, the severest of all congregations. She has entered as a novice a chapter of the order at Modena, Italy.

They eat barely enough food to keep body and soul together. They pray throughout the night. They cover their faces until death, and they spend their whole lives in sight of a grinning skull.

When the ex-Grand Duchess has completed her novitiate she will don a splendid bridal costume of white satin, with lace and orange blossoms, to emphasize the tremendous change she is about to make. In the convent chapel she may say a last good-by to her friends and then partake of the mass.

In deathlike silence there will be heard the sound of a key in a lock and a bolt withdrawn. The novice will bow to her friends for the last time and step forward. Two nuns will receive her and one will present to her a crucifix which she will kiss. Upon a rough brown cushion the bride must kneel. Beside her are placed the mantle, the scapular and the girdle of the nun's costume.

"What do you demand?" asks the officiating prelate.

"The mercy of God, the poverty of the order and the company of the Sisters," answers the postulant.

"Will you constantly persevere in the order till death?"

"I will."

"Will you observe these things for the love alone of our Lord?"

"Yes, with the grace of God and the prayers of the Sisters."

Then a priest will hand the ex-Grand Duchess the brown robe, for which she has given up all the luxuries and privileges of her rank, and she will pass the grating. The Sisters will lead her to her cell, where she will put aside her wedding dress and put on the brown robe.

At one end of the wide circle is a crown of orange blossoms, and laid upon it a wooden cross. She will take up that cross and wear it for the rest of her life.

From the time a Carmelite nun takes the veil she never speaks except when compelled to do so by religious duties. She receives no visitor but death. Even her own mother would not be permitted to visit her.

The Closed Garden—by Frances Pemberton Spencer—A Play in One Act and One Scene

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CHARACTERS.

CARLTON LOYD.....The Average Man
MRS. CARLTON LOYD.....His Wife
BARBARA TREMAINE....."The Woman in the Case"
WILLIAM.....A Butler

Time—The Present.

SCENE—A Modern drawing-room, well furnished, but without any suggestion of luxury or extravagance. As curtain rises William ushers in Mrs. Loyd.

MRS. LOYD—Tell Mr. Loyd I would like to see him.

WILLIAM—What name, mam, please?

MRS. LOYD—Mrs. Carlton Loyd.

(William bows imperturbably and exits. Mrs. Loyd looks about her curiously; picks up photo of a woman in a large silver frame; studies it intently, but as a step is heard in hall puts it down with something between a sniff of scorn and a derisive laugh. Carlton enters. There is a moment of silence which she makes no attempt to break.)

CARLTON—Why have you come here?

MRS. LOYD—You are my husband; this is your house. Who has a better right?

CARLTON—It isn't a question of "right," but of decency. I am living here with another woman.

MRS. LOYD—And while you are living here with another woman I think we will leave all questions of decency out of the discussion.

CARLTON *(heatedly and crossing to left)*—Discussion of any kind between us is superfluous, unnecessary. It's not decent—that's what I say—under the circumstances—not decent. Wharton is my lawyer, an old friend of yours, too—communicate with him, he will transmit what you have to say—or—send your lawyer to him, anything—only don't come here like this. It's not done—it's extraordinary. *(Glances back of him nervously at door.)*

MRS. LOYD—You don't have to watch the door so nervously. If I hear the swish of trailing silken skirts—she wears trailing silken skirts, of course? All women of that class do—I shall disappear through the window and go out through the garden. I judge your "lady friend" has a temper.

CARLTON *(flushing)*—I object to that term applied to her.

MRS. LOYD *(insolently)*—Your mistress then.

CARLTON *(simply)*—She is the woman I love.

MRS. LOYD *(flaming with sudden anger)*—How dare you say that to *me?*

CARLTON *(attempting to recover a calm that is in danger of deserting both of them)*—You see now yourself—the situation is impossible. I am sorry Catherine—what is it that you want?

MRS. LOYD *(tersely)*—Money.

CARLTON—Didn't you receive your monthly check as usual?

MRS. LOYD—Yes, but I am in debt.

CARLTON—How much?

MRS. LOYD—Five hundred.

(Carlton draws check-book from vest pocket. There is silence while he writes. He hands the check to her.)

MRS. LOYD—One thousand! Thanks! You are generous. Is it to ease your conscience or to buy my quick departure?

CARLTON—Why need you be so bitter? You never cared for me. You are in possession of all that you wanted out of marriage, and the world applauds your refusal to give me a divorce. You couldn't understand where love might lead a man and woman, but is there no room for pity in your heart?

MRS. LOYD—I am your wife, the mother of your boy.

CARLTON *(with a cry of appeal in his voice)*—Can't you see?—don't you understand?—that's why I don't want her to see you.

MRS. LOYD—Rather reversing the usual order, is it not? Protecting the mistress from the wife.

CARLTON—How merciless you good women are.

MRS. LOYD—And how ruthless you bad men are.

CARLTON—No matter what you think me, no matter what I am. Now, I am bound by ties more indissoluble than marriage. Broken marriage vows do not mean a woman desolated, battling alone against the enmity of all mankind. I took with the ruthless grasping "want" of man. She gave with the reckless abandoned generosity which is a woman's love. The world condemns her, and would condone my sin. To me is offered the "smug prodigal's" return—to her annihilation. The infamy of this decree defeats its purpose: *Even a dishonorable man must honor his vows to the woman he has dishonored through his love, since she has only his honor to depend upon. Remorse, shame, regret, are evil specters to be beaten down. Its too late for regret—its too late—its too late—its too late.*

(His voice rises into a hoarse cry and breaks. He sinks into a chair with head bowed and covered by his hands. Mrs. Loyd regards him with much the expression of a mother who watches her child weeping from the pain of a spanking that was wholly justified.)

MRS. LOYD *(speaks softly)*—Poor Carlton—with all your selfish, ruthless grasp for happiness it has somehow passed you by.

CARLTON—I am miserable.

"I'm so wickedly, wickedly happy."

MRS. LOYD *(standing back of his chair, her face lights up triumphantly, and it is possible she might lay her hand upon his hair, but at this moment Barbara's voice is heard singing gayly and joyously as she descends the stairs. Carlton looks up imploringly at Mrs. Loyd. With recovered hardness in her voice)*—Your "silken skirt." *(Walks to French window.)* Good-by. *(She exits.)*

(The voice draws near and the words can be distinguished):

"And when I tell them
How wonderful you are,
They wouldn't believe me—
They wouldn't believe me."

(Barbara enters. Merely pretty and by no means beautiful, she yet radiates that intangible, subtle something known as "charm." She is wearing a frilly lace and charmeuse petticoat, satin slippers and a silk kimono is flung about her shoulders in the manner of a shawl. All her clothes appear rather pathetically and quite obviously new—not knowing, one might so easily mistake her for a bride.)

BARBARA—I just came down to tell you that I love you.

CARLTON *(drawing her into his arms with a passion intensified by a lurking thought of separation)*—And I love you better than anything in all the world.

BARBARA—Better than *all* the things in all the world together?

CARLTON—All the things in all the world together! What a large order for so small a person.

BARBARA *(laughing)*—As a matter of fact, sir, I am not particularly small. Why do you men always make love in the diminutive?

CARLTON—Possibly because it makes us feel such great, "splendid fellows." There has been handed down to us the cave-man's instinct to protect the thing we love—with our fists.

BARBARA *(after a short silence, having caught the intensity of his mood)*—I'm so wickedly, wickedly happy.

CARLTON—Why "wickedly"?

BARBARA—Because God didn't intend me to find happiness with you. Oh, I think He knew we had to be together—but He believed my suffering would be punishment enough—you see—before—before I belonged to you—and after we met—something hurt here—always in my heart. It is so sweet to be good, and I knew—I wasn't going to be. That thought frightened me, it was so awful, sometimes I couldn't sleep at night, and I would tell God about it and try to make Him understand. I think He was a little sorry for me then, but now—He is so angry I can't talk to Him at all, because, don't you see—He knows it doesn't matter, He knows that nothing matters so long as I have you.

CARLTON *(rising, stung into active wretchedness by her words)*—This room is suffocating.

BARBARA—What's the matter?

CARLTON—I'm not feeling up to the mark, I'm going out to get some air. *(He goes to door, returns, catches Barbara in his arms, kisses her and almost roughly lets her go again. Exits. Barbara watches him from window. Suddenly her whole body seems to stiffen. Mrs. Loyd enters through French window. Their eyes meet.)*

BARBARA *(speaking with difficulty)*—Why—are you here——

MRS. LOYD—My appearance in my husband's house appears to be unwelcome.

BARBARA—It's my house—too—he gave it—to me.

MRS. LOYD—A wedding present doubtless. How naive! Altogether charming!

BARBARA—You have the right to say what you please to me—only—oh, won't you say it quickly and then go away——

MRS. LOYD—What a courteous hostess! Thanks! I will sit down. I want to talk to you.

BARBARA—Oh, no, it wasn't to be rude—but Carlton—it would—hurt him to see you.

MRS. LOYD—He has already seen me.

BARBARA—Then that is why—only that nothing could make any difference now—oh, I wish you wouldn't make me talk to you—I say things you can't understand—you will only hate me more.

MRS. LOYD—*Despise*, not hate.

BARBARA—I suppose to you I seem horrible, a sort of concentrated fiend. Perhaps I am—I don't know. Ah, but it's easy for you from your exalted pinnacle of legal rights to judge and to condemn, and yet—what were your ideas of the duties of a wife? *(with swift scorn)* to spend his money faster than he made it, to taunt him that he could not make it faster than you spent it—to take and take, and always take, giving no return—what mild affection you may have had for him increased only with his income. *You* are Mrs. Carlton Loyd; but I tell you in the three months I have lived with him I have been more a wife than you in all your years of married life.

MRS. LOYD *(somewhat subdued, realizing for the first time the power of her adversary; that she is not, as was devoutly to be hoped, a little harmless fool)*—What you say may possibly be true, but I know *now* what my husband means to me—I have learned my lesson.

BARBARA—*Yes, at the price of another woman's soul!* What do you know of the struggle that I made against his passion? Only those who have lived love can know how it may leap all barriers.

MRS. LOYD—I think I understand a little, and yet—love like that would be self-sacrificing, would it not?

BARBARA—I have sacrificed reputation, home, friends, honor—all of life for him.

MRS. LOYD—And have made yourself an outcast, whose isolation he must share. Soon or late, he will resent this fact.

BARBARA—Resent my being an outcast when he has made me one?

MRS. LOYD—There is a Garden of Respectability, outside of which no man can live content. As inevitable as death, the longing will come to him to regain that Garden, to scale those High Walls which bar him out.

BARBARA—And does he find content within those walls, knowing the woman must remain in helpless misery outside—what of a man's honor?

MRS. LOYD—Where a woman is concerned, without the marriage vows, man's honor is merely the depth of his affection. "But those whom God hath joined shall not be put asunder."

BARBARA—If God has joined in Heaven all those who wed on earth, then long since must He have gone blind with tears for His mistakes.

MRS. LOYD—You are insufferably insolent. You don't believe because you don't want to believe; but dare you put it to the test?

BARBARA—But—how?

(Carlton's voice is heard outside: Barbara, Barbara.)

MRS. LOYD—Carlton is coming now—go back of that screen—witness with your own eyes, hear with your own ears his mood when he is off his guard and talks to me alone.

BARBARA—I can't *spy* on him.

MRS. LOYD—Ah, I thought you would shrink from proof. This great love you profess would hold him even for his unhappiness.

BARBARA—Against his will? No!

(Carlton's voice again.)

CARLTON—Barbara, Barbara——

MRS. LOYD—Quick—make up your mind.

BARBARA *(uncertainly)*—I—I——

MRS. LOYD *(frantically)*—Why do you hesitate, since you are so sure? Do what I ask you to.

(Barbara slips behind the screen as Carlton enters.)

CARLTON *(starting)*—You have come back?

MRS. LOYD—Obviously—yes.

CARLTON—Why?

MRS. LOYD—To save you from yourself.

"Catherine, if you had succeeded—if you were lying there dead and I responsible—"

CARLTON *(with a short laugh)*—For Heaven's sake, Catherine, you sound like a leading lady in a play.

MRS. LOYD—By coincidence, of course; ladies in plays do occasionally speak as human beings. I am sorry, but I mean *exactly what I said*, I am here to save you from yourself.

CARLTON—It can't be done.

MRS. LOYD—Why?

CARLTON—*Because I don't want to be saved.*

MRS. LOYD *(sending a glance in the direction of the screen and in a panic at his unexpected change of front)*—Do you expect me to believe that, do you expect me to believe my husband wants, actually *wants*, to continue in a life of depravity and shame? Carlton, dear, admit the truth to me. In your heart you are longing to come back to the warm approval of the world, the glad welcome of friends, to home and happiness.

CARLTON—Home! and happiness! Do you think those two words would fit in any place where you and I might live together? It is just thirteen years too late for all that.

MRS. LOYD *(angrily)*—You didn't talk like this an hour ago. You are masking your real thoughts, you were miserable then, you said so; you *said* you were miserable.

CARLTON—Catherine, what's the use of this "post-mortem." If I said I was miserable I said what was untrue. There may be moments of despair, but it is because fate has so hopelessly tangled up our lives, and I can't untie the knot. Don't misunderstand—all that marriage brought to me is a record of long locust-eaten years—I want no more of them.

MRS. LOYD *(white with hurt pride and disappointment)*—*Do you mean that?*

CARLTON—*Yes, I do.*

MRS. LOYD *(in a tone of concentrated fury)*—I came prepared for this and rather than see you live on with that—wanton—I will kill myself here and now before you both!

CARLTON—Drop the heroics—you aren't the woman who would kill herself for any man.

(Mrs. Loyd draws a small pistol from her dress and presses it against her heart. Carlton leaps forward, catches her wrist and there ensues a struggle. It is quite two minutes before he wrests the pistol from her. Panting, dishevelled, dignity in rags and tatters has been flung to the four winds. She is for the first time the genuinely tragic figure of a wronged, deserted wife. The sight to Carlton is unbearable; his figure crumples, he drops upon his knees, catching the hem of Catherine's skirt and buries his head within its folds.)

CARLTON *(brokenly)*—Catherine, if you had succeeded—if you were lying there dead and I responsible—I didn't know—I didn't understand—*I can't go on with it*—Catherine, if you can take me back—if you can forgive me——

MRS. LOYD *(sobbing with joy and triumph)*—We won't talk of forgiveness—we will begin life again, together—oh, Carlton, our boy is waiting for us both—come home.

(During the struggle Barbara has come from behind the screen. He sees Barbara. She is very white; only her eyes seem to be pleading in mute agony.)

CARLTON—Barbara, it must be—I can't help it—you see yourself—I am not to blame. She is my *wife*—nothing can alter that, my duty is to her—this has awakened me—it *had* to be. It will be all right—I will see that you are taken care of. *(Then, as though the sight were too unpleasant, exits hurriedly with Catherine.)*

(And still Barbara Tremaine does not move. The front door closes, a little moan escapes her. Her head moves restlessly from side to side. She goes to table, straightens out a photograph that has been upset—a chair has been knocked over—she sets this upon its feet—beneath the chair the discarded pistol is lying—she stoops and picks it up—she stares at it—very slowly she raises it, placing the muzzle deliberately against her temple. A supreme effort—she pulls the trigger—there is a metallic click—but no report—THE PISTOL IS NOT LOADED! She regards it in dazed bewilderment, then, as the truth dawns upon her, she begins to laugh—the pistol falls from her hands, she drops into a chair. From the chair she slips to the floor. Outstretched—face downward—the laughter changes to convulsive, gasping sobs.)

THE CURTAIN SLOWLY FALLS.

FASHIONS
THE BLOUSE

(*New York Times*)

One of the most useful garments under the sun is the costume blouse, and one of the most woefully abused. Do you often see it worn properly? Few are the times when it looks entirely right—of the same family as the rest of the costume of which it has become a part.

A jaunt about the shops discloses elaborate stocks of blouses of all sorts and descriptions, and yet as one looks at the women one meets the blouse stands out as the discordant note. Why is it? This is the answer: Women, as a rule, do not understand the function of the blouse, the purposes for which it is really intended, the circumstances under which it should be worn. They are letting their desires for something comfortable and useful run away with their good taste. They are thinking of the remnants of an elder day, when the shirt-waist and skirt were the proper thing to wear, when these two outer garments were designed to go together in various settings and ways, and they are not making allowances for a change in the past which the blouse is assigned to play.

It will be a dreadful blow to some women to be told that the costume blouse is not really smart when it is worn with a suit skirt. You can look at this thing from all sides, and no result can honestly say that a chiffon blouse or a fancy silk blouse or any of that sort of thing is good with a suit skirt. It is all right when the coat is buttoned in place, but when that outer covering is removed, how different! This costume blouse has its place, to be sure, but it is not with the tailored or even the semi-tailored suit. There only the tailored blouse or the soft, hand-made French blouse has a rightful place and a sufficient reason to call itself a part of the whole.

As a standard there is nothing more honestly convincing than the practices of the French, for they are the people who know how to dress, after all, and even though we may be marching forward in design, even though we may be producing clothes that are far better suited to our own women as types, we do not, as a mass, know how to wear our clothes nearly so becomingly as do the French. They have the three-piece suit, with the blouse made and previously designed to go with the entire outfit; they have their softly tailored suits that set off their handmade blouses to such utter perfection, and they have their "petit robes," which often are made up of a combination of blouse and skirt designed to work together and to look like a complete costume. But they do not indulge in just any blouse with any suit—something that will wear well, something that will not show, that will meet all the demands—the American woman is forever looking for in the blouse shop. The only solution is reform, the wearing of the proper blouse with the proper skirt, the achievement of harmony, not simply utility at its best.

All this may look rather hopeless, but the plea is only that the blouse be worn suitably. And herewith we make an effort to tell what are the most suitable forms of blouse arrangement, considering the present fashions from all their angles.

There is the blouse made of an all-over brocade or of an all-over piece of embroidery. It is one of the handsomest that has been produced in this most prolific season, and it is apt to be made over quite plain and simple lines, with no added trimming. It comes in the most beautiful and rich colors, and it should most properly be worn with a skirt that is low in tone, soft in texture and full enough in width to make it a graceful foundation for the brilliance of the waist. But just conceive that same blouse with a tightly fitting tailored skirt. The effect is all wrong when the coat is removed. While the coat is still on, to be sure, the waist constitues itself a waistcoat in effect and is sufficiently charming, but why waste the remaining beauty of the blouse by making it impossible to remove the coat? There could be something just as charming worn for an honest waistcoat and the blouse reserved for the making of some costume that would fill its own place in life and show the bodice

Provided with one or two really goodlooking skirts, one is in a position to achieve all sorts of really smart and good-looking costumes, just by the simple addition of blouses that have distinctive characteristics of their own and yet harmonise with the costume as a whole. And, this season, the opportunities in this direction are increased by the fact that gowns of two materials are all the rage. One may have a satin skirt in black, with which can be worn blouses in any known material, and the same is true of one with a duvetyn skirt or with one of pleated serge. The trick lies in the making of the combination which precludes the gathering together of an upper portion and a lower portion that are not realy harmonious in tone and character.

The new Winter blouses come in all lengths, from those that end at the waistline, in softly draped folds, to those which reach the knees, and in between those which retain the pure Moyen are those which retain the pure Moyenage line and end at a line cut off straight across the hips. Those that end at the waistline in softly draped folds to those little sash effects. The really long ones, which, by the way, should only be resorted to by very tall women, are trimmed with lavishly arranged beads, or bands of wool, or silk embroiderings, and one can easily see that the blouse is enough in itself, so that the skirt would be a mere background for the proper setting off of the blouse.

There is no question that the blouse tpye of frock is one of the most economical of the varieties of costuming that can be gained by the aid of one simple skirt. But that is no reason, surely, why the thing should be done badly and why the wrong blouse should be combined with the wrong skirt. The blouse, in other words, should be used to the full value of its design and should never be allowed to be that thing which is just thrown on to make something that "will do."

Velvet blouses are quite the thing this season, and while they are perfectly exquisite when they are worn with velvet skirts of the same color, they are none the less good looking when they are worn with satin skirts. The other day, at an informal dinner, there was seen a combination of black charmeuse skirt, pleated in loose pleats, with which was worn a mauve velvet smock blouse, quite plain in design and quite flat in line. Its finish came at the low-waisted line and there was not even a belt or a dash to subdue the line where the waist and skirt joined company.

Georgette has received its deathknell, so that blouses of that material cannot really be considered the very latest thing. Lots of them are still being sold, for women are loath to give up this materials in which they have found such eminent satisfaction, but the fact remains that almost any other material is a better investment just now, in that the blouse made from it will stay in fashion for a longer period of time. This point may not be a consideration with every one, but there are those to whom the idea will have a strong appeal, and they will be far wiser if they decide to invest their money in heavy crepe de chine, or in printed silk, or in metal brocade, or any other of the now popular materials.

The printed silks are quaintly picturesque in their designs, and for blouses that are meant to be subjected to some wear and tear they are strongly to be recommended. Some of the newer designs in which these silks are printed have much of character about them, and since their printing is their decoration already supplied, they must necessarily be made up with little or no trimming added to their already decorated effect. A Persian pattern of silk, with little figures of dull reds and blues on a pale gray background, was made up into a surplice blouse that ended at a low waistline. The waist was cut kimono fashion, and the sleeves were supplemented by fitted pieces that crept into long sleeves buttoning tightly at the wrists. There was a finish at the neckline extending to the line where the blouse crossed, of a blue silk braid laid over a red silk braid. The same finish was employed at the wrists and extended for a space up the outer arm, where the sleeve looped over a row of closely placed little black buttons.

Some of the French blouses are made of heavy white crepe de chine, which is heralded as the new material for this sort of thing. It is not really new, for it was done some years ago, but it is a revival that can be called new because it has not been used for so many years. One of these new white dressy blouses is trimmed with stripes of monkey fur, which makes a thin and graceful fringe around the edges of a spreading collar and of short sleeves ending above the elbow. Another one of this material is trimmed with medallions of colored bead embroidery arranged in groups on either side of the front closing, and still another is trimmed with simple rows of black velvet ribbon edging a series of little yokes.

One of the newest French blouses is made of this same heavy crepe de chine in a bright shade of green. There are sleeves of the shortest variety, finished plain, and then there is a high and rolling collar that is finished under the ears with a band of black skunk fur. It looks a little incongruous, but it is very picturesque, and it is meant to be worn with a black charmeuse or with a black duvetyn skirt, so that it shall be set off to its very best advantage.

Another French blouse which was designed to be worn with a tan duvetyn suit was made of white broadcloth. It had a high, crushed collar of Persian embroidery in shades of red and black and blue, and this same trimming was repeated in a band at the foot of the blouse which ended at a low waistline. When the long coat swung open, this blouse had a fine effect, and when the coat was removed, it looked like a real part of the skirt with which it was worn.

This, then, is the ideal of a suit blouse—to have it a salient part of the whole costume, but in order to accomplish this end the blouse should really be designed along with the whole. If one purchases the suit and then tries to find a blouse that will be just right, the search is apt to be a fruitless one. Out of sheer weariness, one generally ends in taking something that looks as though it might do. But this is a poor substitute and a portion of encouragement is due the woman who insists upon finding something that is really harmonious. She deserves the reward which she achieves in a successful costume.

RUNYON
Tells Of Cleveland

BY DAMON RUNYON

Americans go abroad and view, wide-eyed, the Palace at Versailles, the Tower of London, the Pyramids, the Leaning Tower of Pisa, St. Peter's of Rome, but pay little attention to the Woolworth Building here in New York, the most extraordinary structure on the face of the globe.

There is no structural sight in all Europe to compare with the buildings of the College of the City of New York, perched on their heights above Harlem with the sun gleaming on their spires, or with the Fairmount Hotel in San Francisco, a white sentinel over the broad bay.

If Cleveland, Ohio, were located in Europe, returning travelers would be chattering at length of its interest. They would lay great stress on the hand rails that flank the stairs leading to the basement of the famous old Hollenden Hotel, even as they now talk of the gargoyles of Notre Dame.

These hand rails are made of bronze, twisted in the form of giant ropes. They are magnificent specimens of the bronze maker's art.

I have read much of the famous geese of Strasbourg, but I have never seen anything written of the pigeons of Cleveland. They flock in the public square by thousands, feeding under the very feet of the hurrying pedestrains. The birds are tamer than chickens.

This public square is a picturesque cut-out in the heart of the city. It is surrounded on every side by buildings, some gray with age and carrying historic associations, others new and sprightly with history before them.

In the center of the square is a great monument of granite and bronze.

Were Cleveland a European city tourists would tell you:

"You must by all means see the soldiers and sailors' monument in the square. It is one of the most impressive sights in the country."

No American I have ever met who has visited Cleveland spoke to me of the monument, yet I have had people tell me I must under no circumstances miss monuments in Paris which I found much less impressive.

But, then, Grant's Tomb's on Riverside Drive, is more impressive than Napoleon's tomb, and I suppose that every year twice as many American visitors view the sarcophagus of the Corsican as see the last resting place of the grocer from Galena.

In Cleveland are a number of arcade buildings. They are great structures with several floors, all opening out on big courts. Each floor is occupied by a score of different shops. An arcade is like a bustling little city all to itself.

They tell me the first arcade in this country is located in Cleveland. I am surprised that the space-saving idea has not been developed in New York.

In Cleveland you see before your very eyes business swallowing a once magnificent residence section like a snake swallowing a rabbit. Mansions gorgeous in architecture, and surrounded by spacious grounds overlooking the lake, are now salesrooms for automobile tires, offices, clubs, and private schools.

The Clevelanders who once occupied these palaces, now sooty with the smoke of the steadily advancing skirmish line of commerce, have moved further out and built even more palatial dwellings.

Were Cleveland in Europe, instead of Ohio, returning travelers would tell you, goggle-eyed with interest, of the crowded hotel lobbies, where one convention treads upon the heels of another.

They would tell you how, in one of the many hotels in Cleveland, there are 300 permanent guests, and it is like a small social city unto itself even as the arcades are separate business communities.

The travelers would tell you, too, of the jam of traffic in the streets of this town, and you would think they were drawing the long bow. It is really difficult to believe Cleveland unless you see it, with its motor cars and its money and its continual stir of life and activity.

On every hand there is evidence of civic effort. I suppose beneath the surface Cleveland has its shortcomings and abuses, like every other city, but to a casual visitor like myself it has individuality, personality and interest.

ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL.
A FANCY DRESS FRIENDSHIP.

"I WISH," said Helen, as she gave her hair a final pat, "that I could get hold of a really decent costume for tomorrow night. This Jazz affair is getting dreadfully tired. And every other girl in the room is wearing its twin sister."

A pretty rose-and-grey Pierette who was adjusting her right shoe nodded reflectively.

"M'm" she said, "But it is no good worrying. It's a bore not being a plutocrat . . . I say Helen . . . just look there!"

The two girls gazed fascinated at a woman who had just slipped off her cloak. She wore a delicious eighteenth century costume of mauve satin over a sprigged petticoat. A white powdered wig set off her softly glowing face and a patch was perched naughtily in one dimple.

"Isn't she exquisite?" whispered Helen. "I think those old-fashioned things are enchanting . . . and original these days! Come along, Mabel . . . they're waiting for us."

. . . . . .

It was a very depressed Helen who changed her shoes in the dressing-room after the dance. Her costume was rumpled and torn, and a large stain was visible on the front.

"I *can't* go to the 'Excelsior' in this tomorrow night" she confided to Mabel. "I'll have to tell Guy I've got a headache or something."

"Poor old girl" sympathised her friend. "I've only this one fancy dress and I haven't a sou in the wide. Oh, I say, I was introduced to that lovely creature . . . she's a Mrs. Beauchamp. She's asked me to have tea at her flat tomorrow . . . here she is . . . I'll introduce you too."

. . . . . .

The following afternoon Helen and Mabel were having tea with Mrs. Beauchamp. It was a charming room, and though the weather was warm, a small wood fire burned clearly in the grate.

Mrs. Beauchamp's appearance by daylight had given both girls something of a shock. Her frock was pretty, her complexion beautiful, but the lovely wig of the previous night had given place to her own hair, which was lank, dull and straight. Though she seemed young there was already more than one grey streak in her locks. She looked almost plain.

"I'm glad you liked my frock," she smiled, in answer to a remark of Mabel's . . . "But it always depresses me so. I do wish I lived in the eighteenth century, or that wigs were the fashion now-a-days. I *can't* camouflage my horrid hair anyway by daylight! Have another cake, Helen, they're *real* cream! Forgive my being frightfully rude, but could you tell me where you get your hair waved? Or is it natural? Because I was admiring it all the time at the dance."

Helen laughed.

"Can't afford to patronise hairdressers," she answered, "and it isn't natural. No, I just use *silmerine*." She finished as if that explained everything. Mrs. Beauchamp knitted her brows.

"Silmerine?" she inquired, "I'm afraid I'm very ignorant. What is it? Where do you get it? What do you do with it?"

"One at a time," laughed Helen. "It is a rather nice smelling colourless liquid. You can get it from any chemist's. You just damp your hair with it, put in slides where you want the wave . . . and, voila, ze curls . . . "

"But that's too wonderful," exclaimed Mrs. Beauchamp. "Do you have to use it every day?"

"Oh, no . . . the effects last for some days. And the queer thing is that the more you use silmerine the less often you require it. It seems to coax the hair into natural waves that stay in of their own accord."

"If my hair weren't so odiously thin and streaky," said Mrs. Beauchamp, "I would rush out this minute and buy a bottle before I have another sandwich. But my grey locks would look too ridiculous in waves. Shall I buy a bottle of peroxide or Condy's fluid and turn my few remaining hairs a bright gold or red?"

"Mrs. Beauchamp," put in Helen, "I'm going to reveal a horrid secret. A little while ago I found some grey hairs on my own head. Mabel's fair; she won't go grey so soon. So I got a packet of *tammalite* and dissolved it in bay rum, and put it on the faded parts with a clean little brush. It was wonderful the way that it gradually brought back the color to my hair."

"How lovely," exclaimed their hostess. "Yes, I really must try that. Tammalite, you said, didn't you? By the way, a lot of people I know are using *boranium* as a hair tonic, but so far I haven't tried it. Do either of you know if it's any good?"

"Any good?" chorussed the two girls . . . "Why, it's the only thing . . . "

"I mix it with bay rum——"

"You can use eau-de-cologne, I believe——"

"Its the most priceless stuff——"

"My hair's grown heaps thicker since I used it."

"Good gracious," interposed Mrs. Beauchamp . . . "I suppose I shall have to use it too. I'll put it down with the tammalite. What do you shampoo with?" she asked, "you've both got such glorious hair."

This time Mabel answered . . . "Oh, the usual . . . *Stallax*, you know."

"Stallax?" I don't seem to know it. Is it some special preparation?"

"I don't think so," replied Mabel. "It is quite ordinary stuff, I believe. You can buy it in ¼-lb. tins from most chemists. But it makes the most lovely shampoo; it lathers gorgeously in any water and your hair dries quickly after it and looks so soft and bright. My own hair always gets so dry and brittle after a shampoo of any kind that I always massage my scalp with olive oil before washing it."

"That's awfully nice to know," said Mrs. Beauchamp . . . "really, I'm most intensely grateful to you two girls. I've been envying your hair."

"And we've been envying your complexion," said Helen . . . "I do wish I had nice pink cheeks like yours, and I don't like the idea of rouge."

"*Powdered colliandum*," said Mrs. Beauchamp, in a dramatic whisper . . . "just a trifle . . . harmless . . . indetectable . . . any chemists . . . used it for years. By the way, Helen, didn't you say something about wanting a fancy dress for the 'Excelsior' dance tonight? You wouldn't care to borrow my rig-out, I suppose? It's just your size, and I know it would suit you."

"Mrs. Beauchamp," said Helen, "you're one of the best."

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'It Is Up To The Women' To Put An End To War

BY ELIZABETH ESKEY

New York, October 10.—"It is up to the women."

This is the text on which Mrs. Pethick Lawrence is speaking to American women in her tour of the United States in behalf of immediate disarmament. The English Suffrage leader and pacifist is appearing under the auspices of the Women's Peace Society, a new organisation, whose principles are set forth in this letter of appeal:

"Dear Friend, we hope you will join our peace society. The reason we have organised it is obvious. There is no peace anywhere, within nations or between nations.

"Other peace societies have merely used their influence against war before a declaration of war, without laying down for themselves a program of unalterable opposition to all war under all circumstances. We are working for the establishment of a principle, namely, that human life must invariably be held sacred. We interpret this principle to mean that no cause, no motive, justifies the destruction of life. And we have faith to believe that every cause worth winning, every interest worth preserving, can nevertheless be won or preserved.

"This principle is so simple that a child can understand it. Hundreds of millions of people have professed belief in it when they have said: 'Though shalt not kill,' yet they have gone on killing or forcing others to kill.

"It is therefore our special endeavor in this organisation to bring about a clear understanding of the meaning of non-resistance and the need for it as a positive, vital rule of conduct. And we intend to make it clear also that we can neither condone nor support any resort to bloodshed, even for the sake of gaining just ends or preserving the law and order, or defending liberty and property, or on the plea of securing the safety of women and children.

"Our plan is to unite with those women of other countries who are absolute pacifists and develop with their help the international spirit of good will which transcends national hate and greed.

"Help us to work for this spiritual revolution."

CHANGE TERMS OF PEACE

At No. 110 Waverly Place Mrs. Lawrence talked with me of the part she hopes American women will play in bringing about the new peace psychology to supplant the war psychology that is afflicting the world.

"Universal peace may seem like an impractical dream," she said, looking out of the window with a serious expression in her keen blue eyes, "and yet only a few years ago Woman Suffrage seemed an impractical dream, and now every one accepts it. I remember when the street boys used to call out 'Votes for women! Vote for dogs!' And the two seemed to them equally absurd.

"The first practical reform to work for, I think, is the changing of the economic terms of the treaty. It is very hard for you here in America to realise conditions in Central Europe as I have seen them recently. Eighty percent of the children of Central Europe are diseased. Think of it. Austria is perishing of starvation and the relief missions of America and other countries are giving only a reprieve—time for a change of public opinion. As Sir William Bevridge says, Austria is a small country, but the contagion of her death will spread to all the world.

"The terms of the peace treaty carry the seeds of another inevitable war. Already the militarists are talking of gas bombs that can be carried in long range guns to devastate whole areas, and of the extensive use of disease germs against the enemy.

"I believe humanity is standing at the cross roads. We have got to choose between extinction and a whole change of spirtual outlook. Perhaps we are going to make the great refusal. I do not know. Perhaps, like so many other civilisations that reached a certain point of material power and prosperity, and then refused to take the next step, we too, will be swept out and overwhelmed in a great world cataclysm. The question is before us. Are we going to take advantage of our opportunities and enter a new realm of human experience, or are we going to choose the sentence of death? He that hath ears to hear, let him hear.

"The Women's Peace Society, of which Mrs. Willard is Chairman, expects to affiliate itself with those members of the Women's International Union who believe in universal disarmament. The Women's International Union, as you know, was born at The Hague in 1915. It is organised in twenty countries and works internationally for peace. However, there is a difference of opinion among its members on the practicability of immediate universal disarmament. I belong to the extreme wing.

BALANCE OF POWER GROUP

"I am very much in sympathy with the idea which, I understand is being worked out by Miss Alice Paul and the National Woman's Party, to maintain here in America a woman's political organisation that shall be a balance of power group to obtain legislation in which women are particularly interested. In England the women entered the men's parties. They had already been working in them before they obtained the franchise, and they have continued to do so. But in Australia a small women's party has been maintained outside the men's parties, and it has had an influence far beyond that which its mere numbers could normally command. In politics it is always wise to be the uncertain quantity.

"Of course I believe that party politics is about played out. It is a deeper spiritual revolution that we are working for. The woman who has the right attitude toward her own servant is perhaps doing more to bring it about than the woman who is active in party politics.

"I believe that an industrial revolution is coming in England and I am making my own small plans to be ready for it. I don't want to be left behind in the new change of outlook. As a first step, my husband and I are selling Homewood, our estate on the North Downs between Leith Hill and Box Hill, which has been our home for twenty years, and are building a little cottage equipped with all the labor-saving devices and surrounded by just enough garden to raise vegetables. There we are going to live without any servants except a gardener, for we do not believe in servants.

"It is a wonderful time to be alive. The enfranchised women of the world are faced with very real problems. It is up to them."

Twins Far Apart Have Same Ills At Same Times

Frederick, Md., Oct. 11.—When Clarence L. Marsh, of Akron, Ohio, becomes ill, his twin sister, who lives here, also becomes ill, and in a manner startlingly similar. A scientific investigation of what is regarded as an unusual psychic phenomenon is being made.

The unusual bond between the twins, long noticed in the family, became publicly known when their mother revealed that when her son was placed under an anasthetic at Akron, her daughter showed symptoms of nausea and fever.

Several months ago the daughter had nosebleed. Several days later a letter from the son showed that he had suffered a nosebleed at the same time.

The daughter, Clara L. Marsh, says that she is always afflicted with colds when her brother has them.

N.Y.K. FREIGHTERS GO TO VANCOUVER

To Discontinue Seattle As Terminal Because Of Jones Bill

In the case of freighters, the N. Y. K. Seattle line connects Japanese ports and Seattle, touching at Victoria. The company has decided to have this line touch at Vancouver instead of Victoria and has already sent in an application to the Department of Communications to that end.

It is expected that the schedule as altered will apply to the Toyama Maru, which is scheduled to leave Japan in December. The present alteration aims at the furtherance of Vancouver's coasting trade, while facilitating the junction with the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. and increasing cargoes to the interior of Canada.

It may be regarded as being so designed as to avert competition with American ships in the event of Article 28 of the U.S. Shipping Law being put into operation. By dint of the operation of the new line, there are advantages of preventing delay and damage often caused to shipments into Canada and of saving about Y.3 of lighterage and landing between Victoria and Vancouver. Competition with the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services Co. is regarded, however, as inevitable.

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AUTOMOBILES

SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1920

Auto Industry's Future For American Builders Lies In World Market

General Manager Of National Chamber Of Commerce In U.S. Sees Possibilities In Other Countries

That the automobile industry's greatest future lies in foreign countries where people are realising the advantages of motor vehicles for transportation of passengers and freight, was the statement made recently at the banquet of the American Manufacturers' Export Association, by Alfred Reeves, general manager of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce, in his address on "How America Is Motorising the World."

The importance of the foreign markets, he brought out, may be readily inferred from the fact that there is in the United States one car for every fourteen inhabitants and one car only for every 2840 inhabitants throughout the world. Among other things, Reeves said:

The United States is now using 9,000,000 motor vehicles, of which 850,000 are trucks, and with production this year about 2,000,000 motor vehicles. The modern motor vehicle has already geared America to a new efficiency in commerce, provided a new standard of life and inaugurated a new philosophy of thought. It must take the same position in other countries of the world, just as soon as the people fully appreciate its time-saving value.

EXPORT 139,875 CARS

"Our exports of cars and trucks, which represented 8 percent of the value of all completely manufactured products shipped abroad, amounted to 139,875 vehicles, valued at $166,961,709; whereas three-fifths of all automotive products exceeded $220,000,000 during the last twelve months. Automobiles are now exported to more than sixty different countries of the world. Shipments are by no means limited to older European countries. Uruguay and China have been better purchasers of cars than France, while Argentina ranks higher than any of the older Scandinavian countries.

"The snows of Iceland and the Faroe islands have not prevented inhabitants from buying fifty-seven motor trucks and fifty-six passenger cars, whereas in Belgian Congo the ten motor trucks and twenty-one passenger cars imported last year are demonstrating the true value of motor vehicles as means for opening up sections rich in tropical products. Surely our world that became so solid on motor transportation during the war will go on making use of motor cars and motor trucks.

AMERICAN CAR OWNERS

"Iowa and Nebraska have a car for every six people; American farmers own 2,500,000 cars; 155,000 motor vehicles bring freight and passengers from surrounding country to Manhattan island every day; the power-driven vehicle has added so much to the productivity of America that surely other countries will hasten the day when they can use them in large numbers.

"Up to a few years ago the motor car in foreign countries was looked upon as a luxury to be enjoyed only by the rich. Today their use for utility is fast increasing and the American automobile has become an international commodity.

CAUSE OF DEVELOPMENT

"The intensive development of resources of most foreign countries depends primarily on transportation. South America, Asia, Africa, Australia and immense stretches of European Russia will require considerably increased transportation facilities if the products available in the inland sections are to be profitably marketed in parts distant from place of production.

"Constantly increasing exports of a country, with resultant greater purchasing power of inhabitants, is an object favored by any Government and of which the attainment is facilitated by improvement and extension of means of transportation.

"In deciding on the kind of transportation most suitable for a particular country the governmental agency in charge of such matters will consider as foremost the factors of initial cost, advantages of system and upkeep.

"The initial construction cost of any kind of transportation system is undoubtedly from the view point of a Government, in a partly developed country, the factor of greatest importance. It is especially so in territories where inland waterways are either missing or unnavigable and resort must be taken to railway or motor vehicle transport.

"If the construction of a railway is contemplated it will be necessary to provide for cost of rails, as few countries outside of Europe have foundries and rolling mills from which to obtain equipment of that kind. Specially trained men will also be needed to supervise work of laying the tracks. A certain number of native laborers will be employed at tasks involving manual work. The expense of such an undertaking is well warranted if the traffic is to move over a distance longer than seventy-five miles.

FACILITIES BETTERED

"Most foreign countries, however, are primarily concerned at the present stage in developing traffic facilities in the immediate environs of principal cities and providing means of transport for both passengers and products from points seventy-five miles away from railroad trunk lines or shipping terminals.

"It is in these spheres that the greatest use will be made of motor vehicles. Not only will the cost of transport by their use within such areas be less than that by rail, but it will also be possible, in the construction of roads, to use almost exclusively native labor and local materials.

COAL TOO EXPENSIVE

"Coal, because of its bulkiness and consequent high freight rates thereon, is becoming an expensive fuel for locomotives in countries having no local supply. Gasoline, however, because of its compactness, can be imported at a comparatively low cost.

"Then, too, means are being found to use instead of gasoline such a fuel as natalite, which is a distillate obtained in the manufacture of sugar and which in certain sections of Africa is selling at one-half the price of gasoline.

"The farmer in the United States has been brought close to the cities, because of the use of motor vehicles. He has been enabled to reduce considerably the time required in the transport of his products. Greater productivity has been the result. In most foreign countries the same tendency is developing.

GREETS FOREIGN CARS

"The automobile industry believes that reciprocity with other countries will make for mutual prosperity. It welcomes the motor cars of foreign countries just as it endeavors to sell American products in those countries.

"By a unanimous vote our makers have petitioned Congress to reduce the United States duty on all motor cars to 33 1-3 percent, so that England, France, Italy and other foreign countries may sell their cars here as we are selling in their markets.

"While we hope to bring people of other countries to realise the advantages of our standards in motor car construction, we are glad to cater to their present requirements for righthand drive, metric size clincher tires, special color, body jobs and service facilities to supply repair parts promptly. This latter requirement will be better met as more central service stations are established.

"The automobile industry is keen that foreign buyers should use care in the purchase of cars coming from this country," concluded Reeves. "There seems little reason for changing the name of an American car that is to be sold for export. If well reputed here it is afforded the best possible means for sales abroad. Foreign buyers should investigate firms offering motor cars for sale and to fare best should buy cars and trucks of established standing only."

ANOTHER INCREASE

Passenger car and motor truck owners in New Jersey are facing an increase in tax fees from 20 to nearly 400 percent for 1921.

Veterinarians Learn To Treat Tires As Horse Patients Go

Now the truck has come to take up the burden of the horse. It carries the load, it takes the jolts, it smooths the road, hastens the journey. No wonder we read of so many blacksmiths who, following the modern trend, turn their shops into tire stores.

Well, if horseshoers can shoe autos, why can't I treat tire ills? That was what Dr. Fred Pritchard; veterinarian of Tekonsha, Mich., said when he joined the Firestone Repair School. It is good logic, he thought, so he left off treating the ills of animals to treat the ills of tires. He has finished his schooling, gotten his diploma and has opened a tire repair business in his home town. Charles Enos, steam engineer and Frank E. Pritchard, a carpenter and brother of the doctor, followed their fellow townsman's lead and they, too, are opening tire businesses after completing the Firestone course.

One of the most interesting branches of the work which these men and other students at the Firestone school have found is the repair work on Giant Pneumatics. It is one of the most lucrative for the repair shop of the future, too, according to Firestone engineers.

Steadily increasing use of the pneumatic tired truck has created a need for adequate repair methods. Tire men predict the tire shop not equipped to handle this work will soon be the exception. Already dealers are interested in the progress being made because they realise that increased mileage made possible through economical and durable repair work will mean increased sales of pneumatic tires for trucks.

Firestone engineers, for a long time, have been experimenting on giant pneumatic repairs and see nothing to prevent effective results by any competent repair shop.

For section repairs two general methods are considered practical.

Where the tread is only slightly damaged and the fabric not badly separated, an inside cord patch and an outside tread patch will be found effective.

For large sectional repairs the outside should be built upon a manner similar to that used in building up a section of a smaller cord tire and the repair should be reinforced by an inside cord patch. If the tread is in good condition it may be laid back while the section is being rebuilt. If not, it should be replaced by a section of non-skid semi-cured tread band.

For retreads use of the semi-cured non-skid, retread band is recommended and the raised cure has been found to be effective.

Either sectional or dry cure molds may be utilised in vulcanising the repair. The cure, in most cases, must be of longer duration than it is in repairing the smaller sized tires, the time of depending largely on the size and nature of the repair.

The school is proving more popular than its organisers anticipated, and plans are being made for enlargement of its quarters, additions to the teaching force and increase in its equipment.

Instructors in the school say that reports from students in business are that they find what they learned is serving them in a practical and effective manner.

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New Top (Calif), Paint Excellent Condition.

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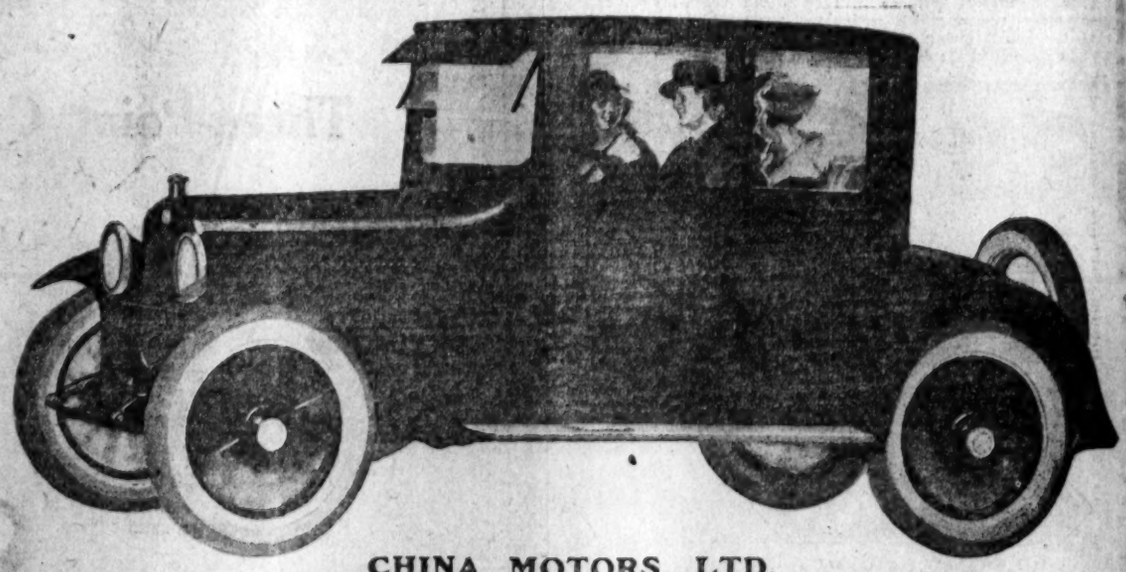

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Hupmobile

Various Fuel For Operation Of Trucks

Kerosene, Gasoline And Coal Gas Will All Serve To Run Motor Vehicles

No question at the present time is more interesting to motor truck owners than that which relates to fuel. With a gasoline shortage always a possibility many truck owners are considering the question of other fuels for use in their vehicles.

If the average truck owner were asked what fuels were available for motor truck use he would probably say gasoline and kerosene. As a matter of fact there are almost a dozen different fuels which the motor truck engine can handle, not all with the same ease, to be sure, but with a degree of efficiency which renders them worthy of conderation, always provided they will produce the necessary cost of saving.

Next to gasoline undoubtedly the most readily usable truck fuel is kerosene, which in the final analysis is simply another form of the conventional fuel. Kerosene has, of course, certain drawbacks, certain inconveniences as against gasoline. It is necessary to install a priming device of some type for starting purposes. With a vehicle intended primarily for purposes of pleasure this might be a serious drawback, but with motor trucks, where cost reduction must overrule everything except efficiency of operation, the extra priming needed in starting ought not to stop the owner's considering the use of their heavier fuel.

KEROSENE EFFECTIVE

It has been the experience of many truck operators that drivers do not like to use kerosene equipment with the added trouble of priming. The best way of meeting this condition is to offer some sort of bonus or inducement to the drivers so as to get them to give the heavier fuel a fair chance. The saving effected by the burning of kerosene instead of gasoline is sufficiently great to justify such a course. For instance, a motor truck giving six miles to the gallon and showing a yearly mileage of 7,200, with gasoline, at 30 cents a gallon, would have a yearly fuel bill of $360; whereas, if kerosene were used at 18 cents a gallon the yearly fuel bill would be just $216. Multiply that by the number of trucks in the fleet and the saving is apparent.

Another tendency on the part of the drivers when the truck is being run on kerosene is to permit the engine to idle rather than to take the trouble of priming with gasoline and starting all over again. Naturally this practice must be discouraged if the full value of the cheaper fuel is to be obtained.

We may take it then, that kerosene makes a perfectly satisfactory fuel when a device has been installed which produces a proper degree of heat and pressure. With these two problems solved kerosene is actually a more efficient fuel for motor trucks than gasoline. The proper carbureted kerosene will give more power, which means that the actual saving in its use will be more than the difference in price between the heavier fuel and gasoline.

DISTILLATE FEASIBLE

Next to kerosene as an alternate fuel at the present time in this country, probably comes what is known as "distillate." The term distillate is not particularly discriptive when taken in a particular sense, because the product from the different oil fields differs so widely. On the Pacific coast distillate is obtained, which is scarcely inferior to gasoline. On the other hand, distillate from the Oklahoma and eastern fields cannot be handled efficiently by the ordinary truck motor, even with the application of heat. But there is little question that the future may find a more general use for this alternate truck fuel.

Benzol, a product derived from coal, has been much used in European countries, where petroleum is not so easy to get as it is in this land of the free. Benzol is easily handled by the ordinary motor truck engines, but it has an objectionable tendency to cause smoking, rapid fouling of the plugs and fuel exhaust odors. It gives a large amount of power per unit, but it is not readily obtainable in this country. However, with the building up of certain industries—the dye industry, for instance, which produces benzol as a by-product—great quantities of this alternate fuel will be available, and for certain classes of truck operation it will serve admirably.

COAL GAS USED

During the war crisis in England the motor truck operators there turned to coal gas—that is to say, ordinary illuminating gas—as a motor fuel. There is no obstacle to the use of this fuel, except the difficulty of carrying it. The carriers in use in England today, would not be tolerated here, nor there except as an emergency measure. If a way of compressing the gas is found, and, indeed, there are containers now for carrying fuel under pressure, there is no reason why there should not be a future for the illuminating gas fuel, but it is scarcely a present fact to be reckoned with.

Alcohol is also not particularly interesting in its present aspects. The price is so high as to be prohibitive. The truck engine can handle alcohol with certain changes, but the fact must be reproduced by methods that will utilise refuse before it can be made cheaply enough to compete with the conventional fuels in the truck field.

To sum up, the motor truck owner who is using gasoline will do well to investigate the possibilities of employing kerosene on his vehicles. If he is near a source of supply of benzol he should certainly give this fuel consideration, and, similarly, if he is near the Pacific Coast supply of distillate he has a cheaper fuel than gasoline ready at hand. The illuminating gas and alcohol must still be considered more as future possibilities than present available fuels. The point is, however, that any motor truck owner can reduce his fuel cost and cost per mile by some one of the alternate fuels that are now available for him.

Automoblie Aids Newspaper Men

Motor Car Big Aid For Getters Of News All Over World

San Francisco, October 10.—When the newspapers want action and quick action, they use automobiles. When a ship is wrecked along the coast and the trains have stopped running, the reporters and the photographers get to the scene in motor cars.

A few years ago a passenger vessel bound from Eureka to San Francisco, was wrecked on Duxbury reef and held there. Gradually the ship broke up, and passengers came ashore as best they could. Many were drowned. The "story" was covered by a crew of reporters from every paper in the northern part of the State and almost all of them went to the scene in motor cars.

ANOTHER INSTANCE

When a steamer went ashore on the coast here a few weeks ago, a Chalmers car was called into play and rushed newspaper men and movie operators to the scene. The car made the trip in record time and the news men rushed their photos back to the papers in time for the editions.

When other transportation means fail, the automobile invariably steps in and helps move things. During recent car strikes in Eastern cities, motor transportation saved the day. Passenger cars and trucks were rushed into service and carried people to work and then back home at night.

AID IN DENVER RIOT

This was particularly true in Denver, where rioting took place during the strike and troops were called to maintain order. City and military officials admitted that without automobiles the whole industry of the city would have stopped. The same condition held true in other cities throughout the East.

Many bankers and others have tried to place the passenger automobile on the list of non-essentials, but when asked if they would give up their cars, the answer was no.

The automotive industry is on a sounder basis now than ever before in its history. The factories are working on a narrower margin of profit than ever before and selling at prices that are fair.

The industry is here to stay, and in spite of attacks from many sources, it will be maintained. It is now the second largest industry in the country and a huge factor in transportation.

VALVE SPRINGS

If the springs of the exhaust valves become weak from use or heat the pistons will draw burnt gases into the cylinders, past the valves with the incoming gasoline charge, giving an improper mixture. The valve springs should be tested occasionally to see if they are of full strength. The average strength of a valve spring should be thirty pounds. At high engine speed the exhaust valves nearly always permit some leakage.

SIGNALING NOW VITAL PROBLEM

Proper Manner For Showing Turns Explained; Death And Life Big Gamble

Failure to give the proper arm signals has been set down by traffic experts as one of the greatest causes of automobile accidents at the present time. Some motorists turn when and where the spirit moves them, never thinking to give the man behind a chance to know what it going to happen. Others wait till the last moment, jab a hand out in the correct direction and whirl into the turn. This also does not give the man behind a fair break.

Worse than these two classes of careless accident-causers is the driver who gives the wrong signal. Such mistakes, largely the result of lack of thought, too often result in wrecked cars and fatally injured passengers. A sloppy signal—one of the somewhere-near-right king—is often as dangerous as an exactly opposite signal to the turning direction taken.

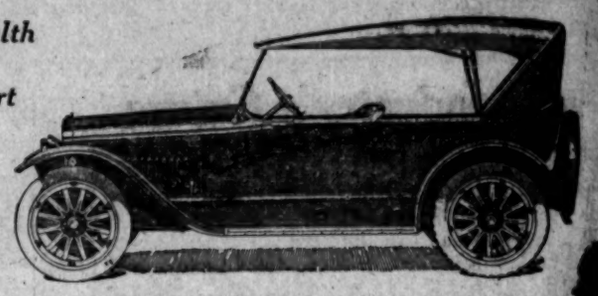
In both cases a car coming along behind will read the signal the way it looks and act accordingly. Now two objects cannot both occupy the same space at the same time, and when an irresistible force meets an immovable body the fireworks are likely to start, which is just one way of saying that whenever a motorist does not signal at all or does not signal correctly he is shaking Death's loaded dice with the Grim Reaper himself.

Introducing the New

Commonwealth and Craw Elkhart Magneto

FOUR

1920 MODELS in stock



This beautiful 5-passenger Model has a 117-inch wheel-base. In all the New Models nearly 100 costly improvements are embodied.

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JOHNS-MANVILLE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS
Effective against Gasoline and Oil Fires
Also fillers in stock.

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are good tires at a good price. Guaranteed 5,000 MILES

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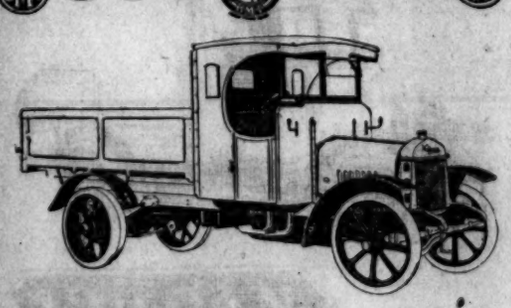
BMT BMT BMT



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30-CWT. LORRY

THE rapid and widespread success of the Vulcan is the outstanding feature of this branch of British Engineering. Its design shows what skilful and experienced engineers can achieve by simplicity. Its construction maintains the finest traditions of the British skilled worker. Hence wherever the Vulcan chassis is used—whatever body is put on it—its low running costs and capacity for hard service give unlimited satisfaction.

We are specially organised to meet overseas demands—cable your requirements.

Specification includes: Engine—Four-cylinder monobloc, 90 x 130 mm. Gear Box—Four speeds and reverse. Central gate change. Brakes—Foot brake acting on drum at rear of gear box. Hand brake, internal expanding on rear wheels. Steering—Four-life worm wheel and worm. Rear Axle—Full floating type with worm drive. Control—Foot Pedal and steering wheel lever. Wheels and Tyres—Cast steel wheels, fitted with 860 by 90 solid rubber tyres (720 fitting), singles to the front and twins to the rear.

MANUFACTURED BY VULCAN MOTOR & ENGINEERING CO. (1920), LTD., CROSSENS, SOUTHPORT, ENGLAND.

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Tested 250,000 Miles

Three-Point Cantilever Springs Greatest Improvement Since Pneumatic Tyres

OVERLAND 4 Motor Car has been tested as no car has ever been tested before.

250,000 miles (400,000 km.) of mountain trails, desert sand, heat, cold, mud and dust, demonstrated the quality of every part of the motor car long before we began manufacturing it for the public.

This remarkable test showed conclusively that Three-Point Cantifever Springs, exclusive with Overland, are the greatest improvement in riding comfort since the introduction of pneumatic tyres.

They protect the car from road shocks and prolong the life of every part.

They enable the wheels to hold better to the road. They give greater comfort under all road conditions.

They do away almost entirely with side sway and rebound which twist and rack the car.

Diagonal attachment of the Three-Point Springs at both ends of a 130-in. (3.3m) Spring base gives the steadiness and smooth riding of the heavy car of long wheelbase.

Equipment is complete from Auto-Lite Starting and Lighting System to Marshall Divan Spring Upholstery.

Large Car Luxury At Small Car Cost

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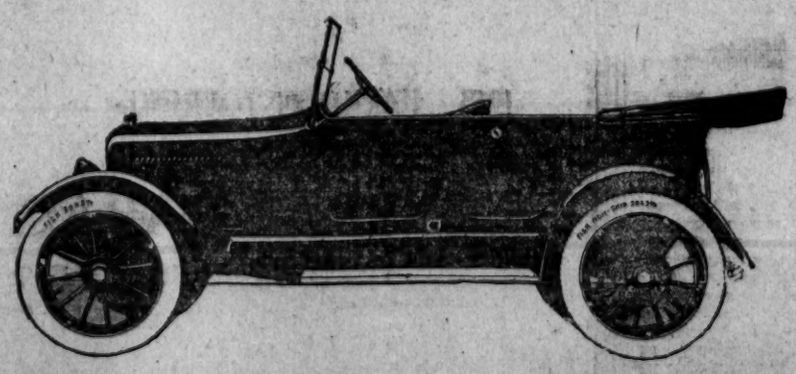

"Boost for Good Roads in China"

AUTOS SUPPLANTING SWISS RAILROADS

Fares So High That Few Persons Now Travel First And Second Class In Trains

FREIGHT ALSO AFFECTED

Transportation Of Goods To And From Adjoining Countries By Motor Van

BY JULIAN GRANDE

Geneva, September 8.—The Swiss railway authorities are becoming alarmed by the decrease almost to vanishing point of first class and even second class railway traveling; and it is seriously proposed to abolish first class carriages altogether except in the case of international sleeping car trains.

The constant rise in railway fares has caused, according to the very last statistics (those for 1919) 94.64 percent of travelers to go third class in Switzerland, so that less than 5½ percent travel first and second class. And as on August 1 this year fares were raised again, the proportion of third class travelers is likely to be still heavier.

As in England and the United States, also, motor cars and motor vans are felt to be serious competitors of the railways, particularly of the first class traffic on the one hand and of goods conveyance on the other. In the canton of Zurich alone the number of motor cars increased by 70 percent between July 31, 1919, and July 31, 1920, and the number of motor bicycles by 46 percent in the same time. And what is true of the Canton of Zurich is certainly true of a great many other cantons.

Moreover, those who can afford to do so now travel by motor car and generally take their luggage with them. Not only do the Swiss do this, but numbers of tourists likewise. For instance, this last August a wealthy American who wished to travel about Switzerland with his wife, secretary and two other persons—that is, five in all—found, after calculation, that it was cheaper for him to hire a good car and chauffeur and tour with his luggage and his party from place to place as it suited him than to take first-class tickets for them, register all the luggage, and pay all the railway and hotel porters' tips and hotel omnibuses from the stations and hotels and vice versa. Finally he took the car up to the port of departure in France and sent it back to Switzerland.

Merchants who have business in Geneva, with branches in Zurich or Basle, or vice versa, now seldom use the trains. For one reason, trains are infrequent and expresses very few, and for another reason, the cost of travel is very high. Consequently the Swiss Federal railways are losing—to a large extent they have lost—many of their best patrons, and this may be traced in their last official statistics. In fact, the only people to be seen traveling first class now in Switzerland are either diplomatists and other officials whose fares are paid by their Governments or high railway officials who have free passes. But I have seen even diplomatists traveling privately (not on Government business) going third class.

Not only, however, is the passenger traffic by the federal railways being affected dy the competition of private motor cars, but the goods traffic also, and ultimately it is the goods traffic which is likely to be the more seriously affected. Every time railway fares and freight charges are raised more people find a way of doing without railways. Already the motor van service, although carried on privately and not fully organised, is a very formidable rival of the railways for the conveyance of heavy goods, and all the more so because the vans can deliver goods straight to or fetch them straight from a factory, shop or private house, which the railway cannot.

Even the Swiss post is not so much used as formerly, because many firms with very large correspondence deliver many of their letters and parcels by motor bicycle.

It is not merely Swiss internal railway transport which is affected, but also international transport. Thus merchants find that, owing to the slowness of French railway conveyance, it is cheaper for them to fetch goods from Marseilles, Bordeaux or Cette by motor van, which is not surprising since an insured parcel of no extraordinary size has sometimes this Summer taken as long as five weeks to get from London to Switzerland.

IN TOWING

Whenever it is necessary for the motor truck to tow another vehicle or itself be towed, the driver should be careful to hitch the rope to some part of the frame and not to the axle, which may be bent or broken.

PRICE CUT HELPS FRANKLIN COMPANY PRESENT CLAIMS

Sales Jump Over 30 Percent In First Four Days Following Announcement Of Reduction

Following the announcement last Thursday of reduction in prices of Franklin cars, H. H. Franklin, president of the Franklin Company, made this statement:

"The way to readjust is to readjust. Lower prices have to come, and the way to get them is to inaugurate them at once. Reductions can come only from the top down. The manufacturer has to make the first move, and as a result the fabricator and producer of raw materials will fall in line.

"Necessarily the Franklin Company will take a temporary loss on materials on hand, which were purchased at figures out of line with new prices scheduled for the company's automobiles. We shall endeavor to obtain readjustments of existing contracts with vendors to meet the new conditions and to place new contracts at figures below what we have been paying.

"At the present time our orders amount to about one month's production. Business done by the company for the year ending August 31, 1920, amounted to $31,001,565.25. This exceeds the total during the yearly period ending August 31, 1919, by $14,561,934.92, and represents an increase of 88 percent. Foreign sales showed an increase of 166 percent over the previous year.

"Wages at the Franklin plant will not be affected by the lowering of prices, but will remain at their present level. Our action also has in mind the responsibility of manufacturers to keep labor employed, and the only way it can be done is to set prices on a basis that will relieve congestion in trade channels regardless of any temporary sacrifice of profit."

During the first four days following the recent reduction in price of Franklin cars, dealers reported sales representing an increase of 333 percent over the total sales recorded in the 22 days between August 30 and September 23.

Bad Lubrication Wastes Gasoline

Motorists who do not think they are getting sufficient mileage from a gallon of gasoline should take care to lubricate their cars properly. Friction is the greatest friend of the gas bill and the best decelerator in the world. One of the points forgotten by many motorists is the careful oiling of the valve-stems. On a long drive or where the car is being used with regularity, the oiling of these stems with a good grade of oil—your garage man will advise you as to the best for your own particular make of car—will make an appreciable addition to the miles per gallon and will greatly increase the efficiency and pulling power of your motor.

You can appreciate the beauties of the country when your mount is the reliable and guaranteed-for-ever

RALEIGH

THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE

with Dunlop tyres and Sturmey-Archer 3-speed gear, because it never causes you a moment's worry. It leaves your mind free for pure enjoyment. Every ride's a joy ride.

WM. FORBES & CO.

Tientsin

Raleigh Cycle Company, Ltd. Nottingham, England.

The World's Largest Tire Factory

Building 30x3, 30x3½ and 31x4-inch Tires

Owners of small cars can enjoy the same high relative value in Goodyear Tires that gives utmost satisfaction to owners of big, costly motor carriages.

They can take advantage of that tremendous amount of equipment, skill and care employed by Goodyear to build tires of extraordinary worth in the 30 x 3. 30 x 3½, and 31 x 4-inch sizes.

They can secure these tires without waiting, despite the enormous demand, because, in addition to its larger sizes, Goodyear builds an average of 20,000 a day in the world's largest tire factory devoted to the three sizes mentioned.

If you own a Ford, Chevrolet, Dort, Maxwell, or any other car using one of these sizes, go to the nearest Goodyear Service Station Dealer for Goodyear Tires and Goodyear Heavy Tourist Tubes.

Hudford Garage
89-91 Rue Montauban, Shanghai

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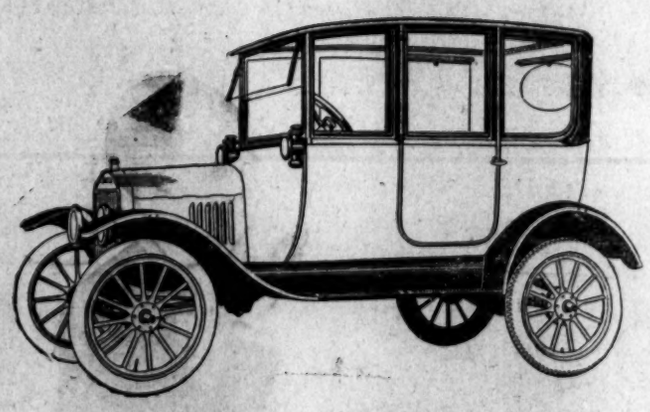
GOODYEAR

Ford THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Ford THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR



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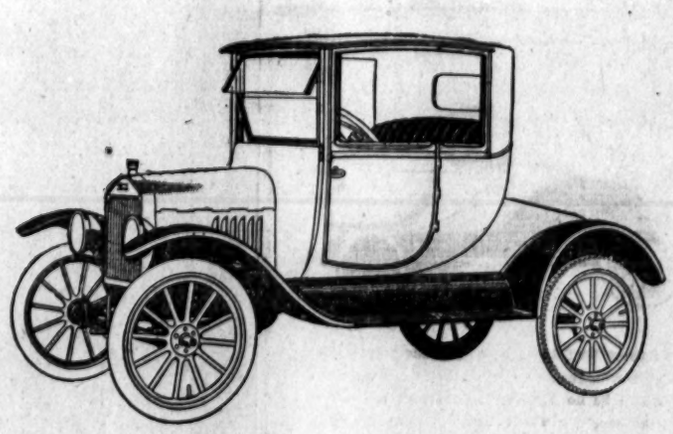
CLOSED MODELS

have arrived



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Now on view: demonstrations may be arranged.

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Ford THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Ford THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Few Car Owners Appreciate Magnitude Of Rubber Industry

Few car owners appreciate the magnitude of the rubber tire industry. Automobile tires in their finished form are to be layman a rather prosaic article, but in reality they represent a history equally as romantic as the fur trade, or the diamond industry of South Africa, or the history of the discovery of gold in California.

The first white man who ever saw rubber was Christopher Columbus. The records show that he noticed some of the children of the West Indies playing with balls that bounced back and forth and were made of a strange elastic gum.

SPANIARD WRITES OF IT

The first definite literature describing rubber was written by a Spaniard, Antonio De Herara, who spoke of rubber as a gum derived from a tree.

It was not until 1745 that a Frenchman returning from South America gave us definite information as to how the natives secured from a certain tree a peculiar gum. This gum being elastic and impervious to water was at this time used in a very crude state for the making of balls, shoes and waterproof garments.

One of the earliest uses to which rubber was applied was that of erasing the mark of black lead pencil. This was recommended by a man named Priestly, and because of the rubbing action made while erasing, the gum was called rubber. Because also the best gum at the time was obtained in the West Indies the prefix 'India' was given, which refers to the West Indies and not to India, as is generally supposed.

RUBBER'S DERIVATION

Rubber is not derived from the sap of a tree, as is commonly supposed, but from a milky substance secreted in the bark and known as latex. The latex is a creamy white emulsion containing rubber, water, for its valuable principle a substance called caoutchouc, and the value of the rubber depends upon the percentage of this caoutchouc. The other substances found in the latex are resin, albuminous substances and water.

Among the important rubbers of commerce is the product of a shrub which grows on the highlands of Mexico called Guayule.

Another important rubber is from a vine of the genus Landolphia, which is found in Africa, but it is generally conceded that the best commercial rubber in the world is from Para, a seaport on the Amazon. This rubber is obtained from the latex of trees of the genus Hevea. There are numerous species of this which are indigenous to South America. But of the thirteen species so far identified, the Hevea Brasiliensis is at present the chief source of the world's rubber supply. The rubber takes its name from the seaport, Para.

TRADING IS STARTED

It was a Portuguese in Brazil who first began trading in rubber articles made by the natives of the Amazon valley. The Portuguese found that the aborigines of this valley were skilled in making useful articles such as water-tight shoes and bags for the Portuguese settlers, and they therefore began exporting native-made articles to Lisbon.

This was the unique gift, sent in 1759 to the king of Portugal by the Government of Para. There was a little advertising that helped to make rubber articles popular in Portugal and did a great deal to attract attention of people everywhere to the product. The advertising extended even into France and England, and early in the eighteenth century these countries began to import some of these articles from Brazil, and trading was done also with merchants in the United States.

It was about this time that rubber goods began to be popular in the United States, and for the first time factories began to be erected for the manufacture of it.

American ingenuity was set to the task of improving the wearing qualities of the rubber. Various experiments led to the discovery of the value of vulcanisation, a process which improved the desirable qualities and eliminated the defects of the raw material.

Commercial Para is produced not only in the Brazilian portion of the country watered by the Amazon, but also in Bolivia and certain parts of Peru.

Bolivian Para is excellent in quality and is obtained from trees averaging more than 100 years old. It has been suggested by some authorities that the latex from very old trees is superior to that of young ones.

FOREST LANDS LEASED

The governments of the various rubber producing provinces lease stretches of forest to contractors whose financial responsibility must be about $20,000. The contractor fits out gangs of laborers with tools and provisions. To each group of laborers the contractor allots from 100 to 150 trees. The first work the laborers perform is to cut paths to the various trees. Then the tapping operation begins. By means of a hatchet the latex bearing veins of bark are laid open. Beneath each incision a small cup is attached to catch the latex. The tapping is done in the morning and the latex flows for about three hours after the incision is made. The laborers then make the rounds of the trees and collect the flow. Toward evening the wounds are reopened and a second flow is obtained. After a lapse of a week a fresh tapping is made and the collecting process is repeated.

When the gatherers reach camp with the collection of latex they proceed to prepare it for market in the following way: The latex is poured into a low-sided, broad-based pan and placed near a fire pot. A rough frame is made for the purpose of supporting a pole which is held in the hands of the laborer. A short section of the supported pole is besmeared with latex and removed in the heat of the fire and smoked until it has congealed. This congealed film is besmeared and revolved in the heat.

HOW IT IS DONE

This operation is repeated until a large ball is obtained which consists of a large number of thin films rolled one on top of another. This process is called coagulation. Two factors enter into the effect of the fire on the latex to produce the solid rubber; the heat evaporates the water and coagulates the albuminous matter and the smoke causes a chemical action to take place which has the effect of a preservative.

The gathering season in the Amazon region lasts about four months and about twenty tappings are made. A group of laborers having in charge 150 trees usually gather during one season about 1,000 pounds of crude rubber. Then the contractor collects these balls of rubber from the various groups of laborers and sends them to Manaos or Para, Brazil. From these cities some of the rubber is exported just as it is received from the forests, but the bulk of the rubber is sorted by experts before it is shipped to foreign countries.

As the demand for crude rubber from South America increased, financiers conceived the idea of securing seed from the Hevea rubber trees of the Amazon, and setting out plantations in Ceylon, Dutch East Indies and the federated states of Malay.

There are vast stores of rubber in the tropics, but transportation is so difficult and the growth of rubber is so rapid that it appears to be more profitable to grow rubber in accessible places than to secure it from dense forests."

Unbroken Treads Best For Winter

It is good practice to stow away old tires and use unbroken treads during seasons when heavy rains are likely. Water through capillary attraction soaks into the fabric and cords, sometimes causing chemical action which loosens up the layers. Then, too, rubber cuts more easily, when wet than when dry.

Nothing is much more unpleasant than changing tires in the rain, and blowouts are certain with tires having broken treads, if they are in the rain.

WIDTH OF VEHICLES

Throughout the country the over-all width of motor vehicles varies in different states from 90 to 114 inches and the length from 30 to 45 feet.

AUTOMOBILE TRADE ALREADY REVIVING

Peace Readjustment Now Practically Complete, Says Ray W. Sherman

New York, October 31.—Optimism was the keynote of the meeting Thursday night of the New York Motor Coach Manufacturers' Association at the Automobile Club of America, 247 West Fifty-fourth street.

In the opinion of Ray W. Sherman, executive editor of the Class Journal Papers, the crisis has been passed in the motor car business and a normal condition is almost here. Mr. Sherman was the principal speaker.

"Business generally has passed the crucial point," said Mr. Sherman. "Many things may happen yet, but most of these will be disturbances in the wake of readjustment. Particularly is this true in the motor car business. It is beginning to accelerate in spots all over the country, and the beginning of a general revival can be sensed by those close to the national situation.

"The beginning of the present motor car situation came last spring, along in May, when sales began to fall off. There was a gradual slackening, which was followed by the recent reductions in prices. With the reductions made, sales are reviving and in some sections business is so close in volume to that of a year ago that it may be said the readjustment has been practically consummated.

"The motor car business has always been a favorite with the public, and this may be one of the reasons why this industry was the first to get into motion following the armistice, and why it is beginning to move toward normal at a time when to many trades it seems that readjustment has just begun.

"It is the expectation of the students of the industry that trade will be good this winter and that next spring and summer should find the industry in a prosperous condition. So far as the industry itself is concerned it is fundamentally sound and is so regarded in financial circles. It is also recognised that all industry is knit together in a single complex fabric and that the improvement of one aids in the improvement of all, and that when any one industry benefits the benefit is reflected in other lines."

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and secure fourfold economy:—

1. More "miles-for-money"
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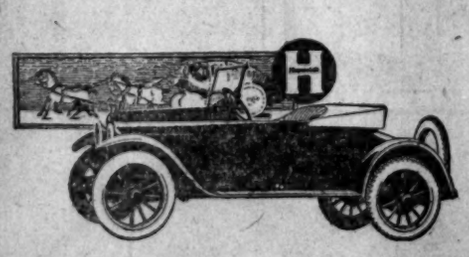

Factory records show that 50 percent of Hupmobile sales are made to people who have driven Hupmobiles before. To our mind there can be no stronger testimonial as to the service the car actually yields—its unusual economy and its extraordinary performance.

STANDARD EQUIPMENT

- 5-seater Touring or 2-seater Roadster body.
- Speedometer
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- Rain-vision windscreen
- Fuel gauge
- Oil pressure gauge
- Electric horn
- Ammeter
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- Tyre carrier—extra rim
- Side curtains—door curtain carriers.
- Tonneau carpet
- Hood (black or khaki)
- Grease gun
- Pump, jack, full set of tools.

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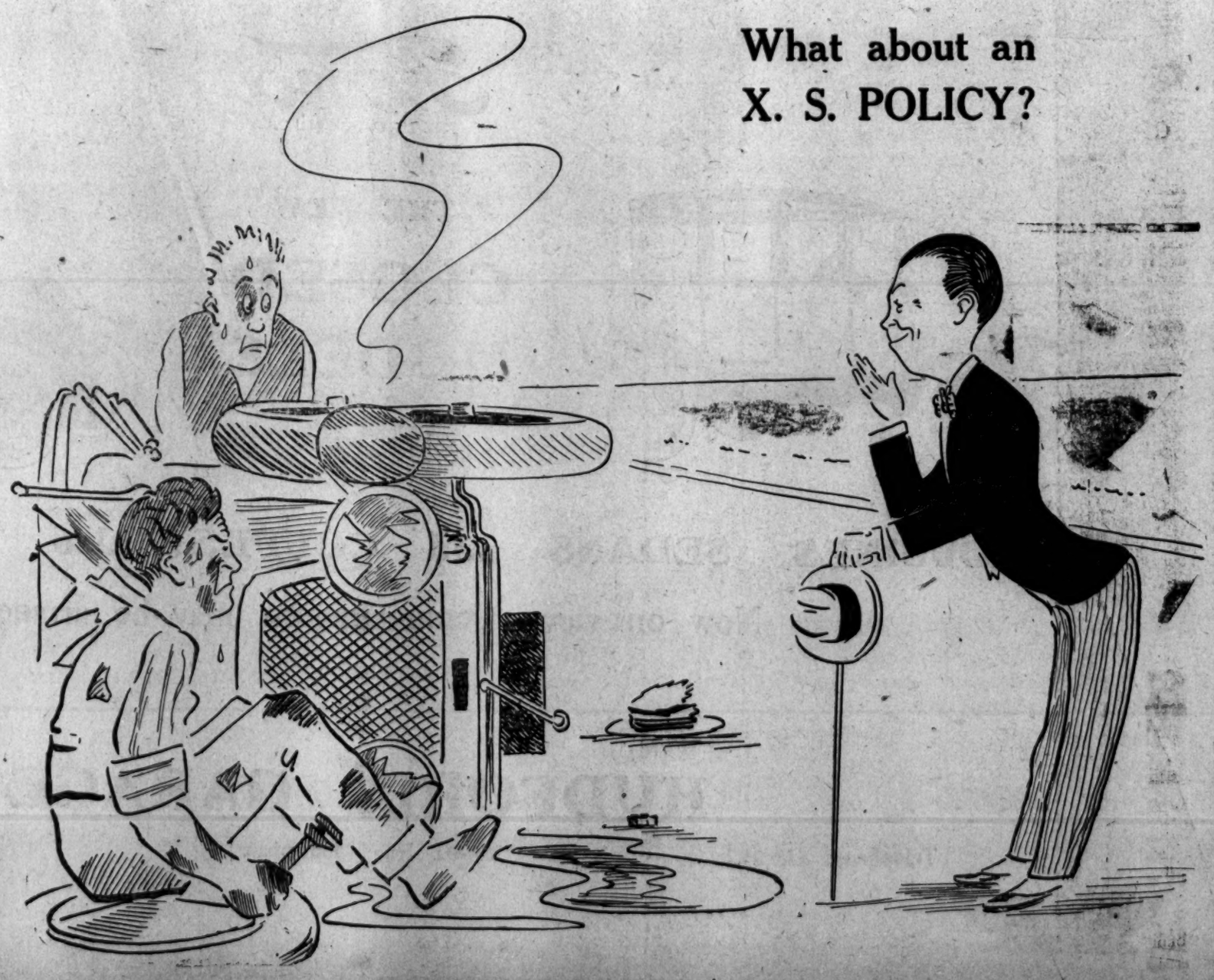

CHINA ROADS LOOK GOOD TO EXPORTERS IN UNITED STATES

San Francisco Dealer Is Enthusiastic About Possibilities In South

IS LOOKING AHEAD

Figure That Narrow Streets Will Give Way To Boulevards

(The following is from the San Francisco Chronicle)

San Francisco, October 24.—The great possibilities that lie before the manufacturers of the Pacific Coast in the development of export business are expanding daily. In the forefront of this expansion is to be found the motor truck as in the older days it was the railroad that kept or set the pace for civilisation.

Even China, with its great bulk, its progress held down by the weight of ages of tradition, is seeing the light of modern methods. A letter just received by the Moreland Motor Truck Company from the Pacific Trading Company of Hongkong, distributer of the Moreland truck for, that territory has an item of distinct interest to those farsighted Westerners who see in the far countries of the Orient a coming outlet for our rapidly growing industries.

It states that the great wall about the city of Canton, with its 1,000,000 population, is being torn down and a modern avenue built on its site. Hundreds of old buildings have also been torn down and fine streets built. The Tramway company has secured a franchise for rapid transit in the city, including the right to operate trolley cars, motor trucks and other vehicles. The company, however, has practically decided not to run trolley cars, but to make use of motor truck busses instead.

A. G. Bohannan, who has been in that country in the interest of the Moreland company, has gone over the matter very thoroughly with them, and this make of trucks has been thoroughly tested out to the general satisfaction of the officials, and it is expected that a large order will be received from them as soon as all details are completed.

Within the next five years there will be a fine system of modern roads completed for transportation throughout that country, which hitherto has been absolutely impassable even for the smallest type of vehicles and in which only the crudest methods of transportation, such as carrying loads on the shoulders of the natives, were employed.

The proposed operation of motor truck busses along the site of one of the famous great walls of China is certainly an evidence of an advancement that arouses visions of ever-increasing business relations through the open doors of the Pacific.

OPEN CARBURETOR DRAIN

Occasionally you should open the drain at the bottom of carburetor before starting engine. Water or any foreign matter will be drawn off and possible trouble anticipated.

120 Horses Are Displaced When Trailers Appear

All the fruit from an Oregon apple orchard embracing 4,000 acres of bearing trees is transported by a fleet of nine six-ton semi-trailers, which are drawn by three heavy-duty road tractors. Formerly 120 horses and several motor trucks were used. These were unable to keep pace with the 300 pickers in the orchard. To reduce loss from spoiling, it was necessary to pack the apples the same day they were picked and start them on their way to the railroad that night. The entire output is now handled easily with the new equipment.

Three trailers are used with each tractor. While the tractor is on the way with one trailer, another is in the orchard being loaded and the third at the packing house being unloaded.

Each trailer carries a load of from seven and one-half to nine tons at every trip, makes from eight to ten trips every day of twelve hours and covers an average of ten miles per trip. Thus each hauls from sixty to ninety tons per day. The tractors are kept running practically all the time, as there is no waiting for loading and unloading. They therefore cover from eighty to 100 miles and haul from 200 to 300 tons of apples per day.

A gravity roller conveyor moves the boxes of apples from the trailer into the packing house and a similar conveyor is used for loading the packed fruit into railroad cars at the freight yards, more than 1,000 boxes being kept moving continuously with this equipment. The fruit is hauled at night from the packing-house to the railroad.

FRANCE BUYS MANY

Of the $36,000,000 worth of tires exported from the United States in the eleven months ending with May, 1920, $2,333,333 worth went to France, $2,500,000 worth went to Great Britain, $2,000,000 worth went to Cuba and about $4,000,000 worth to South America.

Overland Winner In Race With Time

Remarkable Test On Rough Brick Is Triumph For Motor

A new citation badge has been pinned on the famous Overland stock car that ran 5,452 miles over Indiana country roads early this year. The new citation is for a remarkable performance in a race against the hour hand of a clock on the hard riding Indianapolis speedway.

The Overland car, after being used in road work for 2,000 miles, made its record of 5,452 miles in 168 hours continuous driving over frozen country roads, early in March when under those handicapping conditions it averaged 20.24 miles to the gallon. The car then went back into service as a passenger car for road salesmen and then covered some 6,500 more miles.

On top of this, this same Overland car was sent out at noon, August 24, on the Indianapolis speedway in an effort to travel 1,000 miles before the hour hand of the clock could complets its cycle. The car not only ran 1,000 miles, but it did it in less than the twenty-four hours allotted.

STANDARD TIRES

One of the potent arguments against buying a number of trucks of different makes is the difference in tire sizes that is usually involved. The ideal condition for the truck fleet is a single tire size for all vehicles, and every operator ought to guard against multiplicity of tire sizes in his fleet.

RUST PREVENTERS

Vaseline in which a little powdered gum camphor has been added, the whole being heated over a glow fire, will prevent the formation of rust on tools. A mixture of one pound of lard, an ounce of gum camphor and a little lampblack will protect bright metalwork from rust.

INSURE your MOTOR CAR

Java Sea and Fire Insurance Compa ny

8 Ezra Road, 1st floor. Tel. 70

LIBERAL CONDITIONS AND MODERATE RATES

GORDON TIRE

Are you satisfied with your tire results?

Gordon Triangle Tread Tires are giving perfect satisfaction.

Buy direct from us and take advantage of our discounts.

All popular sizes carried in stock. Come in to-day and get our prices.

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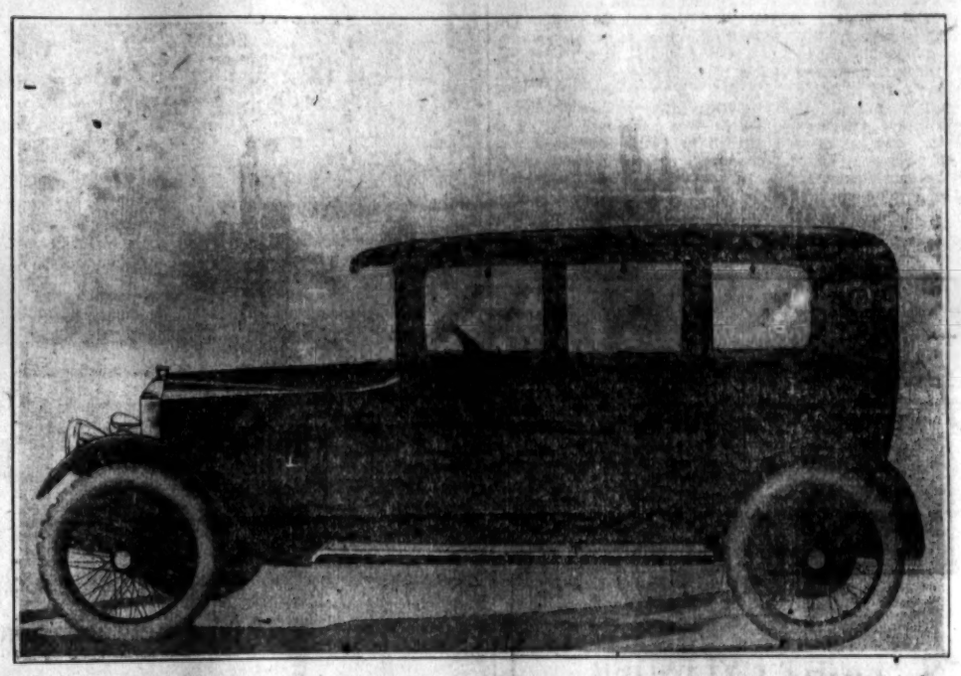
The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

(Established 1851)

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE

VAUXHALL, ARROLL - JOHNSTON, CUBITT AND STUDEBAKER CARS

invite your inspection of new models of Vauxhall and Studebaker Limousines, which are now on view in their Show Rooms.

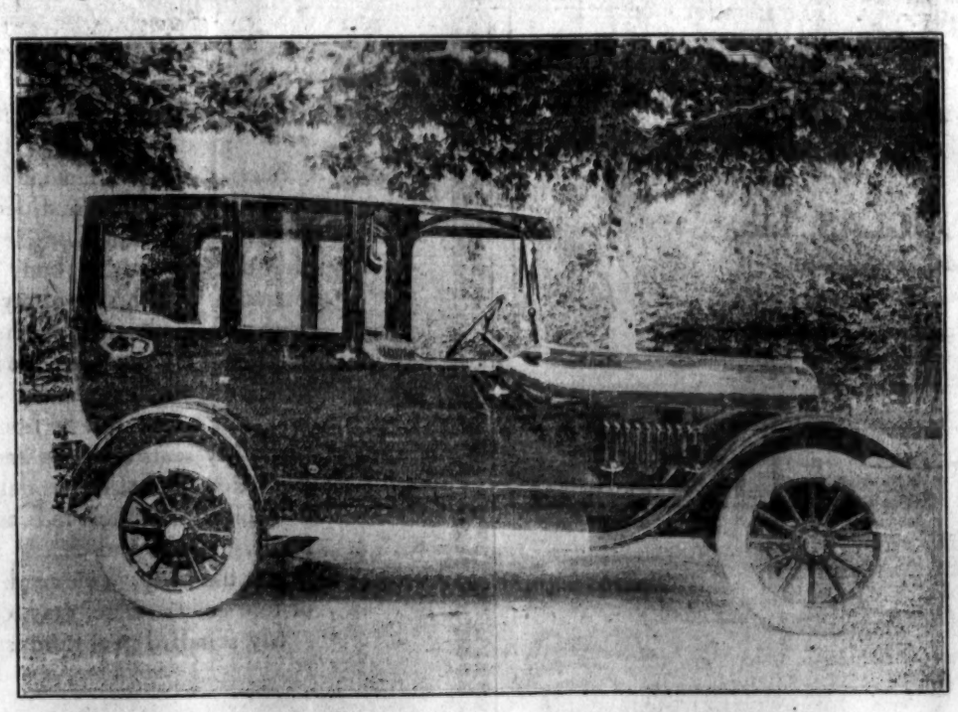


25 H.P.

VAUXHALL-WESTMINSTER LIMOUSINE

A beautiful example of British coach-work. Luxurious in the extreme

The outstanding characteristics of the Vauxhall motor carriage coincide with the notion generally entertained by connoisseurs of the best class car. They may be summarised under the heads: robust construction, liveliness, sweetness of running and smooth riding, minimum of attention combined with accessibility, and elegance of appearance.



STUDEBAKER "BIG-SIX" and "SPECIAL-SIX" LIMOUSINES

(The illustration shows a "Special-Six" Limousine)

For those wanting harmony and grace, extraordinary roominess and convenience, the "Big-Six" is all that can be desired. The quality and finish may be equalled by a few cars, but are excelled by none. The "Special-Six" Limousine is a medium-priced family car, with the same quality and finish as the "Big-Six de Luxe."

For demonstrations, please apply to the

Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

Garage Telephones: West 1641, 1642, 1643

RENAULT FACTORY BRANCH SHOWS CAR

Famous French Machine On Display In U. S. Production Stopped By War

San Francisco, Nov. 2.—The post-war Renault is here.

This is the French car that is known all over the world, and which made such an impression on the German lines. These cars were used day after day by French army officers, and made good under conditions that tried the mettle of any mechanical device.

The Renault Company has a direct factory branch here in San Francisco, and is represented by M. Bosc. The first car to be shipped from the great French plant to this city is now in display at Larking & Co. salesrooms, and is attracting a great deal of attention.

The Renault made its first appearance in California in 1905, and was continuously represented by a factory branch until the opening of the world war, in 1914. Then Louis Renault, head of the great manufacturing firm, turned his entire resources over to the French Government.

There was no time to think of foreign buyers then. The whole nation was placed on a war basis overnight, and Renault was one of the leaders. The plant was transformed into a great war machine. Cars, trucks, tractors, tanks, airplanes, motors, and everything in the line of automobile equipment was made, and in huge quantities. The output of the plant did a great deal to turn back the Hun and finally defeat him.

When the war broke out, Renault turned over several millions of dollars worth of automotive equipment to the French Government, and these cars, trucks and tractors carried men from Paris to the front lines to defeat the Germans at the first battle of the Marne.

The Renault is here, and many enthusiastic motor fans have seen it and O. K.'d it. It is well worth seeing.

RATTLE IN SPRING CLIP

A rattle in the spring clip of the motor truck may be cured by wrapping the lower part with tire tape, enough to prevent the movement that causes the rattle. The tape may be painted over to match the color of the spring, so as not to make an unsightly mark on the vehicle.

EXHAUST PIPE PAINT

To paint the exhaust pipe, requires a compound capable of resisting a high degree of heat. Use two parts of black oxide of manganese, three parts of graphite and nine parts of fuller's earth, thoroughly mixed and added to which is ten quarts of sodium silicate, one part of glucose and four parts of water, until it is of the consistency that enables it to be applied with a brush.

'Mack' Is Popular Among Hawaiians

Railway Uses Fleet Of Popular Make; Aged Machines Doing Unusual Work

When some time ago a copy of the Mack Bulldog, the house organ issued by the International Motor Company, manufacturers of Mack trucks, reached Hawaii, it was seen to contain an article dealing with a three-ton Mack truck, No. 301.

The accompanying article stated this truck was purchased ten years ago by Rothschild and Co., Chicago, and has continued in service ever since. H. G. Jewell of the Pond Company, Ld., distributers in the Hawaiian islands for Mack trucks, read about No. 301 and immediately recalled that an aged truck of the same make is at work on Maui island, T. H.

Jewell made inquiry and ascertained this truck is No. 288, therefore ante-dating No. 301 by thirteen trucks, and has been performing its daily duty in the Hawaiian islands since 1909, when it was first shipped there. The truck is the property of the Kahului Railroad Company. Two of these three-and-one-half-ton models were purchased by the railroad in April, 1909, and another similar model in April, 1910.

In acquainting Jewell with the history of these old Macks, W. Walsh, superintendent of the Kahului Railroad Company, said: "These trucks have given marvelous service during the past eleven years. The entire machine is well constructed of excellent material and the engine is all that can be desired by any one. There is no special route laid down over which these trucks travel. The routes over which they have been operated could easily compare with the mountain roads in the mining districts of California.

"The trucks today, of course, are out of date as far as appearances are concerned, but two of these are still in operation. One of them was retired to provide spare parts in case of necessity. We highly recommend this make of truck to any one requiring a machine for rough service. The cost for maintenance was economical, after taking into consideration the nature of the work and the condition of the roads over which the trucks were forced to travel."

The Monkey-Wrench Should Be Used Often

If the owner drives his car constantly it will be an excellent thing for him to use his monkey-wrench now and then, says American Motorist.

Especially with a new car it is not a bad plan to go over nuts and bolts occasionally. Even the tightest nut will be more or less affected by constant vibration and a loose bolt should be tightened, since the play to which the looseness gives rise may result in the necessity for later repairs. As the car grows a little older the bolts and nuts settle and there is less occasion for tightening.

The foregoing advice applies with particular force to spring clips, a pulling up of the nuts of which will take but a few minutes of the operator's time about once a month, keeping the springs properly seated and adding much to the sense of security that is enjoyed by the man who looks after things and knows that they have been attended to.

Sometimes it happens that the motorist is unable to keep the nuts fastening the bolts absolutely tight. Try as he may, the nut will come loose again. If a lock-washer cannot be applied, a good remedy is to put a drop of solder on the thread of the nut, or in the absence of solder, a little paint or varnish will set the nut tight and prevent it from becoming loose again.

IN LONDON

In the metropolitan area of London 688 persons were killed in street accidents last year. Of this number 613 were killed during the day and 75 by night.

GANGWAY FOR THE TRUCK!

A Skid May Annihilate Nearby Passenger Car

When a heavy motor truck is swinging around a curve on a wet day it is the part of wisdom for passenger cars to give it a good wide berth. If the rear end of the truck starts to skid it is likely to annihilate any light passenger car that gets in its path.

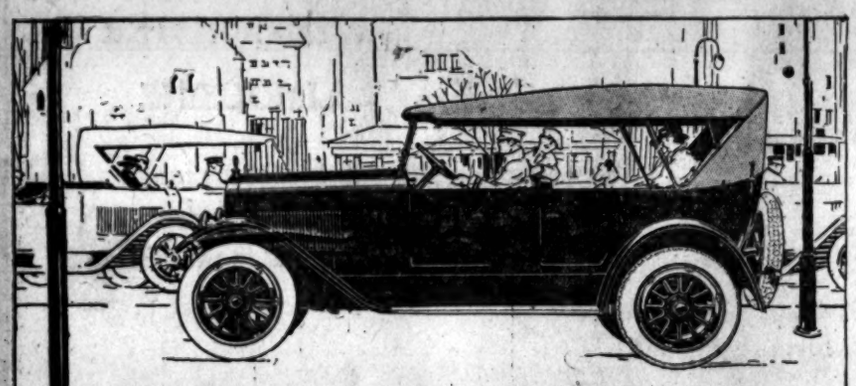
"It is this danger of skidding that is one of the truck driver's big worries on a wet day," said a veteran truck operator recently. "I've seen small passenger cars smashed to pieces in this way on curves. When the tail end of one of these big fellows starts to slip there is no telling where it will stop. Sometimes it swings against the curb and other times knocks over telephone poles. If a passenger car happens to be in between it hasn't much chance.

"My recommendation to the drivers of passenger cars is to give the trucks plenty of room on slippery days.

"One favor passenger car operators can confer on truck drivers is to be a little generous in the matter of space on a hill. The truck man is desirous of showing every possible courtesy to other drivers, but he has a big, heavy vehicle to handle, and it is not so simple a thing for him to get far over to one side on a bad grade as it is for a passenger car."

LINK BRITAIN TOWNS

Five hundred towns in Great Britain are to be linked in one commercial motor transport system. About 600 agents will act as clearing houses.



KING EIGHT CYLINDER AUTOMOBILES

This year's models retain all the mechanical excellence which has given the King a world reputation for reliability, and offer one hundred new refinements in chassis and body. The most economical car for its power built in America.

Four body models

TOURING — FOURSOME — ROAD-KING — LIMOUDAN

ARKELL & DOUGLAS, Inc.
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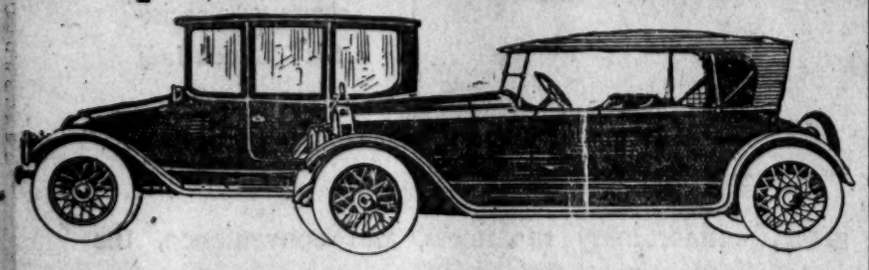
KING MOTOR CAR COMPANY, *Export Department*, 152-154 West 72nd Street, NEW YORK, U. S. A.

We Specialise In Second-Hand Cars



ARE YOU BUYING OR SELLING?

IF BUYING—it will pay you to watch our stock of second-hand cars, which changes every day.

IF SELLING—it will be worth your while to see us before disposing of your car.

WE HANDLE HIGH-GRADE CARS ONLY—NO CHEAP MAKES

We have also a number of New Limousine, Coupe, Touring and Roadster Models and

MOTOR TRUCKS

in various capacities, ranging from 1½ to 3½ tons.

Demonstrations Cheerfully Given

THE AUTO CASTLE
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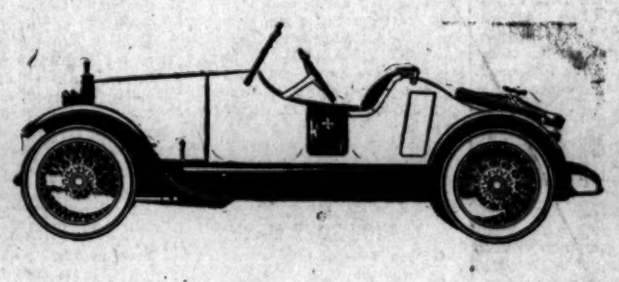

TEMPLAR TWO-PASSENGER TOURING ROADSTER

I AM a new creation in the Sport Model Class. I am fast, sporty, and show my class in every line. My seats are staggered four inches. When my top is removed, the back rail slips down and becomes a hand-rail. Or the rear section may be left up as a dust-shield when the roof section is removed. When demounted, my top is stored in a special bag and is carried in my baggage compartment.

MY Roadster Body is full hand-hammered aluminum. Two extra wire wheels with tires mounted are carried in a well sunk in my rear deck. I have no doors, but an aluminum step mounted on the outside of my body affords easy entrance. Each side of my body is fitted with an embossed leather scuff pad. Each of my running boards carries a Stanwood rubber safety step plate. There is a foot rest in front of the right seat. My seats are deep and comfortable. My leather upholstery is detachable, with a choice of either red or black. My fenders, guards and chassis are painted to match the body. You can have me in one of four colors—blue, gray, cream or wine.

My standard gear ratio is 4.4 to 1.

MY windshield is cast bronze, made especially to fit me, weathertight and pitched at a rakish angle. A compartment is built into the side of my body to carry the kodak and compass which are regular equipment.

My standard equipment includes six Houk wire wheels—black, white or red enamel optional. My equipment also includes six complete Cord tires and tubes, a rim-wind Keyless Auto Clock, a 75-mile Warner Autometer, a Clinometer (grade indicator), a Compass, Spotlight, Motometer, Kellogg Tire Pump, Inspection Lamp and Cord, and an Autographic Folding Kodak.

I AM SUPERFINE IN QUALITY, BEAUTIFUL IN APPEARANCE, LIGHT IN WEIGHT, SMALL IN SIZE, AND INEXPENSIVE TO OPERATE. I AM LUXURIOUSLY COMFORTABLE, EASY TO CONTROL AND MOST COMPLETELY EQUIPPED.

Ask the people who import me to take you out for a ride in me. When you come back from that ride, you will buy me!

THE CENTRAL GARAGE CO.

2a, Jinkee Road — Tel. Cent. 3809

"Boost for Good Roads in China"

China Press Sports

CONDUCTED BY DUDLEY BURROWS

SHANGHAI, SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1920

LOCAL LEAGUE FOOTBALL IN FULL SWING

Dry Grounds And Fine Weather Conducive To High Scoring Games

PUBLIC SCHOOL GET 22

"Recs" And St. Xavier's Draw; Two Games On Schedule For Today

Football Results

Nanyang 1, St. John's Uni. 1.
"Recs" 0, St. Xaviers 0.
Customs 2, B. A. T. 1.
Public School 22, Waterworks 1.
S.F.C. II. 1, Jewish R. C. 1.
St. Xaviers II. 7, Rangers 1.
Navy 4, Electricity Dept. 0.
Marine Engineers 1, International 1.
S. R. C. II. 2, Police 2nd 0.

TODAY'S MATCHES
International v. Chinese R. C. 2:30 p.m.
Nanyang v. Jewish R. C. at Nanyang 2:45 p.m.

By Whistle

A fine afternoon and light wind gave the footballers another chance to work off their League Fixtures yesterday.

It was a busy afternoon for forwards, especially the Public School, who notched a record score of 22, one goal for each player in both teams. They might have added one for the referee!

Nanyang and St. John's were unable to settle their differences and both teams will be all out for points on the return match, on December 14.

The "Recs" had to return pointless after their struggle with St. Xavier's. Their only consolation is that their opponents suffered from the same complaint and they owe this to the goal-keeping of Canda, who was simply great.

NANYANG v. ST. JOHN'S

This game proved a big draw and a crowd of some 4,000 turned out for an afternoon's enjoyment. It was a largely local crowd and when the two goals were scored, the respective partisans insisted on indulging in war-dances on the field.

Mr. Fulton had a busy afternoon as referee, the somewhat excessive number of free kicks being due to the eagerness of both teams.

Nanyang started off with a fast trip to St. John's goal and looked like scoring straight away, but their outside left shot wide.

Then Ning, of Nanyang, was very busy for a while. He got hold some way out and put in a fine shot but the keeper got it away.

A moment after he judged a pass from the outside left and headed it just outside the corner of the goal. Away went St. John's and their center passed to Nylen, who put in one which tried the goalie. He got it away, however, and the Nanyang forwards broke away, Wong finishing the run with a high shot which the keeper just managed to throw out.

It was St. John's turn and the forwards by a pretty piece of combination, transferred to the opposite end. Mung ran down the wing and put it across to Zung, who drove in a shot there was no stopping.

The rest of the first half was taken up by a duel between the Nanyang forwards and St. John's goal-keeper, and the latter won. Shot after shot looked like scoring, but he was always there in time, and every time—and the whistle left St. John's one up at half time.

THE SECOND HALF

The second half opened with Nanyang pressing. Several efforts were spoiled by men being offside, and one or two corners proved fruitless. After about quarter of an hour the Nanyang line went down in style. The ball passed along the line and Du at last got it, when near goal, and beat the goalie for the first and last time.

St. John's took up the running and a well executed movement finished with the ball in the net, but it was disallowed, owing to a "hands" decision against their inside left.

For the rest of the time Nanyang were pressing, but try as they could the goal-keeper was too good. Free kicks, shots low and high and one penalty all went wide or were stopped.

St. John's also missed a penalty and one or two good chances.

It was a fast game, somewhat spoilt by over-eagerness, which lead the players to ignore the rules too often.

GOOD FORWARD LINE

For the home team, the whole forward line was good. Their

(Continued on Page 2)

SPORT AND STAGE

BY DOMINO

THE BELLE OF NEW YORK

After a triumphal visit "The Belle of New York" bade farewell to Shanghai theatergoers last night at the Lyceum Theater. Her stay here has been one of absolute delight to countless visitors to the playhouse. Despite criticisms that have appeared the little lady may rest assured that she has made herself tremendously popular with practically everyone who saw and listened to her and her happy companions.

I cannot refrain from mentioning what a manager of many theatrical companies in the past, more especially Ben Greets, had to say after seeing the matinee performance on Thursday. Here in brief are his remarks: "Give me a company like that and I'll take them anywhere and make money. They are every bit as good as any of the productions that I have had to manage."

When The Belle of New York was in rehearsal I had to listen to one friend of mine who had seen the original production so many times that he knew every member of the cast by their first name and he was able to hum any refrain in the piece—and this after the lapse of years. After he had seen the show locally he took the members of the cast and compared them with the originals. It is a very genuine criticism from a playgoer who is not especially interested in the A.D.C. It is with the greatest pleasure that I pass such criticisms on to those who so well deserve them. He says:

Dear Domino: As one who saw Edna May and the original company in "The Belle of New York" at least 25 times, may I not add a few words to the discussion that has been raging in the columns of the press anent the A.D.C. production of the same operetta?

Shanghai apparently doesn't know the luck it is playing in when it complains of this show. There are at least four principals who equal or surpass those who played the same characters in the original New York Casino company. And if they were playing with a trained professional cast and chorus and in adequate scenic environment they would appear to even greater advantage.

* * *

In the name part, Miss May de Sousa is easily the superior of Miss Edna May. She is just as pretty and in singing and acting leaves the famous Edna nowhere. Edna May was always great in the first act, as the Salvation Army lassie but she was rather phlegmatic, and could never shake off the Salvation Army role in the second act and really get into the part; and the second act is bigger than the first so far as The Belle herself is concerned. Miss de Sousa is full of grace and verve and her singing and acting in her last song and scene were superb. She held the house spellbound on the two nights I was present.

Next, take Mrs. Isenman. As Fifi she has two world-famous songs. They call for good singing and good acting. Phyllis Rankin, the daughter of a famous Canadian actor, was the original Fifi and scored a tremendous success. And yet Mrs. Isenman both out-sings and out-acts her. There was no question in my mind as to how she would do the "If We Were Married" song, but I was afraid she wouldn't make the grade in the "Lady From Gay Paree." But from the minute she gave that saucy little kick it was all over so far as I was concerned. She won by a mile, I feel safe in saying that no one has ever done this song as well as she does it. All sparkle, spirit, fun, art.

* * *

Next Mr. Silas as the Polite Lunatic. D. L. Don was the original and Don was a famous comedian. Yet Mr. Silas gets everything out of the part that Don did after playing it for years. He was all there, make-up, costumes, voice, gestures, poses. And knife!

Next we come to Mr. Glemby, as Blinkey Bill, the mixed ale pugilist. Certainly W. E. Cameron, the first Blinkey Bill, did no better with the part. In fact Mr. Glemby made it more important than Cameron ever could. Cameron played it on a slower note. He did one thing better than Mr. Glemby does it. In "The Belle of New York" song he softened up a bit as if affected by his own conception of The Belle as told in the words of this song, which from the standpoint of artistic rendition is the correct way to do the song, the words being:

She is the Belle of New York.
The subject of all the town talk,
She makes the old Bowery
Fragrant and flowery
When she goes out for a walk.
She's soft as a snowy white dove
She's only made for to love
The boys they all sigh for her
They would all die for her
She is The Belle of New York.

Even a mixed ale pugilist uttering these sentiments would soften. But Mr. Glemby while doing this passably well, does everything else, and there is plenty of it, even better than his predecessor of twenty-odd years ago. The part calls for plenty of action and not a little dancing and here Mr. Glemby is quite at home.

And this leads us to Mrs. Wingrove as Kissy Fitzgarter and Mamie Clancy. When I heard they had cast her for these parts I shivered. I didn't see how an English girl could possibly do them to the satisfaction of an American. And yet she got more fun out of them and put more ginger into them than any of the quite-to-numerous-to-mention girls who have played the parts. On two or three occasions she literally doubled me up and then knocked me flat.

And for lack of space and wind I shall halt here, merely making my manners to all the rest who helped to make "The Belle" the glittering success she was. Thanking you, dear Domino, I am,

Medicine Hat.

* * *

THE BANDMAN COMPANY

The players of the Bandman Company will be back with us again next Wednesday when they produce at the Lyceum Theater the clever farce "The Naughty Wife." Except for "Romance" all the pieces will be repeats, but they have all been called for, and no doubt good houses will welcome the players back. "Romance" is one of the remarkable plays of the generation and certainly should not be missed. It is to be given for the first time in the Far East on Saturday next and Monday. It will be noticed that only one of the pieces to be repeated is of the heavy variety, and in this Manager Phil Carlton shows that he knows the strong points of his company. It shines brighter in comedy than in drama.

* * *

THE BLUE BIRD

I hear that early in the new year that very go-a-head institution the McTyiere Girls School will produce "The Blue Bird." It is ambitious but the record that the girls already have given us every hope of seeing a worthy performance of the great play.

* * *

ST. JOHN'S

The boys of St. John's University are also rehearsing a clever little one act play to produce shortly and this with instrumental items and vocal numbers ought to make a pleasant evening's entertainment and at the same time to swell the coffers of the Famine Relief Fund.

* * *

H. G. REED

I had a letter a day or so ago from Mr. H. G. Reed, who made an enviable name in local football circles as back for the Police Club, and afterwards for the Recs. He is now secretary of the Amoy Municipal Council. He is unable to get as much football as he would like but he seems to be doing a great deal for Chinese soccer by refereeing most of the games down South. In the final of the Fukien Province Championship he held the whistle and noticed that one interested spectator was McLorn, formerly goalie for the Customs.

* * *

THE WHITE-HEADED BOY

A play that is at present drawing most of the playgoers in London to the Ambassador Theater is "The White-Headed Boy" a comedy in three acts by Mr. Lennox Robinson. The critic of the London Sunday Times writes the following appreciation of the play which is interesting in that we are likely to see Mr. Robinson's work when Mr. Waring arrives here in May.

Some of the brightest jewels in the English dramatic crown were placed there by Irishmen. Some of the finest actors on the English stage have been Irish or of Irish origin. The most intelligent, imaginative, and idealistic theatrical manager of the day is an Irishman. Our most brilliant dramatic critic is Irish, and now "The White-headed Boy," the drollest, cleverest, shrewdest play to be found in London at the present moment, comes to us from dear, dirty Dublin.

"The White-headed Boy" takes up a variant upon Ireland's eternal cry of injustice, and has made me laugh solidly for three acts upon its consequences. Mr. Lennox Robinson gave us a fine bit of tragedy in "The Lost Leader." This comedy of his is a diverting, roguish bit of ridicule, thoroughly Hibernian. The soul of Erin grins so broadly through

(Continued on Page 2)

BASKET-BALL OPENING AT ROWING CLUB

Home Team Defeats Columbia Country Club 13 Points To 12

FOULS FEATURE CONTEST

Lack Of Experience Presumably The Cause Of Regrettable Feature

The opening of the Foreign Basketball League season took place last night at the S.R.C. gymnasium, when the Rowing Club played the Columbia Country Club, resulting in a victory by a narrow margin for the Rowing Club, the score being 13-12.

The Star performer for the S.R.C. was E. Nash, and of the opposing team Smith held the honors.

A feature of the game was the large number of fouls, which from the view point of the spectator, detracted somewhat from the pleasure of the game. It should not be understood that the game was played in any other but a sporting spirit throughout, but the fouls may be attributed to the lack of practice of the opposing teams and the unavoidable unfamiliarity with the existing rules. The line up of the teams was, as follows:

Rowing Club.—Coulcher, lf; L. Day, rf; E. Nash, c; L. Day, lg; H. Nash, rg.

Columbia Country Club.—Smith, lf; Dawson, rf; Rea, c; Britten, lg; Wyeth, rg.

Goals from floor: E. Nash, 2; L. Day, 2; Smith, 2; Dawson, 1; Rea, 1.

Goals from fouls: E. Nash, 5; Smith, 2; Rea, 2.

Personal fouls: Wyeth, 4; Britten, 4; L. Day, 3; G. Day, 2; Rea, 3; Smith, 2; E. Nash, 1; Dawson, 3.

Time: 15 minute periods. Referee: C. D. Glauque.

Timer: Mr. Moore. Scorer: Dr. Irons.

The other scheduled game of the evening, between the Whites and the Blues was forfeited by the Whites on account of the non-appearance of the complete team.

It was regrettable that a larger number of spectators did not put in an appearance, but it is to be hoped that with the progress of the season, the game will attract larger and more appreciative gatherings.

At The Theaters

Tonight is the last opportunity for moving picture goers to see "The Virgin of Stamboul," the stupendous Universal Film Company production which has drawn big houses at the Apollo Theater since Thursday night. The picture is in seven parts and replete with dramatic situations. Priscilla Dean is the star in the piece.

The Apollo has Mabel Norman and Pauline Frederick in feature pictures this week. Beginning tomorrow night Mabel Normand will be seen in "Jinx," a great comedy. For the last half of the week Pauline Frederick is to appear in "The Paliser Case," a film based on the unwritten law.

Frank Keenan, in "Brothers Divided," is the offering for today's matinee.

AT THE VICTORIA

The five part Metro comedy drama, "Haunted Pajamas," with Harold Lockwood, is proving popular at the Victoria Theater and will be shown tonight for the last time. A Mack Sennett comedy "Beware of Boarders," completes the bill.

This afternoon the Victoria will screen "The Iron Test" in addition to "Haunted Pajamas."

AT THE OLYMPIC

Nazimova in "Revelation" is the feature picture at the Olympic Theater this afternoon and tonight. The picture is a superproduction which has had big runs in many cities of the United States.

AT THE ISIS

In the opening episode of the new Pathe serial, "The Third Eye," which will be seen at the Isis Theater tomorrow, a murder takes place in a studio between scenes, and the amazing circumstances surrounding and following it require 15 episodes to unravel.

The booking for today's matinee is "Daredevil Jack" Episodes 13 and 14 and "The Curse of Eve." Tonight "Strictly Confidential," featuring Madge Kennedy, will be screened.

Chosen As Horse To Beat Man-o'-War, U.S. Champ

"Comrade," a famous British thoroughbred, is expected to provide the contest for which Mr. Samuel Riddle is sending "Man-of-War" to England, in quest of the Championship of the World.

Marksmen Make New Marks In Medal Tournament At Rifle Range; Ito Wins

Eleven "Possibles" At Long Range Are Registered—Luthy, Of Swiss Club, Makes Fine Record—Collaco And Lancaster Are Amongst The Headliners

R. I. Ito (Japanese Co.), A. M. Collaco (First Reserves), W. O. Lancaster (Machine Gun Co.) and C. Luthy (Swiss Rifle Club) made record scores of 102 points out possible score 105 in the medal tournament, Shanghai Rifle Association, yesterday.

Mr. Ito won the medal in the Shoot-off. Eleven possibles were registered at 200-500-600 yards which constitute a record in Shanghai.

C. Luthy made two possibles, one at 200 and one at 500 yards. Cranfield and Ito made possibles at 200 yards, Collaco, Jensen, Lancaster, Lynch, Noisshiki and Reeves at 500 yards.

There were thirty-four entries and thirty one competed. The weather conditions were good except that, at 600 yards the light was dull.

Following are the results of the ten best scores.

Names	yards 200	500	600	Total
R. I. Ito	35	33	34	102
A. M. Collaco	34	35	33	102
W. O. Lancaster	34	35	33	102
C. Luthy	35	35	32	102
Y. Kawanami	35	34	32	101
C. E. M. Thomson	32	34	34	100
F. T. Smith	34	32	33	99
H. Noisshiki	32	35	32	99
H. W. Lambert	32	33	33	98
F. E. Hodges	32	33	33	98
C. Bedoni	32	34	32	98

TODAY'S COMPETITION

This annual competition for the Shanghai All-Comers Rifle Championship Open shooting event, will be held today at 2 p.m. (First Stage) and tomorrow at 6:30 a.m. Second Stage, First stage is open to all (300-500-600 yards) and the second stage (800-1,000 yards) is open only to the 18 highest scorers in the first stage.

This year 36 have entered for the championship. With the new Bisley targets, some good scores will be registered. British have 13 entries, Americans 12, Japanese 5, Swiss and Chinese 2, each, and Portuguese and Italian 1 each.

Competitors will be squadded on the Range at 1:45 p.m. and will shoot 4 men on each target. There will be nine targets.

The entries: R. H. Ballock, M. G. Brawley, C. Bedoni, H. F. Cranfield, K. D. Chen, A. M. Collaco, P. Chatom (Jr.), A. E. Collins, R. G. H. Cole, A. C. Davis, F. G. Green, F. E. Hodges, C. G. Hoh, R. I. Ito, M. Iijima, Y. Kawanami, H. W. Lambert, C. J. Langley, K. McKelvie, A. L. Mottu, G. M. Neal, H. Noisshki, V. Olsen, T. Pickles, G. Richardson, C. Reeves, S. A. Ransom, W. T. Rose, F. T. Smith, W. G. Smith, F. W. Snape, W. J. Terrill, K. Tsunoda, C. E. M. Thomson, R. F. Wilner and C. Weber.

INTERNATIONAL MATCH

The International Rifle Match annual competition of three men aside, will be held on Sunday, December 12, at 2 o'clock. The conditions for the match, this year, will be similar to last years with the exception of targets and ranges. The new Bisley targets will be used and the ranges will be 300 and 400 yards, (at 400 yards 300 yards target will be used) one sighting and ten scoring shots at each distance. The entrance fee per team will be $6. There will be prizes for the winning team, high gun, and highest score of each team.

MONTHLY COMPETITION

This competition was held on Friday morning. Conditions: 200 yards Bisley, 5 shots; and Practice No. 5. Results follow:

Class Winner	Bisley	Prac. 5	H'cap.
Class "A."			
Pte. J. Campos	19	11	30
Class "B."			
Sign. F. Diniz	18	18	
(no competition).			
Class "C."			
Sgt. J. Britto	20	13	4% 31.68
Class "D."			
Pte. J. Butterez	13	11	
(no competition).			

Sports Calendar

(Please send all dates of coming events in the sports world to us, in order that the public may be informed).

TODAY

Shooting—S.R.A. annual "All-Comers" shoot, at Rifle Range.
British Cup Competition, Rifle Range.
Football—Nanyang v. Jewish R. C., at Nanyang 2:45 o'clock.

MONDAY, NOV. 29th

Shooting.—S. R. A. "All-Comers" (continued) at Rifle Range.

TUESDAY, NOV. 30th

Basketball—Foreign League. Pub. Schl v. S. A. Schl, at "Y."
"Reds" v. "Greens," at "Y."

AUSSIES CHOOSE TEAM

(Reuter's Service)

Melbourne, Nov. 25.—The Australian lawn tennis team to contest the challenge round of the Davis Cup contest has been selected as follows: Norman Brookes, G. L. Patterson, "Pat" O'Hara, Wood and Rodney Heath. The team will sail for Auckland next Thursday.

"WILSON" DEFEATS BIG FIELD IN KIANGWAN FEATURE, AFTER RUNNING BIG FIELD RAGGED

"Three Of Spades" Makes Spectacular Win Of Hermitage Handicap—"Revenge" Is Victorious In Steeplechase—"Kongo" Is High-Priced Winner Of Member's Plate

By Dudley Burrows

Messrs. Toeg and Gubbey's chestnut whizzer, Wilson, yesterday annexed the Kiangwan Challenege Cup and a purse of $2,000 at the popular suburban race course by the narrow margin of half a length over the Winsome and Hasty grey The Eagle (late Guiding Star): The Henry Morris pony Maresfield gratified the many admirers of that stable by finishing third in a field of eleven ponies.

Wilson, which has performed in remarkable style on previous occasions, but which recently went badly off training, came back with a bang and exhibited a tremendous amount of class in a race where only class would tell.

Admirably ridden by Mr. Isaac Ezra, Wilson laid just off the pace for the first three-quarters of the ten-furlong scamper, permitting Silver Streak (Heard riding) and Darting (Vida up) to make the going, and contenting himself to measure strides with that wonderful campaigner, Old Bill, which was carried over the course by Mr. Bremner, only recently returned from Hankow.

Mr. Ezra rated his mount along in company with Old Bill and Silver Streak until the head of the stretch was reached, when he darted through a convenient opening and took the rails. Maresfield, which had been making a gallant effort, responded nobly to the whip and spur applied by Mr. Morriss, but was not able to withstand the determined challenge of the gallant chestnut, which flashed home a winner, thanks to Mr. Ezra's judgment.

THE HERMITAGE

The Hermitage Handicap, the second feature event of the afternoon, provided a tremendous surprise when Mr. Chow Sung's white pony, Three Of Spades (late Honglist) ridden splendidly by Mr. H. F. Hu, captured the event from a high class field of 22 horses by the narrow margin of half a length.

Messrs. Sky and Hickling, with their two excellent bangtails, Hallowe'en and Wellington, were expected to prove the winning stable, but the best they could do was to run a dead heat for second place.

To show the class of horses against which the Chow pony was compelled to contest, it is only necessary to state that Mr. Hill had the mount on The Oriole, Mr. Soong was riding Play Thing, Mr. Ezra was up on Triumph, Mr. Bremner had the mount on Churchill, Mr. Heard was riding Tichfield, and Mr. Sweeting manipulated the stirrups over that excellent grey, Co-Insurance.

REVENGE A WINNER

The jumping race was a disappointment, in that only five horses toed the scratch, the Prelate and Siwa being withdrawn at the last moment. The event proved to be a washout for Mr. MacBonar's grey timbertopper, Revenge which jumped consistently throughout the two-mile chase and finished well in front of The Earl, which took second by a narrow margin from Mr. Hayes' black jumper, Tiga.

Mr. Slogger's inconsistent grey pony, Wild Night, made a great hit with the throng in annexing the November Selling Plate in a tight finish with Inveravon and Michigan, which finished in the order named. Mr. Dalgliesh, on Wild Night, put up a splendid ride.

The last race of the day resulted in a pretty win for the Henry Morriss whizzer, Petersfield, which beat out Mazurek (Mr. Heard riding) and Hongkong Chief in a stretch run which had the entire gathering on its tiptoes. Petersfield eventually took the race by a neck in the best time made during the afternoon.

The summaries are as follows:

First Race.—The Novices.—Value $400. Second $150. Third $100. For China ponies that have won not more than three races since December 31, 1919.—One and one-quarter miles.

lbs.
Gubbay and Hickling's ch. Rupee Bill (Mr. White) .....160—1
Mr. Nugget's bay Pilgrim (Mr. Hind) .....148—2
Mr. Harper's ch. Lightning Raider (Mr. Harper) .....157—3

Also ran: The Greenfinch (Mr. Soo), Automobile (Mr. Dallas), Astral (Mr. Hu), Ocean Star (Mr. Wong), Exchequer Bill (Mr. Soong), The Farmer (Mr. Zutter), Douro (Mr. Toeg), Safetylight (Mr. Wu), Salaro (Mr. Wingrove), Beating (Mr. S. Yih), Haruna (Mr. Tomono).

Won by a head, ¾ length.
Time—2:41 2-5.

PARI-MUTUELS
(Tickets Sold)

	Win	Place
Rupee Bill	26	50
Pilgrim	322	524
Lightning Raider ..	82	135
Total Chances ...	731	1445

For win, $126.50; for place, 1st $24.70; 2nd $6.80; 3rd $12.30.

Cash Sweep: 1st 396, 2nd 191, 3rd 151. Unplaced—307, 77, 278, 289, 132, 71, 49, 423, 114, 141 and 366.

Second Race.—The Blackrock Maiden Plate.—Value $400. Second $150. Third $100. For Maidens only.—Three-quarters of a mile.

lbs.
Harry and Joe's gr. Hopeful Thing (Mr. D. S. Li) .....147—1
Sky and Hickling's blk. Cuckfield (Mr. Liou) 146—2
Mr. Day's bay Freeland (Mr. A. N. Dallas) ..152—3

Also ran: Black Paper (Mr. A. S. Yih), Riposte (Mr. Heard), Bachelor Gay (Mr. Corke), Wild Plunge (Mr. Hill), Evening Star (Mr. Soong), Glassaugh (Mr. Woo), Nespola (Mr. Chun), Cheap Sale (Mr. H. F. Hu), Same-old-Thing (Mr. Wong), Islington (Mr. Soo), Canasson (Mr. Bremner), Djemnah (Mr. Ezra), Vardar (Mr. Tomono), The Castaway (Mr. Ip), Eclipse (Mr. Harper), Father John (Mr. Hind).

Won by a neck; ½ a length.
Time—1:33.

PARI-MUTUELS
(Tickets Sold)

	Win	Place
Hopeful Thing	36	69
Cuckfield	127	174
Freeland	106	166
Total Chances, ...	1055	1883

For win, $131.80; for place, 1st $36.00; 2nd $17.30; 3rd $17.90.

Cash Sweep: 1st 275, 2nd 372, 3rd 364. Unplaced—111, 159, 210, 418, 3, 424, 73, 90, 110, 209, 182, 75, 489, 287, 412 and 484.

Third Race.—The Grand Stand Steeplechase (Handicap).—Value $400. Second $150. Third $100. For China ponies. Five starters or no race.—Two miles.

lbs.
Mr. MacBonar's grey Revenge (Mr. Hulthen) .....152—1
Mr. Harper's grey The Earl (Mr. Harper) ..148—2
Mr. J. A. Hayes' bl. Tiga (Mr. Bremner) .....152—3

Also ran: Wild Cat (Mr. Sparke), Ismailia (Mr. Beith).

Won by 3 length, 1½ lengths.
Time—4:48.

PARI-MUTUELS
(Tickets Sold)

	Win	Place
Revenge	397	309
The Earl	264	216
Tiga	434	311
Total Chances ...	1294	975

For win, $14.60; for place, 1st $7.80; 2nd $9.00; 3rd $ ——.

Cash Sweep: 1st 139, 2nd 63, 3rd 371. Unplaced—303 and 239.

Fourth Race.—The November Selling Plate.—Value $400. Second $125. Third $125. For China ponies.—Nine furlongs.

lbs.
Mr. Slogger's gr. Wild Night (Mr. Dalgliesh) 148—1
Mr. Haycam's br. Inveravon (Mr. Hill) .....150—2
Mr. Robert's bay Michigan (Mr. Ezra) .....150—3

Also ran: The Pioneer (Mr. Soo), Coriolanus (Mr. Bremner), Wild Rose (Mr. Heard), Commoniand (Mr. A. N. Dallas), Longstop (Mr. R. S. Dallas), Oldsmobile (Mr. Wong), French Town (Mr. Hu), Cheap Sale (Mr. Soong), Airshot (Mr. Li), Penvere (Mr. Dalgarno), Black Leghorn (Mr. S. F. Yih), Ypres (Mr. A. S. Yih), Rightway (Mr. Liou), Rushton (Mr. P. C. Wu), Oronoco (Mr. H. W. Ip), The Hornbill (Mr. H. F. Hu), White Fox (Mr. T. U. Yih), Cuckfield (Mr. Harper).

Won by a neck; ½ length.
Time 2:22 2-5.

PARI-MUTUELS
(Tickets Sold)

	Win	Place
Wild Night	305	392
Inveravon	132	229
Michigan	117	163
Total Chances ...	1492	2437

For win, $22.00; for place, 1st

$10.90; 2nd $15.20; 3rd $18.80.
Cash Sweep: 1st 451, 2nd 185, 3rd 69. Unplaced—669, 484, 132, 337, 407, 369, 412, 559, 577, 457, 650, 163, 274, 268, 93, 693, 226 and 362.

Fifth Race.—The Kiangwan Challenge Cup—Value $2,000 Second $400. Third $200. (Third money will be paid irrespective of number of starters). For all China ponies.—One and one-quarter miles.

Toeg and Gubbay's ch. Wilson (Mr. Ezra) ..152—1
Winsome and Hasty's gr. The Eagle (Mr. Hill) 158—2
Mr. Morriss's br. Maresfield (Mr. Morriss) .155—3
Also ran: Kings Cross (Mr. Dalgliesh), Old Bill (Mr. Bremner), Bright Folly (Mr. T. U. Yih), Darting (Mr. Vida), Silver Streak (Mr. Heard), The Heron (Mr. Arnhold), Shenkoland (Mr. Dallas), Exchequer Bill (Mr. Li).
Won by a neck; 4 lengths.
Time—2:36 2-5.

PARI-MUTUELS
(Tickets Sold)

	Win	Place
Wilson	75	112
The Eagle	880	540
Maresfield	160	125
Total Chances	2547	3183

For win, $152.80; for place 1st $36.00; 2nd $11.40; 3rd $32.80.
Cash Sweep: 1st 669, 2nd 328, 3rd 88. Unplaced—442, 449, 502, 296, 509, 232, 216 and 48.

Sixth Race.—The Members' Plate.—Value $400. Second $150. Third $100. For Griffins of 1920.—One mile.

lbs.
Mr. Meguro's ch. Kongo (Mr. Liou) .....157—1
Mr. Morriss' ch. Setchfield (Mr. Heard) .....160—2
Mr. Foh Sing's blk. Ivanhoe (Mr. Harper) ...150—3
Also ran: Eastward Ho (Mr. Bremner), Bachelor Tax (Mr. Hill), Freeland (Mr. Dallas), Ocean Star (Mr. Li), White Diamond (Mr. Yih), Full House (Mr. Hu), Canasson (Mr. Ip), Douro (Mr. Ezra), Struma (Mr. Dalgarno), Father John (Mr. Hind).
Won by two lengths; 1½ lengths.
Time—2:05.

PARI-MUTUELS
(Tickets Sold)

	Win	Place
Kongo	160	205
Setchfield	961	1043
Ivanhoe	44	98
Total chances	2113	2876

For win, $59.40; for place 1st, $15.10; 2nd, $6.90; 3rd, $26.10.
Cash Sweep—1st, 658; 2nd, 637; 3rd, 162. Unplaced—698, 707, 65, 60, 508, 319, 166, 412, 249, 866.

Seventh Race.—The Hermitage Handicap. — Value $500. Second $200. Third $100. For all China ponies.—One and one-quarter miles.

lbs.
Mr. Chow Sung's wh. Three of Spades (Mr. H. F. Hu) .....142—1
*Sky and Hickling's br. Hallowe'en (Mr. Dalgarno) .....150—2
*Sky and Hickling's bay Wellington (Mr. Harper) .....148—2
*Dead Heat for second.
Also ran: Co-Insurance (Mr. Sweeting), The Oriole (Mr. Hill), Last Call II. (Mr. Soo), Trustland (Mr. Dallas), Astral (Mr. Wong), Sideway (Mr. Wm. Hu), Independence Day (Mr. Chang), Soft Thing (Mr. Soong), Play Thing (Mr. Li), Triumph (Mr. Ezra), Churchill (Mr. Bremner), Tichfield (Mr. Heard), Railway (Mr. Liou), Wistful (Mr. Ip), The Hornbill (Mr. Hind), Mikasa (Mr. Tomono), Greyhound (Mr. Corke) Kowloon (Mr. Yih), Twenty-Two Carat (Mr. Vida).
Won by ½ a length; dead heat.
Time—2:37 1-5.

PARI-MUTUELS
(Tickets Sold)

	Win	Place
Three of Spades	67	115
Hellon E'en	145	218
Wellington	25	30
Total chances	2136	2450

For win, $143.40; for place 1st, $15.10; 2nd, $6.90; 3rd, 26.10.
Cash Sweep—1st, 598; 2nd, 512*; 3rd, 524*; Dead Heat. Unplaced—544, 174, 755 447, 427, 614, 749, 202, 283, 645, 717, 82, 602, 210, 51, 856, 627, 440, 786.

Eighth Race.—The Cleveland Stakes.—Value $400. Second $150. Third $100. For all China ponies.—One and one-half miles.

lbs.
Mr. Morriss' br. Petersfield (Mr. Morriss) .....159—1
Sky and Hickling's gr. Mazurek (Mr. Heard) 158—2
Sir Ellis Kadoorie's br. Hongkong Chief (Mr. Ezra) .....151—3
Also ran: The Mystery Bird (Mr. Soo), The Ameer (Mr. Dalgarno), Oldsmobile (Mr. Chun), Newcastle (Mr. Hu), The Farmer (Mr. De Zutter), Djemnah (Mr. Soong), Haruna (Mr. Li), Trylle II. (Mr. Hill), Florina (Mr. Bremner), Royalist (Mr. Lion).
Won by a neck; ½ a length.
Time—3:15 1-5.

PARI-MUTUELS
(Tickets Sold)

	Win	Place
Petersfield	611	611
Mazurek	357	388
Hongkong Chief	270	242
Total chances	1985	2180

For win, $14.50; for place 1st, $6.70; 2nd, $7.90; 3rd, $9.70.
Cash Sweep—1st, 727; 2nd, 349; 3rd, 706. Unplaced—749, 441, 221, 80, 714, 635, 188, 450, 543, 484.

INDOOR SPORTS By Tad

AND HE DRAWS ONE EVERY DAY- MY WHAT IDEAS YOU MUST HAVE
YOU KNOW ITS A GIFT
YES-OH I THINK IT MUST BE THRILLING TO SIT AND LAUGH ALL DAY LONG- WITH THESE FUNNY MEN
YEP ITS TOUGH DAY AFTER DAY
IDEAS? HUH THE ONLY IDEA THAT DUMBBELL EVER HAD WAS THAT HE'S GOOD
SHE SAYS IT MUST BE THRILLING TO SIT AND LAUGH ALL DAY LONG- THEY LAUGH AT BEING PAID BELIEVE ME
INDOOR SPORTS
LISTENING TO THE VISITORS AS THEY LAMP THE COMIC ARTIST AT WORK IN THE PALACE OF HUMOR
ITS ALL ONER- HE WINS THE HAND TO ME LACE TEA POT
TAD 10-8

Penn Overwhelms Cornell On Gridiron

(*Wireless Service*)

San Francisco, November 26.—The University of Pennsylvania eleven swamped the Cornell University football team in their annual Thanksgiving Day game by a score of 28-0.

At Pasadena, California, the University of Southern California defeated the University of Oregon, 21 to 0.

At Des Moines, the University of Oklahoma won the Valley Conference title by easily defeating Drake. The score was 44 to 7.

The University of Missouri won from the University of Kansas by a score of 16 to 7.

The Olympic Club of San Francisco lost to the eleven representing the United States Navy Pacific Fleet. The score was 7 to 0.

LOCAL LEAGUE FOOTBALL IN FULL SWING

(Continued from Page 1)

mid-field play was excellent, and had they shot as well as they combined, they would have been easy winners.

Their left back, Chien, is a star player. His kicking is fine and he was the coolest man on the field.

St. John's were saved by their defense. Tyau, their goal-keeper, let nothing through that he could touch and he will play a lot of football before he beats his performance in this game. Their center-half also deserves special mention. He was opposing good forwards, and he was always there when wanted.

St. John's were certainly lucky to go home sharing the points; as, on the day's play, Nanyang were by far the better team.

'RECS' TIE ST. XAVIER

One of the fastest games ever witnessed on the Race Course was played on the Police grounds yesterday afternoon between the "Recs" and the Xavierians.

Although the game terminated in a goal-less draw it will be readily conceded by the large gathering of spectators that there were thrills galore.

The Xavierians turned out their strongest side of the season, being reinforced by a hefty full back down on a short visit from Hankow.

The "Recs," on the other hand, had a very speculative forward line much on the light side. They have been unfortunate in the matter of injuries Torry Wilson, Tom Wade E. J. Cooke, E. Gus Remedios and W. Archer being prominent on the injured list.

RECS LOOKED SMALL

When the teams faced each other the "Blue and Whites" looked quite diminitive in comparison to the big Xavierians, but what they lacked in weight they more than made up in speed; as, when it came to a question of a race for the ball, the "Recs" generally got in front—and it was just this extra turn of speed which told heavily in the long run.

Although, on the play the Recs were very unfortunate, in not winning—enjoying the best of practically four-fifths of the game—yet, in the opening quarter of an hour the Xavierians played so well that, had it not been for really superfine goalkeeping by Canda, the wearers of the "Black and White" striped jerseys would have been in a very comfortable position.

Canda showed commendable coolness at a critical time; rushed out only at the psychological moment; and weathered the gale when the storm was at its height.

It was only midway in this half that the Recs began to feel their feet. "Gussy" White got in many telling centers, from which Sofoulis was always dangerous.

Mears, who was playing his usual bustling and effective game hereupon got his forwards into something approaching workable order and the spectators saw the "Recs" taking long shots at goal, which was quite a new departure, one in which, if they will only preserve, will add many goals to their League bag.

HAVE HARD LUCK

Sofoulis was in great form, so was White, but it seemed destined that the Recs were not going to open their account.

Both Sofoulis and White twice skimmed the cross bar and shivered the upright with smashing drives. Towards the interval the Recs were bombarding the Xavierian goal but the clever defense of Oliveros never permitted them to get in a point blank shot at close quarters.

In the second half, the Xavierians had evidently shot their bolt as their goal was incessantly raided. Garry was a very busy man and was called upon to handle very often indeed.

Oliveros back play stood out very prominently. So much pressure did the Recs apply that they forced eight corner kicks, from which White placed so accurately that many exciting scrimmages ensued in front of Garry's change.

Ten minutes before the close Charley Smith nearly broke through being brought down in the goalmouth. There was some of the "rough stuff" as well.

The Recs handicap in the matter of weight was most noticeable in the "mix-ups," but the honest shoulder work of Mears the their center-half helped to level things up nicely. As previously mentioned, the Recs were decidedly unlucky in having to share the points, but they struck one of those days when they could do everything but score. Mr. H. G. Boyling made a very impartial referee.

B.A.T. v. Customs

The game between the B.A.T. and the Customs was played on the Widows' Monument Ground yesterday afternoon and after a fine struggle ended in a victory for the Customs by the odd goal in three.

Ogden scored both goals for the winners while Richardson obtained the point for the Tobacconists.

Recs II. v. Police II.

In this match, which was played on the Recs ground the homesters won by the comfortable margin of two clear goals. They were certainly the better team on the run of the play.

Public School v. Waterworks

The Waterworks were somewhat roughly treated when they met the schoolboys at Hongkew Park.

The combination of the latter proved altogether too good and the schoolboys finished up winners by 22-1.

S.F.C. II. v. Jewish R. C.

A good game between the above teams ended in a draw of one goal each.

The Jewish R. C. were unfortunate in losing one man injured and having to play 10 men through the 2nd half.

Brown scored for the S.F.C. in the first half and Fiene equalised in the second.

For the Jewish Club, Suxman, Komeroff and Tuttleman were specially good.

Mr. Johnson R. N. refereed to the satisfaction of both teams.

St. Xaviers II. v. Rangers

St. Xaviers proved easy winners in this struggle by 7-1.

Their backs, Tordy and G. Favache were too good for the Rangers forwards and smothered their efforts. The Rangers only goal was scored by Smith.

Tordy, McKenzie, Bassos, Sequera and Aldeger doing the needful for St. Xaviers.

For the losers their two outside forwards were prominent. Mr. Bridgers refereed.

Navy v. Elec. Department

The Department were at home to the Navy in this match and a hard game resulted.

The Navy went away from the start and Grace got through, notching 1 up. The second goal was put through by one of the home team in a melee at the goal mouth. The Department kept pressing but the Navy defence was just too good.

In the second half Grace and Bryant scored one each and the Navy finished with 4 in hand and an unpunctured goal.

For the Department Harris and Day at back, Taylor at half and Clarke forward were the pick of the team, the last named had hard luck in not scoring.

Marines v. Engineers

The above match was played on the Widow's Monument ground and resulted in a draw.

Unfortunately, the Engineers lost two of their "stars" at the offset, Avery their center forward and Duggitt, inside left the letter having to leave the field after about ten minutes play with a dislocated collar bone.

In spite of this, however, some good football was seen and a hard struggle left Courteney with an opening which he used to good advantage putting the Internationals one goal in the lead.

Half time was blown with the score unchanged.

On play being resumed the Engineers pressed hard, but were once again unfortunate—Adams being badly crippled; he however played on with considerable pluck. Continuing the attack the Mariners eventually were able to equalise Skelton scoring a well-deserved goal no further score when the whistle blew. Of the teams the International should show well in the League and will undoubtedly put up some good matches during the season.

The Mariners want some more practice, but better forward combination and keener marking by the halves will bring the team up to a high 2nd League level.

Fuh Tan v. Soochow

An intercollegiate football game between Fuh Tan and Soochow University took place yesterday afternoon on Fuh Tan ground.

The field was crowded with spectators who watched with intense interest.

Although there were no points scored in the first half, Soochow was constantly being pressed by their opponents.

But in the second half the Fuh Tan team showed that they were superior players by gaining a goal.

As the time was too short, no more points were scored. The game was finally put to an end, followed by the yells and shouts of the joyful Fuh Tan students.

Sport And Stage

(Continued on Page 2)

Mr. Robinson's comic mask that, although I will not defy the average Englishman to refrain from laughing for three acts at it, I must plead guilty to having done so myself. But then Irish humor always makes a big appeal to me.

The white-headed boy is the spoilt darling of the family. He is a typical Irish figure, a living monument of injustice, received as well as given. The circumstances of his birth were unjust, his upbringing was unjust, and he himself has a burning grievance that ever since an infant he has been continually spoilt by his mother and his family. He is regarded as a flagrant injustice by all save his mother; but is it his fault that he is stupid, idle, worthless, a gambler and a spendthrift? Divil a bit of it. Is it his fault that he has failed constantly in his examinations to become a doctor? Certainly not. His upbringing made him what he is. The world is against him. His mother has her grievance; everybody and everything conspires against her darling son. The brothers and sisters have their particular injustice in the way that the mother lavishes everything upon her "white-headed boy." The young man's fiance is jilted. She therefore has a legitimate grievance in that fact, while her father, a rural district council chairman, postmaster, and J. P., suffers injustice not only in the fact that his daughter has been thrown over, but also through her ultimate marriage with the jilter, thereby depriving him of the fruits of certain blackmail he has levied upon the jilter's family. The comedy begins with an injustice, continues with an injustice, and ends with an injustice. Could these things happen elsewhere than in Ireland?

IRISH HUMOUR

Reflecting upon the general outline of Mr. Robinson's story, I cannot understand anyone saying that his play has no definite and essential relationship or association with Irish nature. To my mind it depends for its wit, its humour, its pleasantry, and its satire solely and entirely upon Irish foibles, Irish good nature, Irish cunning, or Irish silliness. You could no more make these people of Ballycolman into Scotch or Welsh peasantry than you could persuade Mr. Smillie that Mr. Lloyd George was born in Belfast or Lanark. We all know, or affect to believe, that Irishmen are never so happy as when they are miserable, and that the world never goes right for them unless they have some injustice or other to protest against. But it is not merely in emphasising this alleged partiality of the Irish for injustice that Mr. Robinson has been so clearly national in his comedy. You can generally trust an Irishman to pour merciless ridicule upon his own countrymen. He has a keener eye for the faults of his own folk than he has even for those of John Bull, and this picture of Irish life, for remorseless veracity and genial acidity, could hardly be improved upon.

The Abbey Theater playwright has no use for sentiment with the stamp of Tom Moore on it, nor has he any inclination to imitate the humours of Charles Lever. His pictures of Irish middle-class life, while not exactly photographic, reflect, in the pleasantest way conceivable, the more unpleasant side of Irish human nature. Selfishness, greediness, lying, craftiness, are by the genius of the playwright converted into most lovable, laughable qualities. We not only roar at these people's follies, we also laugh with them. We take mischievous delight in the success of their impudent and rascally tricks.

A COMIC COURTSHIP

"The truth," says one of the characters of this play, "is a very dangerous thing in a small place." Dangerous as it may be, the author is not afraid to administer it, and it is not until the end of the last act, when his invention seems to waver a bit, that he becomes untrustworthy and conventional. It is difficult to believe, for instance, in the ultimate marriage of John Duffy and Aunt Ellen. But no comic scene enacted on the stage within memory can equal for richness of Celtic humour this mock flirtation carried on with ulterior motives between this old spinster aunt and the rapacious scheming old village smug—a courtship which results in their setting their professedly amorous affairs for a mutual financial satisfaction.

I have not yet settled in any own mind whether I am under greater debt to the author for my evening's enjoyment or to the players, for I have rarely enjoyed a more satisfactory all-round performance in any English theater. The production was particularly skilful. The scenery was arranged in such a way that it was impossible for the artists, even if they had been so minded, to play directly at the audience. Every individual artist showed the right sense of character, and knew the exact value of his or her performance in relationship to the play as a whole.

The author's geniality in the dialogue infected the actors, and for earnestness, high spirits, and genuine conviction hardly any interpretation could be excelled.

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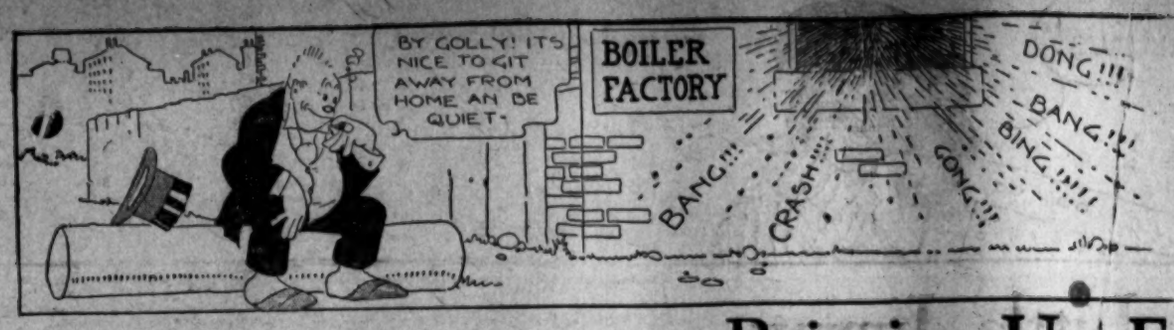

Comic Picture Section

Sunday, November 28th, 1920

Bringing Up Father

WILL YOU BOYS DO ME A FAVOR? COME OVER TO MY HOUSE AND COME IN ONE AT A TIME I'M IN BAD AT HOME AN IF YOU DO THIS IT WILL PREVENT A BATTLE·
WHY CERTAINLY· MR JIGGS·
1

I MUST BE GOING· I'M GLAD TO SEE YOU BOTH LOOKING SO WELL
OH! MUST YOU LEAVE? I'M SO SORRY· DO CALL AGAIN SOON·
YES· I WISH YOU WERE ABLE TO SPEND A WEEK WITH US·
5.

AH! MRS JIGGS· I WAS PASSING AND THOUGHT I'D STEP IN AND SAY HELLO!
MR LA MONT CALLING!
OH! WE ARE AWFULLY GLAD TO SEE YOU!
I KNOW I AM!
7.

"WHATCHA GOT IN THE CHEST?"

"MARSHMALLOWS!"

Little Jimmy

1. "JIMMY, RIGHT HERE WHERE WE NOW STAND, THE OLD PIRATES OF THE SPANISH MAIN USED TO LAND AND BURY BOXES OF TREASURE JEWELS GOLD, SILKS AND RUM MAYBE ON THIS VERY SPOT SOME —"

2. "LOOK WHAT BEANS IS DOIN'!"

3. "BY JOVE! ER-AW BY GEORGE! I BELIEVE ITS! A — BY GOLLY IT IS! — JIMMY, THIS IS AN OLD SPANISH COIN!"

4. "JIMMY, RUN QUICKLY AND BRING A SHOVEL - I'LL WATCH THIS SPOT UNTIL YOU RETURN."

5.

6. "WHAT'RE YOU GOIN' TO DO WITH THOSE SHOVELS?" "A BUNCH OF US IS GOIN' TO DIG WORMS!"

AND AS WE WERE

7. "THAT KID'LL NEVER BE BACK SO I GUESS I'LL HAVE TO TACKLE THE PROPOSITION THIS WAY."

8. WRUFF WURRRUF

9. WOOF WOOF

10. "BY JOVE! THE TREASURE CHEST!"

11. BY THE TIME YOU'VE DUG DOWN TO THIS YOU WILL HAVE SOME SORE MUSCLES CRYING FOR RELIEF. IN THIS BOX, TOGETHER WITH THE ADVERTISING CHECKS YOU WILL FIND A TRIAL BOTTLE OF THAT TRIED AND STERLING REMEDY SPANISH HERB LINIMENT APPLY THIS AND EVER AFTER YOU WILL USE NO OTHER

12. "LOOKUT, PAPA. I GUESS YER OLE JIMMY DIDN'T FORGET THIS TIME. IT TOOK A FEW MINUTES TO GET 'EM ALL BUT AINT THEY A GRAND BUNCH?"

"GIDDAP!"

SWINNERTON